

VALLABH VIDYANAGAR - 388 120, GUJARAT

NAAC-ACCREDITED 'A' GRADE WITH CGPA 3.25, (23-1-2017 to 22-1-2022)

Website: www.spuvvn.edu

Criterion : 5

**Key Indicator**: 5.1 Student Support

Metric No. : 5.1.4



"Every citizen of India must remember that he is an Indian and he has every right in this country but with certain duties."

- Sardar Patel



NAAC Accredited with Grade - 'A' (CGPA - 3.25) (23-01-2017 to 22-01-2022)

### **VALLABH VIDYANAGAR - 388 120 GUJARAT**

#### CERTIFICATE

Metric: 5.1.4

Cell for handling Grievances Related to Examination and other Academic activities arising due to Covid-19 Pandemic was established by the university as per the directions received by the State Government and UGC, New Delhi.

The members of the cell are as follows:

- 1. Vice Chancellor Chairman
- 2. Dr. (Mrs.) Namrata Kola Convener
- 3. Prof. D. K. Raval Department of Chemistry
- 4. Prof. Vasant Patel Department of History
- 5. Dr. Neepa Bharucha M. B. Patel College of Education
- 6. Dr. (Mrs.) Jagruti Suvera Dy. Registrar
- 7. Mr. Harshadbhai Makwana O. S. Academic Section

The students were asked to send their grievances through a specially created email-id. The summary of the emails and the redressal are given below:

Sr. No.	Nature of the Grievance	Numbers	Redressed by
1.	Admission related issues	19	Satisfactorily answered
2.	<ul> <li>Examination related queries</li> <li>Schedule</li> <li>Mode of Examination</li> <li>Place of Center, ete.</li> </ul>	60	Satisfactorily responded
3.	Evaluation regarding	04	Satisfactorily answered
4.	Verification of Students details for the purpose of study abroad	03	Satisfactorily resolved

Dr. (Mrs.) Namrata Kola (Convener)

(I/C Registrar)

Sardar Patel University

Vallabh Vidyanagar

Office :Sardar Patel University, Vallabh Vidyanagar - 388 120, Gujarat

Telephone: 02692 - 226801, Fax: 02692-236475, Email: registrar\_spu@spuvvn.edu

Website: www.spuvvn.edu



VALLABH VIDYANAGAR - 388 120 (GUJARAT) INDIA

NAAC Accreditation CGPA 3.25 Grade - 'A'

Website: www.spuvvn.edu

Ph: (02692) 226807

ACADEMIC SECTION

#### CIRCULAR

Cell for Handling Grievances Related To Examinations and other Academic Activities Arising Due To Covid-19 Pandemic.
Read:

- PUBLIC NOTICE (Redressal of grievances Related to covid-19 Pandemic) issued vide No. F.1-1/2020(Secy) dated 10/05/2020
- 2. Approval on office Note dated: 30.5.2020
- 3. Department of education, Govt. of Gujarat GR No.KRN/102020/06052020/KH-1, Dt. 24/05/2020
- 4. Chairman, University grant Commission New Delhi, vide No. F.1-1/2020(UGC-TF-COVID-19-Advisory) dated 26/05/2020

All the Students of Sardar Patel University are hereby informed that University has established Cell for handling grievances of the students related to examinations and other academic activates arising due to this pandemic. The members of the cell are as below:

- 1. Vice chancellor- Chairman
- 2. Dr. (Mrs.) Namrata Kola Convener
- 3. Prof. D.K. Raval Dept. Of Chemistry
- 4. Dr. Vasant Patel Dept. of History
- 5. Dr. Neepa Bharucha M.B.Patel College of Education
- 6. Dr. (Mrs.) Jagruti Suvera Dy. Registrar
- 7. Mr. Harshadbhai Makwana O.S. Academic section

#### Terms of Reference of the committee:

To take proactive measures in a time bound manner to redress the grievances of the students and stake holders.

Helpline No. Academic Section (For Admission Purpose): (02692) 226807 Examination Section (For Exam Purpose): (02692) 226808 All working days between 10.00 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Email ID: grievance@spuvvn.edu

No.D/2020-2021/269 Date: 30/05/2020

To.

1 All Heads of P.G.Departments of Sardar Patel University

2 All Principal, Affiliated Colleges of Sardar Patel University

3 Concern Committee Members

I/c Registrar



# SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY VALLABH VIDHYANAGAR-388120

પરીક્ષા વિભાગ

तारीभ: 2/5/2020

HARA-j -114 Cell for Handling Gaevances Ralated Committee meeting અનુક્રમ નં. સભ્યશ્રીનું નામ डे रायल जीपा लाउया Namrita Kola K. Namit Do- figanti Swery 6 2144 2. (33211 Mamrita Kola K. Namil-Dr. Juguti Surera 8. 71841611



# Sardar Patel University

Vallabh Vidyanagar – 388 120 (Gujarat), India.

NAAC Re-Accreditation CGPA 3.25 Grade ~ "A"

Website: www.spuvvn.edu

Phone: 02692-226815

### WOMEN'S CELL

### (Academic Year 2018-19)

Sr.	Designation		Name of Member	
1.	Chairman	Vic	e-Chancellor	
2.	Convener	Dr.	Pinakiniben Pandya, PG Dept. of Gujarati	4
3.	Members	1.	Dr. Dipti Shah, PG Dept. of Comp. Science	-
		2.	Prof. Namrata Kola, PG Dept. of Home Sc.	4
		3.	Dr. Anila Pandya, PG Dept. of Hindi	
		4.	Dr. Darshana Dave, PG Dept. of MBA	
		5.	Dr. Vaidehiben Patel, Medical Officer,	
			Health Centre	
4.	One student from Basic Science	Ms	. Poonam Oza, Dept. of Home Science	
5.	One student from Humanities /	Ms	. Asha Thakore, Ph.D. Student, Dept. of	
	Management Faculty	Guj	arati	
6.	Invited Member	Dr.	Alkaben Macwan, Dept. of Education	
7.	Three invited members of	1.	Dr. Nusrat Kadri, Shri I J Patel B.Ed. College,	,
	College	The state of the s	Mogri	
		2.	Dr. Pratixaben Patel, Syndicate Member	
		3.	Dr. Lina Dighe	

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VALLABH VIDYANAGAR - 388 120 (GUJARAT) INDIA NAAC Accreditation CGPA 3.25 Grade - 'A'

Website: www.spuvvn.edu Phone No. (02692) 226867, 226807

# MEMBERS OF Women's Cell (Academic Year 2021-24)

Sr. No.	Designation	Nam	ne of Members	Contact no.
1	Chairman	Vice	- Chancellor	(02692)226803
2	Convener	1	Pinakiniben Pandya, PG Dept. Of Gujarati, University	9662738972
3	Members	1.	Dr. Dipti Shah, P.G. Dept. of Comp. science, S.P.University	9428647899
		2.	Prof. Namrata Kola, PG Dept. of Home Science, S.P.University	9925034513
		3.	Dr. Anila Pandey, PG Dept. of Hindi, S.P.University	9879405255
		4.	Dr. Darshana Dave, PG Dept. of MBA, S.P.University	9978388111
		5.	Dr. Vaidehiben Patel, Medical Officer, Health Center, S.P. Uni.	9998012652
4	One Students from Basic Science	1	ni Parmar, Ph.D Student, Dept. of Home nce, S.P.University	
5	One Students from Humanities/ Management Faculty	Ms.	Asha Thakore, Ph.D. Students, Dept. Of arati, S.P.University	
6	Invited Member		. Ashaben Dalal, Jagrut Mahila Sangathan,Nr. stric Grid, Anand	9825571805
7	Four invited members of College	1	Dr. Nusrat Kadri, Shri I J Patel B.ed College, Mogri	9879004887
to the control		2	Dr. Falguniben Bhartiya, Asst.Prof., Nalini Arts College, Vallabh Vidyanagar	
	,	3	Dr. Nipaben Bharucha, Prof. M.B.Patel College Of Education, S.P.University, Vallabh Vidyanagar	9824348015
		4	Dr. Amitaben Patel, I/C Principal, M.B.Patel College Of Education, S.P.University, Vallabh Vidyanagar	9824801762

No.D/B/2021-22/ 962(4) Vallabh Vidyanagar

Date:05-06-2021

OS C:\Users\admin\Desktop\Cells\Anti-Ragging\Anti Ragging.doc Incharge Registrar

પ્રતિશ્રી,

તાઃ ૪/૧૨/૧૯

ઉચ્ચ શિક્ષણ કમિશ્નરની કચેરી, બ્લોક નં–૧૨,બીજો માળ, ડો.જીવરાજ મહેતા ભવન ગુજરાત રાજ્ય,ગાંધીનગર

> વિષય: ઇન્સ્ટિટયૂટ ઓક સાયન્સ એન્ડ ટેકનોલોજી ક્ષેર એડવાન્સ સ્ટડીઝ એન્ડ રિસર્ચ (ISTAR)માં અભ્યાસ કરતી વિદ્યાર્થીઓની હેરેસમેન્શ્ની કરિયાદ બાબતે સંદર્ભ : આપના પત્રક્રમાંક : ISC-7/PRO REF/૨૦૧૯ /૧૯૦૦ તા. ૪/૧૨/૨૦૧૯

મહાશય,

સરદાર પટેલ યુનિવર્સિટીના વિમેન સેલને તા ૫/૯/૧૯ના રોજ હેરેસમેન્ટ અંગેની નનામી કરિયાદ કરતો પત્ર પ્રાપ્ત થયો હતો. આ કરિયાદ ઇન્સ્ટિટયૂટ ઓક સાયન્સ એન્ડ ટેકનોલોજી ફ્રેર એડવાન્સ સ્ટડીઝ એન્ડ રિસર્ચ (ISTAR)માં અભ્યાસ કરતી વિદ્યાર્થિનીઓ શ્રદ્ધા પટેલ અને મીનાબેન પરમારને પ્રો. નિર્મલભાઈ કાન્તિભાઈ પટેલ દ્વારા થતા હેરેસમેન્શ્ની કરિયાદ બાબતે હતો.

વિમેન સેલ, સરદાર પટેલ યુનિ.ને મળેલો આ પ્રથમ પત્ન છે.જે કોઈ પણ વ્યક્તિની સિંહ વિનાનો,ઓળખ આપ્યા વિનાનો , નનામો છે.જે આ સાથે સામેલ કરેલ છે.

આ પત્ર મળ્યા પછી વિમેન સેલ ,સરદાર પટેલ યુનિ.એ નીચે મુજબની કાર્યવાહી કરી હતી.

- 1) પત્ર મળ્યા પછી વિમેન સેલના ચેરમેન માનનીય કુલપતિશ્રી દ્વારા બનાવ સંદર્ભે ISTAR કોલેજના આચાર્યશ્રીનો સંપર્ક કરી પૂછપરછ કરવામાં આવી હતી. આચાર્યશ્રીએ નીચે મુજબનો ઉત્તર આપ્યો હતો.
- ' અમારી કોલેજમાં શ્રદ્ધા પટેલ નામની વિદ્યાર્થિનીએ કોલેજના પ્રો.નિર્મલ કાન્તિભાઈ પટેલ સામે ફેરેસમેન્ટ કર્યાની ફરિયાદ કરી હતી. આ ફરિયાદ કેબ્રુઆરી ૧૯માં કરવામાં આવી હતી. ત્યારબાદ આ ફરિયાદને કારણે પ્રો. નિર્મલભાઈ કાન્તિભાઈ પટેલની ટ્રાન્સફર સંસ્થાની અન્ય કોલેજમાં કરવામાં આવી છે.'

- ર) વિદ્યાર્થિની શ્રદ્ધા પટેલે જયારે પોતાની કોલેજ ISTAR ને કેબ્રુઆરી, ૧૯માં કરિયાદ કરી કતી ત્યારે તેમના તરફથી હેરેસમેન્ટ અંગેની કરિયાદ કરતો પત્ર સરદાર પટેલ યુનિવર્સિટીના વિમેન સેલને પ્રાપ્ત થયો ન કતો. તેથી વિમેલ સેલને આ બનાવની જાણ ન કતી. (સામાન્ય રીતે આવી કરિયાદ કોલેજના વિમેન સેલ પાસે જતી હોય છે ત્યારબાદ કોલેજ જો મંડળ દ્વારા સંચાલિત હોય તો આવી કરિયાદ સામે જે તે મંડળ કાર્યવાહી કરતું હોય છે. યુનિવર્સિટીના વિમેન સેલને સીધી કમ્પલેઈન આવતી નથી.)
- 3) સરદાર પટેલ યુનિવર્સિટીના વિમેલ સેલને સૌ પ્રથમ વખત ૫/૯/૧૯ના રોજ નનામા પત્ર દ્વારા આ બનાવની જાણ થઈ હતી.
- ૪) નનામા પત્નની ફરિયાદ બાદ વિમેન સેલે ISTAR કોલેજના આચાર્યશ્રીનો સંપર્ક કરી વિદ્યાર્થિનીઓનો ફોન મેળવવા પ્રયત્ન કર્યો હતો. નનામા પત્નમાં બે વિદ્યાર્થિનીનાં નામોલ્લેખ હતાં તેમાંથી શ્રદ્ધા પટેલનો મોબાઇલ ફોન નંબર આચાર્ય પાસેથી પ્રાપ્ત કરી શકાયો હતો. મીનાબેન પરમાર ૨૦૧૩નાં વિદ્યાર્થિની હોવાથી આચાર્ય પાસેથી તેમનો ફોન નંબર પ્રાપ્ત થઈ શકયો નહતો.
- ૫) વિમેન સેલે વિદ્યાયિનીને કોન પર સંપર્ક કરી રૂબરુ વાતચીત માટે બોલાવી હતી હતી. વિદ્યાર્થિની શ્રદ્ધા પટેલે પ્રત્યક્ષ ઉપસ્થિત રહીને યુનિવર્સિટીના વિમેન સેલને જણાવ્યું હતું કે આ અંગેની કરિયાદ કોલેજ સમક્ષ મેં ફેબ્રુઆરી ૧૯માં કરી હતી અને કોલેજે પગલાં રૂપે પ્રો. નિર્મલ કાન્તિભાઈ પટેલની ટ્રાન્સકર સંસ્થાની અન્ય કોલેજમાં કરી દીધી હતી. ત્યાર પછી મને પ્રોફેસર તરફથી કોઈ હેરેસમેન્ટ થયેલું નથી. હવે મને કોઈ પ્રત્યે કરિયાદ નથી.
- s) વિદ્યાર્થિની શ્રદ્ધા પટેલે વિમેન સેલ સમક્ષ કરેલ રજૂઆતનો **લિખિત પત્ર** આ સાથે સામેલ છે.
- 9) વિદ્યાર્થિની શ્રદ્ધા પટેલે તેમના પત્નમાં જણાવ્યું છે કે તા ૫/૯/૧૯ના રોજ યુનિવર્સિટીના વિમેલ સેલને મળેલો હેરેસમેન્ટની ફરિયાદ કરતો પત્ન મારા દ્વારા લખવામાં કે મોકલવામાં આવ્યો નથી.

વિદ્યાનગર પોલિસ સ્ટેશનને પણ નનામો પત્ન મળ્યો હતો.પોલિસની ઇન્કવાયરીમાં પણ આ પત્ન તેણે લખ્યો કે મોકલ્યો નથી તેમ શ્રદ્ધા પટેલે જણાવ્યું છે અને 'હવે મને કોઈ કરિયાદ નથી' તેવું નિવેદન આપ્યું છે.

૮) ISTAR કોલેજ તરફથી **હેરેસમેન્ટ કમ્પલેઈન** અંગે લેવામાં આવેલાં પગલાંનો **રિપોર્ટ** આ સાથે સામેલ છે.

ક્સર્ટકારી દુલસવિવ સરકાર પટેલ યુનિવર્સિટી

વલ્લભ વિદ્યાનગર

આભાર સહ

Prof. Pinakini Pandya

Women Cell

Sardar Patel University Vallabh Vidyanagar

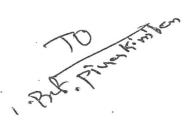


Sexual Harassment -Sradhhaben Patel & MeenaBen Parmar students of Institute of Science & Technology for Advanced Studies & Research (ISTAR) College, Mota Bazar, Vallabh Vidyanagar-388120, Dist-Anand, Gujarat

જય ભારત સાથે જણાવવાનું કે અમારી કોલેજમાં ઇન્સ્ટિટયૂટ ઓફ સાયન્સ એન્ડ ટેકનોલોજી ફોર સ્ટડી એન્ડ રિસર્ચ (આઈ સ્ટાર),મોટા બજાર, વલ્લભ વિદ્યાનગર- 388 120, જીલ્લો -આણંદ ,ગુજરાત માં શ્રદ્ધા મહેન્દ્ર ભાઈ પટેલ industrial chemistry ડિપાર્ટમેન્ટમાં અભ્યાસ કરે છે તેની સાથે કોલેજના પ્રોફેસર નિર્મલભાઇ કાન્તીભાઈ પટેલ મારફતે ઘણી બધી વાર છેડતી કરવામાં આવી છે પ્રોફેસર નિર્મલભાઇ કાન્તીભાઈ પટેલ દ્વારા શ્રદ્ધા પટેલ ના મોબાઈલ ઉપર 150થી વધારે ગંદા એસએમએસ તેમજ 120 થી વધુ વખત ફોન કરવામાં આવેલ છે ઘણી બધી વખત મીખિક પણ છેડતી કરવામાં આવી છે આવી રીતે ઇન્સ્ટિટયૂટ ઓફ સાયન્સ એન્ડ ટેકનોલોજી ફોરેન સ્ટડી ,(આઈ સ્ટાર) કોલેજ કોલેજમાં ઇન્ડસ્ટ્રી કેમેસ્ટ્રીમાં મીનાબેન પરમાર 2013 વર્ષ મા અભ્યાસ કરતી હતી તેની સાથે પણ કનડગત રીતે છેડતી વારંવાર કરવામાં આવતી હતી તેને પણ મોબાઈલ દ્વારા ૧૮૦ ગંદા એસએમએસ અને 120 ફોન કોલ થી તથા મૌખિક રીતે હેરાનગતિ કરવામાં આવતી હતી છોકરીઓ ને કોલેજમાં ફર્સ્ટ ક્લાસ અપાવવાની લાલય આપવામાં આવતી હતી તમને કોઈ સારી કંપનીમાં નોકરી આપવાની લાલય આપવામાં આવતી હતી તેમની સાથે અગણિત માગણીઓ કરવામાં આવતી હતી અને આ બાબતે કોઈને કમ્પ્લેન કરે તો કેવો ને પરીક્ષામાં નાપાસ કરવામાં આવશે તેવી ધમકી આપવામાં આવતી હતી શ્રદ્ધા મહેન્દ્ર ભાઈ પટેલ અને તેની મિત્ર એ હિંમત કરી ને અને પ્રોફે .નિર્મલભાઇ કાન્તીભાઈ પટેલ વિરુદ્ધ કમ્પ્લેન રાણક હોસ્ટેલ ના શ્રી ઉમાબેન દેસાઈ રેક્ટર શ્રી કરેલ તેઓએ કોલેજના આયાર્યશ્રી ને કમ્પ્લેન કરવાનું જણાવેલ શ્રદ્ધા પટેલે તેમના માતા પિતા સાથે કોલેજના આચાર્ચશ્રી ને આ બાબતે કમ્પ્લેન કરેલ આચાર્ચશ્રી ઇન્ડસ્ટ્રીયલ કેમેસ્ટ્રી ડિપાર્ટમેન્ટના હેડ જીગરભાઈ વી.પટેલ ના દબાણ हેઠળ છોકરીની બદનામી થાય એનું ભવિષ્ય બગડે એવું જણાવી અને આવી વર્તનને દબાવવાનો પ્રયત્ન કરેલ છે આખી કોલેજ ના એકરા એકરીઓ તથા કોલેજના સ્ટાફ લોકોને આ વિશે પૂરી માહિતી છે આ વાત વધારે વધતા પ્રોફેસર નિર્મલભાઇ કાન્તિભાઇ પટેલને આચાર્ચ શ્રી જણાવ્યા પ્રમાણે અશોક એન્ડ રીટા પટેલ ન્યૂ વલ્લભવિદ્યાનગર માં ટ્રાન્સફર કરી દેવામાં આવી છે પ્રોફેસર નિર્મલભાઇ કાન્તીભાઈ પટેલ અગાઉ પણ બીજી કોલેજમાં ત્રણ થી ચાર છોકરીઓ સાથે આવું વર્તન કરી યૂક્યા છે વારંવાર નિર્મલભાઇ કાન્તીભાઈ પટેલ તેમની હેવાનિયત દેખાડ્યા કરે છે છતાં તેમની સામે ક્રોઇ કાર્યવાહી થતી નથી તેમની ઓળખાણ બહુ મોટી છે સરદાર પટેલ યુનિવર્સિટી કોલેજનું વુમન સેલ વગેરે લોકો તેમનું વારંવાર બચાવ કરે છે આવા લોકોને શિક્ષણ જગતમાં કેમ ચલાવી લેવાય ભારત જેવા દેશમાં સ્ત્રીને એક મહત્વનો દરજ્જો અપાય છે તેમના લગતા ઘણા કાયદાઓ પણ બન્યા છે છતા આવા નરાધમ લોકોને મદદ કરનારા પણ ઘણા બધા છે તેઓ પણ આવા કૃત્ય ના ભાગીદારોં છે તેઓને પણ સજા થવી જોઈએ

મારી તમને નમ્ર વિનંતી કે નરાધમોને કડક સજા થાય અને તેમના સાથીદારોને પણ સાથ આપવા માટે સજા કરવામાં આવે કોલેજમાં છોકરીઓ સારું શિક્ષણ લેવા માટે આવતી હોય છે અને આવા નરાધમ લોકો તેઓનો શિકાર કરવા વિચારતા હોય છે ઇન્સ્ટિટયૂટ ઓફ સાયન્સ એન્ડ ટેકનોલોજી સ્ટડી એન્ડ રિસર્ચ ,મોટા બજાર, વલ્લભાવિદ્યાનગર 388 120, જીલ્લો આણંદ ,ગુજરાત





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NAAC Accredited with Grade - 'A' (CGPA - 3.25) (23-01-2017 to 22-01-2022)

# **VALLABH VIDYANAGAR - 388 120 GUJARAT**

### CERTIFICATE (5.1.4)

This is to certify that The Anti-Ragging Cell at university level as per UGC Regulations on Curbing the Menace of Ragging in Higher Educational Institutions, 2009 was formed:

### Members Anti-Ragging Cell (2018-21)

Sr.	Name of Members	Designati	Contact No.s
No.		Designation	(Office-02692)
<u> </u>	Vice Chancellor	Chairman	226803
2	Dr. Niranjan Patel	Nodal Officer	226827
3 (a)	Registrar	Member Secretary	226801
3 (b)	Head, Academic Section	Member Secretary	226805
4 (a)	Head of the department	Dr. Sandip Bhatt Dept. of Business Studies	9879500416
4 (b)	Principal of Institute/College	Dr. Vimal Joshi Shri R K Parekh Arts & Science College	9427004861
5	Head of Women's Harassment cell	Dr. Pinakin Pandya	9662738972
6	Non-Government Organisation (NGO)	Member	7002/307/2
7	Media Personal	Nimishaben Panchal, Navgujarat SAmay	9275031237

### Members Anti-Ragging Cell (2021-24)

Name of Members  Vice Chancellor  Dr. Niranjan Patel	Designation Chairman	Contact No.s (Office-02692)	
		(Office-02692)	
	Chairman		
Dr Nironian Datal	Chairman	226803	
	Nodal Officer	226827	
Registrar	Member Secretary	226801	
Head, Academic Section		226805	
Head of the department	Dr. Sandip Bhatt		
*	Dept. of Business Studies	9879500416	
D	Dr. Vimal Joshi		
Principal of Institute/College	Shri R K Parekh Arts &	9427004861	
		7 .27 00 1001	
Head of Women's Harassment cell		9662738972	
Non-Government Organisation (NGO)	Member	7002130712	
Media Personal	Nimishaben Panchal,	9275031237	
	Head, Academic Section  Head of the department  Principal of Institute/College  Head of Women's Harassment cell  Non-Government Organisation (NGO)  Media Personal	Head, Academic Section  Head of the department  Principal of Institute/College  Head of Women's Harassment cell  Non-Government Organisation (NGO)  Member Secretary  Dr. Sandip Bhatt Dept. of Business Studies  Dr. Vimal Joshi Shri R K Parekh Arts & Science College Dr. Pinakin Pandya  Member	

However, the university has not received any complaints regarding ragging. Each department has also an Anti-Ragging Committee and contact details of the members are displayed at entrance for ready contact by the students of that department. The departmental cell handles any such issues informally.

Professor and Head

Department of Sanskrit

Sardar Patel University Office : Sardar Patel University, Vallabh Vidyanagar - 388 120, Gujarat

Telephone: 02692 - 226801, Fax: 02692-236475, Email: registrar\_spu@spuvvn.edu

Website: www.spuvvn.edu

Vallabh Vidyanagar.



VALLABH VIDYANAGAR - 388 120 (GUJARAT) INDIA

### NAAC Accreditation CGPA 3.25 Grade - 'A'

Website: www.spuvvn.edu

Phone No. (02692) 226867, 226807

### MEMBERS OF ANTI-RAGGING CELL

### (Academic Year 2021-24)

Sr. No.	Name of Members	Designation	Contact Nos. (Office- 02692)
1	Vice - Chancellor	Chairman	226803
2	Dr. Niranjan Patel	Nodal Officer,C/O Dept. Of Sanskrit. S.P.University	226827
3(a)	Registrar	Member Secretary	226801
3(b)	Head, Academic Section	Member Secretary	226805
4(a)	Head of the Department	Dr. Sandip Bhatt, Head Dept. of Busi. Studies, S.P.University	9879500416
4(b)	Principal of Institute/College	Dr. R. G. Patel, Principal, R.A.Patel Science college, Bhadran	9427004811
5	Head of women's Harassment Cell	Dr. Pinakini Pandya, Prof. Dept. Of Gujarati, S.P.University	9662738972
6	Non-Government Organization (NGO)	Member	
7	Media Personal	Nimishaben Panchal, Navgujarat Samay B-211, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Flor, Shree Ram Arcade Complex, Gopal Crossing, Station Road, Anand	9375031237

No.D/B/2021-22/ 963 (1) Vallabh Vidyanagar Date:05-06-2021 Incharge Registrar



#### SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY VALLABH VIDYANAGAR

### Regulations Governing Academic Programme

As per the UGC Model Curriculum Second Cycle of CBCS Effective from Academic Year 2017-18

(Passed in Academic council dated 17/06/2017 and approved by syndicate meeting dated 06/07/2017)

#### Read:

- Sardar Patel University CBCS Regulations 2010, Academic Council (Item No.11) 1. dated 10th June, 2010.
- Govt. of Gujarat, Education Department No.CBC-262011-918-KII, Sachivalaya, 2. Gandhinagar dated 11th April, 2011.
- Govt. of Gujarat, Education Department No.NGC-2610-1055-KH, Sachivalaya, 3. Gandhinagar dated 7th June, 2011.
- Govt. of Gujarat, Education Department No.NGC-2610-1055-KH, Sachivalaya, 4 Gandhinagar dated 3rd October, 2012.
- 5. UGC Notice No.F.1-21/2009 (Anti Ragging) dated March, 2012.
- 6. UGC Letter No. D.O.No.F.91-1/2013(GS) dated 23rd July, 2013.
- UGC letter D.O.No.F.1-1/2014 (Secy) dated 12th November, 2014 7.
- 8. UGC letter D.O.No.F.1-1/2015 (CM) dated 8th January, 2015
- 9. UGC letter D.O.No.F.1-1/2014(Secy) dated 20th January, 2015
- UGC letter D.O.No.F.12-1/2015(CPP-II) dated 15<sup>th</sup> October, 2015. UGC letter D.O.No.F.1-12/2015 (CM) dated 22<sup>nd</sup> December, 2015 10.
- 11.
- 12. UGC Letter No. D.O.No.F.91-9/2015 (GS/MHRD) dated 5th July, 2016.
- 13.
- UGC letter D.O.No.F.1-1/2016(Secy) dated 10<sup>th</sup> August, 2016 UGC letter D.O.No.F.1-1/2016(Secy) dated 29<sup>th</sup> September, 2016 14.
- UGC Guidelines on Minimum course curriculum for under graduate courses under 15. choice based credit system (http://www.ugc.ac.in/pdfnews/8023719 Guidelines-for-CBCS.pdf)
- UGC Instructional Template for facilitating Implementation of Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) (http://www.ugc.ac.in/pdfnews/4426331 Instructional-Template.pdf)
- "UGC Regulations on curbing the menace of ragging in higher educational institutions, 2009" notified on 4th July, 2009 in the Gazette of India and second amendment notified on 29th March 2014 in the Gazette of India.
- Handbook on Sexual Harassments of women at workplace, Ministry of Women and Child Development, Government of India, November 2015.
- UGC (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal of sexual harassment of women employees and students in higher educational institutions) regulations, 2015 dated 2nd May, 2016.

#### Background/Preamble:

Ministry of Human Resource Development (HRD), Govt. of India, has already initiated the process for developing New Education Policy (NEP) in our country to bring out reforms in Indian education system. The UGC has already initiated several steps to bring equity, efficiency and academic excellence in National Higher Education System. The important ones include innovation and improvement in course- curricula, introduction of paradigm shift in learning and teaching pedagogy, examination and education system.

The education plays enormously significant role in building of a nation. There are quite a large number of educational institutions, engaged in imparting education in our country. SPU has entered into the semester system and adopt CBCS in 2010 to match with the international educational pattern. However, our present education system produces young minds lacking knowledge, confidence, values and skills. It could be because of complete lack of relationship between education, employment and skill development in conventional education system. The present alarming situation necessitates transformation and/or redesigning of education system, not only by introducing innovations but developing "learner-centric approach in the entire education delivery mechanism and globally followed evaluation system as well.

# Semesterization and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

The duration of academic transaction has varied in different institutions in different periods. What should be the ideal length of an academic term? 3 years? 2 years? 1 year? 6 months? 4 months? All the above models are in use in universities across the nation. The annual system has now been almost completely discarded internationally. The examination at the end of a year or two years puts a greater demand on memory recall and the examination questions in such an examination would not have a comprehensive coverage of topics studied. Shorter duration terms - like 6 months seems to be more suited as:-

- They will have relatively less demand for memory recall
- Questions can cover topics more comprehensively
- It is easier to ensure cohesive learning experience and academic momentum for shorter terms.

In a bi-semester system, an academic year consists of two semesters. The odd semesters may be scheduled from July to November, and even semester from December to April. Each semester will have 15-16 weeks for academic work equivalent to 90 days.

#### Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

Majority of Indian higher education institutions have been following the system which obstructs the flexibility for the students to study the subjects/courses of their choice and their mobility to different institutions. There is need to allow the flexibility in education system, so that students depending upon their interests can choose inter-disciplinary, intra-disciplinary and skill-based courses. This can only be possible when choice based credit system (CBCS), an internationally acknowledged system, is adopted. The choice based credit system not only offers opportunities and avenues to learn core subjects but also explore additional avenues of learning beyond the core subjects for holistic development of an individual. The CBCS will undoubtedly facilitate benchmarking of our courses with best international academic practices.

#### 2. Class Room Processes

#### 2A Active Learning Methodology:

Transformation in the field of higher education requires revamping of class room processes. Class room needs to be made a place of an interesting learning experience. With this ideology Active learning methodology (ALM) is to be introduced in the Higher Education. The salient features of ALM are as follows.

- 1) It is activity based learning
- 2) The emphasis is on learning through meaningful interaction.
- 3) It is a student centric methodology.

#### 2B Use of ICT

ICT has made the teaching learning processes more interactive. Besides it empowers the teachers as well as students to explore the possibility of accessing knowledge worldwide.

- Digital Education and Learning Laboratory (DEL) shall work as learning centers for all the subjects.
- II. Sandhan facilitates students to have an access to an interactive presentation by eminent academicians from across the nation. In addition it also covers aspects such as personality development, proficiency in English, research methodology

- and preparation for various competitive examinations. It is also going to function as a valuable repository of knowledge in the form of CDs and DVDs.
- III. Colleges/Department should set up an Audiovisual room in the colleges. This would facilitate learning through programmes that would be telecast live.
- IV. Each Board of Study should prepare E content of various courses introduced as a part of CBCS. E content will facilitate learning at anytime and for as many times as the student wishes.
- V. Open source software

  <a href="http://spoken-tutorial.org/">http://spoken-tutorial.org/</a>

  <a href="http://www.ircc.iitb.ac.in/~hindiversion/PDF/NME-ICT.pdf">http://www.ircc.iitb.ac.in/~hindiversion/PDF/NME-ICT.pdf</a>

  <a href="https://www.slideshare.net/KarnatakaOER/mhrd-circular-june-2014-on-use-of-free-open-source-software">https://www.slideshare.net/KarnatakaOER/mhrd-circular-june-2014-on-use-of-free-open-source-software</a>
- as presentations by the students. This would be largely facilitated by Teacher Fellow (TF) as well as Course Assistant (CA). This will also form a part of Internal (Comprehensive) evaluation of the students. This will help imparting the necessary skill to the students as well as it will lead to development of analytical as well as research aptitude among the students.

### 3. Teacher Capacity Building

The teacher training and capacity building should be carried out to enhance the skill, knowledge as well as to create right kind of attitude required to play a role of teacher. It will not only increase the competency with respect to knowledge but also in terms of technology, research, teaching and pedagogy. This will enable them to work as facilitator as well as motivator for students.

### 4. Continuous and Comprehensive Assessment

Continuous and Comprehensive assessment is an integral part of CBCS.

A continuous assessment system in semester system (also known as internal assessment/comprehensive assessment) is spread through the duration of course and is done by the teacher teaching the course. The assessment is done through various means including:

- MCQ based quizzes
- Presentations
- Projects
- Field visits
- Seminars
- Group discussions/activities etc

The continuous assessment provides a feedback on teaching learning process. The feedback after being analyzed is passed on to the concerned for implementation and subsequent improvement.

To let the candidate know about his/her progress periodically, a semester is divided into three distinct components.

Component	Units covered in a course	Period of cont-assessment
Ī	1,2	To be consolidated by 8th week
II	3,4	To be consolidated by 16th week
III	Semester end exam	To be consolidated by 18-20 week

The end of semester examination shall have assessment from following perspective with respect to all courses:

- Evaluation with respect to knowledge.
- Evaluation with respect to Understanding.
- Evaluation with respect to skill.
- Evaluation with respect to Applications.
- Higher Order Thinking Skills

#### 5. Grading

Grading constitutes the core of CBCS, as it tries to reduce the subjective element in Assessment/evaluation and there by prevents any disadvantage to the student. Grade is an index of the performance of a student in a particular course. It is the transformation of scaled marks secured by a student in a course. Grade point is the weightage allotted to each grade depending on the range of marks awarded in a course.

# R.6.0 Academic Regulations for the Undergraduate and Post Graduate Degree under Choice Based Credit System.

These Regulations shall govern Undergraduate programme and Postgraduate Programme under the Choice Based Credit System. These regulations shall come into force with effect from Academic year 2017-2018.

- Definition Address a polynog Smarres at smarrhage 6.1
- Medium of Instructions of Total and 6.2
- Intake Capacity Size of Class room, Laboratory, Tutorial 6.3
- Type of courses 6.4
- Admission to the Sardar Patel University 6.5
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#### R.6.1 Definition

University means Sardar Patel University

Academic Programmes means Degree programmes (Undergraduate and Post Graduate) in the Faculties of Arts, Science, Engineering and Technology, Business Studies (Commerce), Law, Education, Home Science, Medicine, Pharmaceutical Science, Homeopathy, Management.

Council means MCI, AICTE, BCI, COA, NCI, CCH.

Student means student admitted to Academic programmes under these regulations.

Degree means Under graduate and post graduate degree.

Board of Studies (BOS) means Board of Studies of the University in a discipline/subject concerned as per Sardar Patel University Act and Statutes.

Academic Council means Academic Council of Sardar Patel University.

Semester shall constitute of 26 weeks. Each semester shall have fifteen weeks (Each week of Six days) of direct classroom teaching, tutorial, counselling, project work and self-learning and evaluation etc.

An academic year consists of two semesters. Each semester will have 15 weeks for academic work equivalent to 90 days. Odd semester will be from Mid-June to Mid-December and even semesters will be from mid-December to mid-June every year.

<u>Programme</u> is used for a fixed educational programme in place of Degree. A normal undergraduate and postgraduate programme shall be of six semester and four semester duration respectively.

<u>Credit</u> means the unit by which the course work is measured. It defines the quantum of contents/syllabus prescribed for the course. It also determines the number of hours of instructions required per week. In these regulations, one credit means one hour of direct teaching work or two hours of practical work/field work per week for 15 weeks in a semester.

1 credit = 1 hour of direct teaching / week

1 credit = 1 hours of Tutorial period / week

1 credit = 2 hours of lab work /week

1 credit = 2 hours of field work /project /week

Course A "Course" is a component of programme, i.e. in the new system; papers will be referred to as courses. Each course is identified by a unique course code. Every course is not of equal weightage. While designing syllabus, course can have defined weightages. These weightages are called credits. Each course, in addition to having a curriculum, will have learning objectives and learning outcome. A course may be designed to comprise lectures/ tutorials/ laboratory work/ field work/ project work/vocational training /viva voce etc or a combination of some of these.

A course which has 3-6 hours per week per semester with weightage of 3 to 6 credits is considered as a full course. A paper with 2 credits is like a half paper.

A course of 6 credits may be so designed that there will be 5 credits for theory and 1 credit for Tutorial.

A course of 6 credits may be so designed that there will be 4 credits for theory and 2 credit for lab work/field work/project work.

Typically a course will comprise of 4(four) units.

<u>Grade letter</u> is an index to indicate the performance of a student in a particular course. It is arrived at by transformation of actual marks secured by a student in a said course. Grade letters are O, A, B, C, D, E, F.

<u>Grade Point</u> is the weight age allotted to each grade letter depending on the range of marks awarded in a course.

Credit Points refer to the product of "credits assigned to the course" and "grade point secured" for the same course.

Semester Grade Point Average(SGPA) is an index of a student's performance in a given semester. It is the ratio of the "total credit points" earned by the students in all the courses at the semester" and the "total number of credits assigned to the courses" in the semester.

Cumulative grade point Average(CGPA) refers to the cumulative grade point average of SGPA and is computed based on the following formula.

### CGPA = Sum of all SGPA of the entire programme by and any separation Sum of Credits up to the end of the programme

Fee means the fee prescribed by the University for the Undergraduate and Postgraduate Programme. The tuition fee and the examination fee of a semester will be in accordance with the number of credits a candidate has registered for in that semester.

# R.6.2 The Medium of Instruction [Under Section 4 (29) of the Act] (S.176).

The Medium of Instruction will be as per the University rules and regulations.

# R.6.3 Intake capacity - Size of the Classroom, Laboratory, Tutorial Class

The Intake capacity for Undergraduate programmes and Post graduate Programmes will be as per the University Norms. (Passed in Academic council (item 3) dated 11/02/2011 and approved in syndicate meeting (item 17) dated 19/02/2011, University letter no. K.4/1000 dated 09/05/2011)

### R.6.4 Types of Courses:

As per the existing University norms approved by the respective Board of Studies and other statutory bodies of this university from time to time.

### Admission to the University (Under Section (1) (a) (c) of the Act) (S.178, O.1, R.6.5 O.3 and O.4) and [Under section 33 and 34 of act] (S.175)

#### Eligibility R.6.5.1

As per the existing University norms approved by the respective Board of Studies and other statutory bodies of this university from time to time.

- Enrolment/Registration | Dalif at 20,0 and a bound more among a superintered R.6.5.2
- A student admitted to semester I shall apply to the Registrar, in the prescribed R.6.5.2.1 form, for an Enrolment/Registration Certificate through the Principal/HOD of the College/Department of which he seeks admission. Till the Enrolment Certificate is issued by the Registrar, the admission granted to a student to any of the constituent or affiliated colleges shall be treated as provisional.
- Every eligible student studying either in Under graduation or in Post graduation shall R.6.5.2.2 be given an unique identification Number called ID Nos. at the time of his/her enrolment or registration in this University.
- A Student who has passed an equivalent examination from any other university or R.6.5.2.3 examination body (except GSHEB, Gandhinagar) and is seeking admission to a college affiliated to this university shall not be admitted without producing provisional eligibility certificate from Sardar Patel University.
- A Student who has passed an equivalent examination from Gujarat Secondary R.6.5.2.3 and Higher Secondary Education Board (GSHEB), Gandhinagar, Gujarat and is seeking admission to a college affiliated to this university shall be admitted and need not required to producing provisional eligibility certificate from Sardar Patel University.
- Provided, however that the Registrar may issue a provisional Certificate of R.6.5.3 Eligibility if he is satisfied that the applicant is prima facie eligible for admission to this University, at the candidate's own risk and in condition that he obtains a final Certificate of Eligibility before the close of the academic term in which the student is provisionally admitted to the University.
- The grant of an Eligibility Certificate by the University does not necessarily R.6.5.4 confer on the candidates right to be admitted to a particular college. The Certificate fee will be refunded in the event of the student failing to obtain admission to a college in this University.
- R6.5.5 Lateral Entry from other Universities.
- A student who has passed an equivalent examination of First Year (Ist semester R.6.5.5.1 and IInd Semester) from any other recognised university in India and is seeking

admission from Second Year (i.e. in IIIrd Semester) to a college affiliated to this university shall apply before one month from starting the academic term through the Principal of the college where student wants admission in a prescribed form with necessary documents (i.e. Character Certificate and Transcript from college, Syllabus and Mark sheets attested by university) to Sardar Patel University.

- R.6.5.5.2 Such cases will be placed before the Course Equivalence Committee consist of Dean of the Faculty, Principal of concerned college and one University IQAC representative. As per the recommendations of the committee, admission will be granted. Student has to full fill the conditions within the stipulated time period as mentioned in the admission letter. Such student shall not be admitted without necessary procedures as mentioned above.
- R.6.5.5.3 A student who has passed an equivalent examination of First Year and Second Year (Ist semester to IVth Semester) from any other recognised university in India and is seeking admission in Third Year (i.e. in Vth Semester) to a college affiliated to this university shall not be permitted.
- R.6.5.5.4 A student who has passed Ist and II sem of an equivalent examination of Post graduate programme from any other recognised university in India and is seeking admission to IIIrd semester of Post Graduate programme offered in college/department shall not be allowed.
- R6.5.6 Registration in Parallel Degrees: A student is not allowed to register him/herself simultaneously for more than one course: a degree, or a diploma. If at anytime it is found to be otherwise, his/her admission will *ipsofacto* stand cancelled and all the fees and deposits paid by him/her will stand forfeited.
- R.6.5.7 A candidate will be allowed two blank semesters continuously in case he/she may have to leave his/her study halfway due to unforeseen circumstances. However he/she may have to pay the prescribed registration fee as per the College/University norms for such semesters. A continuous break in studies beyond 2 semesters shall mean that the student status is forfeited and the student is required to apply for readmission.

- R.6.5.8 A student my be denied Registration if he/she has been debarred or suspended from studies due to disciplinary action taken by the school/college or the University.
- R.6.5.9 Transference Certificate [Under Section 43(o) of the Act] (O.84 to O.90)
- R.6.5.9.1 No student shall at any time be admitted to another college unless he produces Transference Certificate from the Principal of the College he leaves.
- R.6.5.9.2 Applications for Transference Certificate shall be made by students without unnecessary delay through the Principal of the College to which they wish to be transferred.
- R.6.5.10 Enrolment of Post-graduates Students [Under Section 43 (1) (g) of the Act) (O.94)
  - R.6.5.10.1 The Tuition, Gymkhana, and student activities, Library, Registration and other fees for Post-graduate students and for the students seeking admission to a college and department maintained by the University will be as prescribed by the Syndicate from time to time.
  - R.6.5.10.2 Admission granted to the student will automatically be treated as cancelled in case the student does not pay the tuition fee along with penalty by the date decided by the University.
- R. 6.6 Residence, Health, Conduct and Discipline of Students [Under Section 43 (1) (e) & (m) of the Act] (O.28 to O.34)
  - R.6.6.1 Residence:
  - R.6.6.1.1 Students living in hostels of the University, or of a college, or in lodgings approved by the authorities of a college, are termed resident students; others are termed non-resident students.
  - R.6.6.1.2 Every student of the University shall reside either:
    - In the University Hostel or in a recognised Hostel of college or lodgings approved by the authorities of the college,

OR

(b) With a parent or some person accepted by his college to be his guardian.

- R.6.6.1.3 Each college shall provide residential quarters for such a percentage of its students. Resident students shall conform to regulations drawn up by Principals of colleges and approved by the Syndicate.
- R.6.6.1.4 Every non-resident student shall submit to the Principal of his college the name, address and relationship, if any, of the person with whom he proposes to live. The Principal shall satisfy himself in every case that the arrangements made are suitable, and that the guardian is able and willing to hold himself responsible for the welfare of the student while he is an inmate of his house.
- R.6.6.2 Health
- R.6.6.2.1 All colleges shall provide facilities for Physical exercises, games, etc. for their students and shall prepare a programme for the year. They shall also require all students reading for the First Year of the Course leading to various degrees other than the degrees of LL.B., B.Ed, and B. Ed. (English), to undergo N. C. C. training prescribed by the N. C. C. authorities or N. S. S. or N. S. O. or to go through a course of Physical Training as may be prescribed by the Syndicate from time to time.
- R.6.6.2.2 No student who is required to attend N. C. C. or N. S. S. or N. S. O. or Physical Training, will be permitted to appear at the University examination, unless he has attended at least 80% of the N. C. C. parades and the annual training camp held by the N. C. C. authorities or 80% of the periods assigned for N. S. S. or N. S. O. or Physical Training in an academic year; provided that any deficiency in attendance at the N. C. C. parades or N. S. S. or N. S. O. or Physical Training may be condoned by the Syndicate on grounds of health or for any other *bonafide* reason deemed sufficient by it.
- R.6.6.2.3 Student participating in athletics or major sports as members of the University sports team may be exempted from undergoing N. C. C. or Physical Training on producing a certificate to that effect form the Principal of the College where they study.

Note: R.6.6.2.1 to R.6.6.2.3 are only applicable to the Undergraduate courses, these will not apply to the Post graduate courses.

- R.6.6.2.4 If in any year the University conducts a Medical Examination of the students studying for a particular examination in a college affiliated to the University, such Medical Examination shall be compulsory for all the students included in the scheme of Medical Examination.
- R.6.6.2.5 Students who do not present themselves for such Medical Examination shall not be allowed to appear at the examination for which they are studying whether it be a college examination or a University examination.
- R.6.6.2.6 If through illness or similar unavoidable circumstances a student fails to present himself for the Medical Examination conducted by the University, he shall have to undergo such an examination at his own expense and submit the form prescribed by the University for the Medical Examination duly filled in by a qualified Medical Practitioner to the University through the Principal of his College on receipt of which only he can be permitted to appear for the examination for which he is studying.
- R.6.6.3 Discipline:
- R.6.6.3.1 High standard of discipline is expected from all the students enrolled. Basic guidelines of the code of conduct has been included in the agreements signed by the students & parents/Guardians, at the time of admission.
- R.6.6.3.2 The progress and conduct of every student during as well as outside college hours shall be looked after by a teacher who, acting as general tutor to the student, shall ascertain from time to time the progress the student is making in the different subjects of study. For the purpose of this, teachers may be assigned a batch of not more than 20 students.
- R.6.6.3.3 The case of a student who does not show satisfactory progress in spite of due warning by the Principal of the College shall be considered by a committee of the Principal of the College, the Dean and the general tutor, and may be reported by the committee to the Syndicate for further action.
- R.6.6.3.4 The Syndicate may, after giving the student reasonable opportunity to explain why action should not be taken against him, require the Principal of the College to cancel the admission granted to the student, and such student shall not be re-

admitted by any constituent or affiliated college or recognised institution for the particular course of studies in which his progress was found to be unsatisfactory.

### R.6.6.4 Anti Ragging

In pursuance to the Judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India dated 08.05.2009 in Civil Appeal No. 887/2009, the University Grants Commission has framed "UGC Regulations on curbing the menace of ragging in higher educational institutions, 2009" which have been notified on 4th July, 2009 in the Gazette of India and second amendment have been notified on 29<sup>th</sup> March 2014 in the Gazette of India. These regulations are mandatory for all Universities/Institutions. The UGC has made it mandatory for all students and parents to submit anti ragging related affidavits to the institutions at the time of admission.

### R.6.6.4.1 Preventive measures for Anti-Ragging

- At the time of admission, all colleges/Department may erect suitable hoardings/bill boards/banners in prominent places within the campus to exhort the students to prevent or not to indulge in ragging and also indicating therein the names of the officials and their telephone numbers to be contacted in case of ragging.
- 2) All colleges/departments should form an Anti-Ragging-Committee and squads and dedicated cadre of wardens and professional counselors to ensure that the directions of Hon'ble Supreme Court of India and Justice Raghavan Committee recommendations are followed without exception.
- 3) An affidavit must be obtained from every Student, Parent/Guardian separately.
- 4) Every student and parents/guardian have to fill an online anti ragging undertaking. (https://antiragging.in)
- R.6.6.5 Women cell and Internal Complain Committee (ICC)
- R.6.6.5.1 University/Department/College/Institute shall constitute Women Cell and Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) as per sexual harassment at workplace (prevention, prohibition and redressal) Act, 2013.
- R.6.6.5.2 University/Department/College/Institute must hold regular meetings of Women Cell and ICC.

- R.6.6.5.3 University/Department/College/Institute must ensure adequate publicity about Women Cell and ICC by displaying poster in prominent places, their contact details and the procedure for filling the complaint with ICC.
- R.6.6.5.4 University/Department/College shall send the Annual Return on cases of sexual harassment as per the below mentioned proforma for period from 1<sup>st</sup> April to 31<sup>st</sup> March

R	Annual Return on cases of sexual harassment  Period 1 <sup>st</sup> April to 31 <sup>st</sup> March	February, 2015
Sr. No.	Particulars	Cases/Action
1	Number of complaints received in the year	ya bika 27
2	Number of complaints disposed off during the year	William Cont.
3	Number of cases pending for more than 90 days	
4	Number of workshop on awareness programmes against sexual harassment conducted during the year	
5	Nature of action	ini i dhi

#### R.6.7 Attendance: (O.78 to O.83)

- R.6.7.1 The number of days of attendance necessary for keeping terms shall be 80% of the total working days separately for each term.
- R.6.7.2 The Principals and the Heads of Institutions shall keep a register of the daily attendance of duly admitted students.
- R.6.7.3 Continuous absence without a valid reason for more than 6 weeks shall be deemed as discontinuation of that semester. If a student wishes to continue in the college/department he/she may seek fresh Registration in the same semester in the next academic year.
- R.6.7.4 At the end of each semester/term and before commencement of external examination each Department/College/Institute shall submit student wise attendance report to the University.

# R.6.8 Continuous and Comprehensive Internal Assessment

- R.6.8.1 There shall be minimum one internal test along with other component of evaluation during a semester. (colleges/departments/institute can arrange more than one internal evaluation test).
- R.6.8.2 Internal Assessment must full fill the criterion of Continuous and Comprehensive Assessment.
- R.6.8.3 The Internal assessment must be done through various means including following component.

Continuous Assessment components	Weightage
Internal written tests	50%
MCQ based quizzes / Seminars (Presentations)	- 17%
Class participation in Assignments	17%
Attendance	16%
Total (Internal Component)	100%
The second section of the section of th	

#### Note:

- 1. Institutions/Colleges/Departments have to submit the total internal marks on the University portal.
- For 2 (two) credit courses internal test shall be of 10 Marks + 5 Marks of Attendance.
- R.6.8.4 The Head/Principal of the Department/College/Institute in consultation with other teachers of the department/college/institute will prepare in the beginning of the term a detailed scheme of seminars, home work, quizzes, etc. and the Programme for the test examinations and the same will be announced to the candidates.
- R.6.8.5 The records of the test examinations as well as seminars, home work, quizzes etc. will be maintained by the department/college/Institute concerned.
- R.6.8.6 Every candidate shall maintain a regular record of his/her practical work that shall be duly certified by his her teacher(s) from time to time.

- R.6.8.7 The weightage of the in semester evolution (internal evaluation) and Weightage of the end of semester evaluation (external evaluation) shall be as per the existing norms approved by respective Board of Studies.
- R.6.8.8 Internal test passing criterion for Undergraduate Programmes: Candidate will be required to obtain at least 25% marks separately in each head of passing and in aggregate have to obtain 35% marks in the internal tests conducted by college, provided however, a candidate who fails to obtain 25% marks in not more than two heads of passing, may be allowed to appear at the University examination by the Principal of the college concerned on the recommendation of the committee appointed by him/her to assess the candidate's overall performance.
- R.6.8.9 Internal test passing criterion for Postgraduate Programmes: Candidate will be required to obtain at least 33% marks separately in each head of passing in the internal tests conducted by College/Department/Institute, provided however, a candidate who fails to obtain 33% marks in not more than two heads of passing, may be allowed to appear at the University examination by the Principal/Head of the college/department concerned on the recommendation of the committee appointed by him/her to assess the candidate's overall performance.

(Note: Head of passing will mean a paper or practical or project paper)

- R.6.8.10 After completion of the internal test, marks should be displayed on the college/department/institute notice board, so that students can see their internal marks.
- R.6.8.11 If student fails in any head of passing and wants to improve his /her marks, he/she should be given enough opportunity to improve the marks. For this college/department will conduct internal improvement test.
- R.6.8.12 Internal marks once submitted to the University by concerned college/department, candidate will not be allowed to improve his/her internal marks.
- R.6.9 Provisions for detaining a student at the end-semester university examinations
- R.6.9.1 Students must have 80% of attendance of the total working days in each course for appearing in the examination. Students who have 79% to 70% of attendance shall apply for condonation to the University through Principal in the prescribed

form with the prescribed fee of Rs. 100 per course. Students who have 60% to 69% of attendance shall apply for condonation in prescribed form with the prescribed fee along with the Medical Certificate. Students who have below 60% of attendance are not eligible to appear for the examination. It is furthered clarified that the students, who have 60% or more attendance, shall be given marks as under:

Attendance from	Attendance Marks	
80%	5 Marks	
79% to 70%	3-4 Marks (If Condoned)	
60% to 69%	1-2 Marks (If Condoned)	

Students (if condoned), who have 74% to 65% of attendance shall be given 3 to 4 marks in internal evaluation. Students (if condoned), who have 64% to 50% of attendance shall be given 1 to 2 marks in internal evaluation.

A student whose attendance is less than 60% of the total working days in each course, his/her term will not be granted and he/she will not be eligible to appear in the university examination. If he/she wishes to continue in the college/department he/she may seek fresh registration in the same semester in the next academic year.

- R.6.9.2 If a candidate fails in the internal test (do not full fill the internal test passing criteria), his/her term will not be granted and he/she will not be eligible to appear in the external examination.
- R.6.9.3 Candidate should have gone through the N.C.C. or N.S.S. or Physical Training in accordance with the relevant ordinances.
- R.6.9.4 Candidate should have presented themselves for medical examination, if conducted by the university.
- R.6.9.5 College/department will submit the list of candidate who fall in R.6.9.1 to R.6.9.4 category
- R.6.9.6 If any candidates fall in to R.6.9.1 to R.6.9.4 category, candidate will be declared as NPTA (Not permitted to appear in next semester) and his examination form will be withdrawn.

(Note: R.6.9.3 is not applicable to students of Postgraduate programmes.)

### R.6.10 Criterion for End Semester Examination conducted by University:

- R.6.10.1 The nature of final examination, whether written or oral or both, in respect of each course shall also be made known to the students at the beginning of the academic session.
- R.6.10.2 No candidate will be allowed to reappear in the University examination with the same subject, which he has already passed.
- R.6.10.3 Candidate desirous of appearing at the University examination must apply in the prescribed form accompanied by a certificate of attendance to the registrar through the principal/head of the college/department on or before the date prescribed for the purpose under the relevant ordinance/s.
- R.6.10.4 University will hold the examination for ODD semesters in the month of October or November and for EVEN semesters in the month of March or April as per the academic term schedule declared by the University.
- R.6.10.5 The theory syllabus of each course will have Units/Paragraphs. The question paper will cover all the units/paragraphs and will offer internal options in the questions within the unit/paragraphs or as decided by the faculties.
- R.6.10.6 The appointment of Paper-setter/s and Examiner/s will be as per the existing rules and regulations in the university from time to time.
- R.6.10.7 The tentative/provisional grade shall be issued at the end of every semester indicating the courses completed successfully. The final Grade Card may be issued by the Registrar after a candidate has successfully completed all the courses of the said programme.
- R.6.10.8 Candidates passing the examination in compartments shall not be eligible for the award of class.
- R.6.10.9 The Scheme of examination for various subjects of study at Undergraduate and postgraduate examination as approved by concerned statutory bodies.

#### R.6.10.10 Assessment criterion

As per the existing rules and regulations approved by various bodies.

#### R.6.10.11 Fairness of assessment

As per the existing rules and regulations approved by various bodies.

### R.6.10.12 Standard of Passing and the production of Passing and Passing

- R.6.10.12.1 For Undergraduate and Post Graduate Programmes: In External assessment, the student will have to score 40% marks in each Head of passing. In overall, aggregate of internal and external for particular course student will also have to score 40% marks in each head of passing.
- R.6.10.12.2 The candidate will NEVER be said to have failed in a course if he/she is unsuccessful in completing the course by the end of the semester. On the contrary he/she is said to have Not Clear (NC) the paper.

R.6.10.13 Grade Points System

Grading System shall be converted to 7 point scale from existing scale in the following manner.

u pulpata su d	ing manner	% of Marks	Division / Grade
Grade Points	Description	m ≥ 90	First / O
10	Outstanding		First / A
9 2	Excellent	80 ≤ m < 90	First / B
8	Very Good	70 ≤ m < 80	
	Good	60 ≤ m < 70	First / C
	Fair	50 ≤ m < 60	Second / D
6		40 ≤ m < 50	Pass / E*
5	Average		E
4	Dropped	30 ≤ m < 40	F**
2	Dropped	20 ≤ m < 30	ELLER BULL PART PASS
0	Dropped	m < 20	F**

# For internal component please refer the following table:

	Consume ved sink	% of Marks	Division / Grade
Grade Points	Description		Pass / E
*5	Average	33 ≤ m < 50	- 1 435 / E
**4	Dropped	m < 33	F

R.6.10.14 Award of Class

	CGPA	Grade
Remarks		0
First Class with O	CGPA ≥ 9.00	Λ
First Class with A	8.00 ≤CGPA < 9.00	A
	7.00 ≤CGPA < 8.00	В
First Class with B	6.00 ≤CGPA < 7.00	С
First Class with C		D
Second Class with D	5.00 ≤CGPA < 6.00	
	4.00 ≤CGPA < 5.00	E
Pass with E	CGPA ≤ 4.00	F
Dropped - F	t D : / T-t-1 Credits	

Grade point average =  $\Sigma$  { Credit \* Grade Points} / Total Credits

Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) =  $\Sigma$  { Credit \* Grade Points} / Total Semesters Credit.

Equivalent Percentage = CGPA \* 10

#### R.6.11 Carry Forward Criteria

R.6.11.1 A candidate who has undergone a regular course of study in a particular Semester, fulfill the required criteria of attendance and has secured marks equal to passing standard both in Internal and External Examination shall be eligible for continuing study in next Semester.

#### R.6.11.2 For Undergraduate programmes:

"A candidate who fails in more than three heads of passing in I and II semester shall not permitted to go to V semester."

Result of VI semester examination shall not be declared until candidate clears all the heads of passing.

#### R.6.11.3 For Postgraduate programmes:

"A candidate who fails in more than two heads of passing in I semester shall not permitted to go to III semester."

"A candidate who fails in more than two heads of passing in II semester shall not permitted to go to IV semester."

"A candidate who fails in more than two heads of passing in III semester shall not permitted to go to V semester."

"A candidate who fails in more than two heads of passing in IV semester shall not permitted to go to VI semester."

#### R.6.11.4 For Integrated courses (5 years duration)

For I to VI semester as per R. 6.11.2 (Under graduate)

For VII to X semester as per R.6.11.3 (Post Graduate)

- R.6.12 Time span (years) for the completion of Degree programme.
- R.6.12.1 A student who for whatever reason is not able to complete the programme within the normal period or the minimum duration prescribed for the programme, may be allowed two years period beyond the normal period to clear the backlog to be qualified for the degree. The general formula, therefore be as follows:

- Time Span = N x 2 years for the completion of programme, where N stands for the normal or minimum duration prescribed for completion of the programme.
- Ordinarily, no student should be given time beyond the extended period of two years. However, in exceptional circumstances and on the basis of the merits of each case university syndicate may allow a student one more year for completion of the programme.
- During the extended period the student shall be consider as a private candidate and also not be eligible for ranking.
- R.6.13 All other provisions not covered here shall be as per the existing norms.
- R.6.14 If any subject specific regulation is required, Board of studies of subject discipline concerned shall prepare regulations in addition to these general regulations.
- R.6.15 In the interpretation of any provision of the above rules & regulations, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor shall be final and binding to all.



असाधारण

**EXTRAORDINARY** 

भाग III—खण्ड 4

PART III—Section 4

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

#### PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

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मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्रालय

(विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग)

अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 2 मई, 2016

विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग (उच्च्तर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में महिला कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के निराकरण, निषेध एवं इसमें सुधार) विनियम 2015

मि. सं. 91—1/2013 (टी. एफ. जी. एस.—विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग अधिनियम 1956 (1956 का 3) जिसे उक्त अधिनियम के अनुच्छेद 20 के उप—अनुच्छेद (1) से संयुक्त रुप से पढ़ा जाए उस अधिनियम 26 के अनुच्छेद (1) की धारा (जी) द्वारा प्रदत्त अधिकारों के क्रियान्वयन अनुसार विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग एतद्द्वारा निम्न विनियम निर्मित कर रहा है, नामतः :—

- 1. लघु शीर्ष, अनुप्रयोग एवं समारम्भः— (1) ये विनियम विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग (उच्च्तर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में महिला कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के निराकरण, निषेध एवं इसमें सुधार) विनियम, 2015 कहलाएगे।
  - (2) ये विनियम भारत वर्ष में सभी उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों पर लागू होंगे।
  - (3) सरकारी राजपत्र में उनके प्रकाशन की तिथि से वे लागू माने जाएँगे।
- 2. परिभाषाएँ:- इन विनियमों में-बशर्ते विषयवस्तु के अन्तर्गत कुछ अन्यथा जरुरी है:-
- (अ) ''पीड़ित महिला'' से अर्थ है किसी भी आयु वर्ग की एक ऐसी महिला—चाहे वह रोज़गार में है या नहीं, किसी कार्य स्थल में कथित तौर से प्रतिवादी द्वारा कोई लैंगिक प्रताडना के कार्य का शिकार बनी है:
- (ब) ''अधिनियम'' से अर्थ है कार्य स्थल में महिलाओं का लैंगिक उत्पीड़न (निराकरण, निषेध एवं समाधान) अधिनियम, 2013 (2013 का 14);
- (स) ''परिसर'' का अर्थ उस स्थान अथवा भूमि से है जहाँ पर उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान तथा इसकी संबद्ध संस्थागत सुविधाएँ जैसे पुस्तकालय, प्रयोगशालाएँ, लेक्चर हॉल, आवास, हॉल, शौचालय, छात्र केन्द्र, छात्रावास, भोजन कक्षों, स्टेडियम, वाहन पड़ाव स्थल, उपवनों जैसे स्थल तथा अन्य कुछ सुविधाएँ जैसे स्वास्थ्य केन्द्र, कैन्टीन, बैंक पटल इत्यादि स्थित हैं तथा जिसमें छात्रों द्वारा उच्चशिक्षा के छात्र के रूप में दौरा किया जाता हो—जिस में वह परिवहन शामिल है जो उन्हें उस संस्थान से आने जाने के लिए, उस संस्थान के अलावा क्षेत्रीय भ्रमण हेत्

संस्थान पर, अध्ययनों, अध्ययन भ्रमण, सैर—सपाटे के लिए, लघु—अविध वाली नियुक्तियों के लिए, शिविरों के लिए उपयोग किए जा रहे स्थानों, सांस्कृतिक समारोहों, खेलकूद आयोजनों एवं ऐसी ही अन्य गतिविधियों जिनमें कोई व्यक्ति एक कर्मचारी अथवा उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के एक छात्र के रूप में भाग ले रहा है—यह समस्त उस परिसर में सम्मिलित हैं;

- (डी) ''आयोग'' का अर्थ है विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग जो विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग अधिनियम 1956 (1956 का 3) के अनुच्छेद ४ के अन्तर्गत स्थापित हैं;
- (ई) "आवृत्त व्यक्तियों" से अर्थ उन व्यक्तियों से है जो एक सुराक्षित गतिविधि में कार्यरत है जैसे कि किसी लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की शिकायत को दायर करना—अथवा वे ऐसे किसी व्यक्ति से घनिष्ठ रुप से सम्बद्ध हैं जो सुरक्षित गतिविधि में कार्यरत है तथा ऐसा व्यक्ति एक कर्मचारी हो सकता है अथवा उस पीड़ित व्यक्ति का एक कर्मचारी हो सकता है अथवा एक साथी छात्र अथवा अभिभावक हो सकता है;
- (एफ) ''कर्मचारी'' का अर्थ, उस व्यक्ति से है जिसे अधिनियम में परिभाषित किया गया है तथा इसमें इन विनियमों की दृष्टि से प्रशिक्षार्थी, शिक्षार्थी अथवा वे अन्य जिस नाम से भी जाने जाते हैं। आन्तरिक अध्ययन में लगे छात्र, स्वयंसेवक, अध्यापन—सहायक शोध—सहायक चाहे वे रोजगार में है अथवा नहीं, तथा क्षेत्रीय अध्ययन में, परियोजनाओं लघु—स्तर के भ्रमण अथवा शिविरों में कार्यरत व्यक्तियों से है;
- (जी) "कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी" से अर्थ है उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के प्रमुख कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी, चाहे जिस नाम से वे जाने जाते हों— तथा जिस संस्थान में उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान का सामान्य प्रशासन सम्मिलित है। सार्वजनिक रूप से निधि प्राप्त संस्थानों के लिए, कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी से अर्थ है अनुशासनात्मक प्राधिकारी जैसा कि केन्द्रीय नागरिक सेवायें (वर्गीकरण, नियन्त्रण एवं अपील) नियम तथा इसके समतुल्य नियमों में दर्शाया गया है;
- (एच) ''उच्च्तर शैक्षिक संस्थान'' (एचई.आई.) से अर्थ है—एक विश्वविद्यालय जो अनुच्छेद 2 की धारा (जे) के अन्तर्गत अर्थों के अनुसार है, ऐसा एक महाविद्यालय जो अनुच्छेद 12 (ए) के उप—अनुच्छेद (1) की धारा (बी) के अर्थ के अनुसार है तथा एक ऐसा संस्थान जो मानित विश्वविद्यालय के रूप में विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग अधिनियम 1956 (1956 का 3) के अनुच्छेद 3 के अन्तर्गत है;
- (आई) "आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति" (आई.सी.सी.) (इन्टरनल कम्प्लेन्ट्स कमिटि) से अर्थ है इन विनियमों के विनियम 4 के उप—विनियम (1) के अर्थ के अनुसार उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान द्वारा गठित की जाने वाली आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति से है। यदि पहले से ही समान उद्देश्य वाला कोई निकाय सक्रिय है, (जैसे कि लैंगिक संवेदीकरण समिति जो लैंगिक उत्पीड़न संबंधी विवाद देखेगी (जी.एस.सी.ए.एस.एच.) ऐसे निकाय को आन्तरिक शिकयत समिति (आइसीसी) के रूप में पुनर्गठित किया जाना चाहिए;
  - बशर्ते, बाद वाले मामले में उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान ऐसा सुनिश्चित करेगा कि इन विनियमों के अन्तर्गत आन्तरिक शिकायत केन्द्र के लिए ऐसे एक निकाय का गठन आवश्यक है। बशर्ते कि ऐसा निकाय इन विनियमों के प्रावधानों द्वारा बाध्य होगा;
- (जं) ''संरक्षित गतिविधि'' में ऐसी एक परम्परा, के प्रति तर्कपूर्ण विरोध शामिल है, जिसके बारे में ऐसा माना जाता है कि अपनी तरफ से अथवा कुछ दूसरे लोगों की तरफ से लैंगिक उत्पीड़न संबंधी कानूनों का उल्लंघन उस परम्परा के माध्यम से किया जा रहा है— जैसे कि लैंगिक उत्पीड़न मामलों की कार्रवाई में भागीदारी करना, किसी भी आन्तरिक जांच पड़ताल में अथवा कथित लैंगिक उत्पीड़न कामों में सहयोग करना अथवा किसी बाहरी एजेन्सी द्वारा की जा रही जाँच पड़ताल में अथवा किसी मुकदमें में बतौर गवाह मौजूद रहना;

#### (के) "लैंगिक उत्पीड़न" का अर्थ है-

- (i) ऐसा एक अनचाहा आचरण जिसमें छिपे रूप में लैंगिक भावनाएँ जो प्रत्यक्ष भी हो जाती हैं अथवा जो भावनाएँ अत्यन्त मजबूत होती, नीचतायुक्त होती हैं, अपमानजनक होती हैं अथवा एक प्रतिकूल और धमकी भरा वातावरण पैदा करती हैं अथवा वास्तविक अथवा धमकी भरे परिणामों द्वारा अधीनता की ओर प्रेरित करने वाली होती हैं तथा ऐसी भावनाओं में निम्नलिखित अवांछित काम या व्यवहारों में कोई भी एक या उससे अधिक या ये समस्त व्यवहार शामिल हैं (चाहे सीधे तौर से या छिपे तौर से) नामत:—
  - (अ) लैंगिक भावना से युक्त कोई भी अप्रिय शारीरिक, मौखिक अथवा गैर मौखिक के अतिरिक्त कोई आचरण
  - (ब) लैंगिक अनुग्रह या अनुरोध करना
  - (स) लैंगिकतायुक्त टिप्पणी करना

- (ड़) शारीरिक रूप से संबंध बनाना अथवा पास बने रहने की कोशिश करना
- (ई) अश्लील साहित्य दिखाना
- (ii) निम्न परिस्थितियों में से किसी एक में (अथवा इससे अधिक एक या सभी में) यदि ऐसा पाया जाता है अथवा वह ऐसे किसी बर्ताव के बारे में है या उससे संबंधित है जिसमें व्यापक रूप से या छिपे रूप में लैंगिक संकेत छिपे हैं—
  - (अ) छिपे तौर से या प्रत्यक्ष रूप से अधिमान्य व्यवहार देने का वायदा जो लैंगिक समर्थन के एवज में हैं;
  - (ब) कार्य के निष्पादन में छिपे रूप से या सीधे तौर से रुकावट डालने की धमकी;
  - (स) संबद्ध व्यक्ति के वर्तमान अथवा उसके भविष्य के प्रति छिपे तौर से या सीधे तौर से धमकी देकर;
  - (द) एक दहशत भरा हिंसात्मक या द्वेषपूर्ण वातावरण पैदा करके;
  - (ई) ऐसा व्यवहार करना जो कि संबद्ध व्यक्ति के स्वास्थ्य उसकी सुरक्षा, प्रतिष्ठा अथवा उसकी शारीरिक दृढ़ता को दुष्प्रभावित करने वाला है;
- (एल) ''छात्र'' शब्द का अर्थ उस व्यक्ति के लिए है जिसे विधिवत प्रवेश मिला हुआ है, जो नियमित रूप से या दूर शिक्षा विधि से एक उच्च शिक्षा संस्थान में, एक अध्ययन पाठ्यक्रम का अनुसरण कर रहा है जिसमें लघु अविधि प्रशिक्षण पाठ्यक्रम भी शामिल हः

बशर्ते, ऐसे किसी छात्र के साथ यदि कोई लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की घटना होती है जो उच्च शिक्षा संस्थान परिसर में प्रवेश पाने की प्रक्रिया में हैं— यद्यपि वह प्रवेश प्राप्त नहीं हुआ है तो इन विनियमों के आधार पर उस छात्र को उच्च शिक्षा संस्थान का छात्र माना जाएगाः

बशर्ते एक ऐसा छात्र जो किसी उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान में प्रवेश प्राप्त है तथा उस संस्थान में भागीदार है और उस छात्र के प्रति कोई लैंगिक उत्पीड़न होता है तो उसे उस उच्च संस्थान का छात्र माना जाएगा;

- (एम) ''किसी तीसरे व्यक्ति द्वारा उत्पीड़न'' उस स्थिति को दर्शाता है जब लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की घटना किसी तीसरे व्यक्ति द्वारा या किसी बाहर के आदमी द्वारा की गई हो जो ना तो उस उच्च शैक्षिक संस्थान का कर्मचारी अथवा उसका छात्र है—बल्कि उस संस्थान में एक आगन्तुक है जो अपने अन्य किसी काम या उद्देश्य से आया हुआ है;
- (एन) ''उत्पीड़न'' का अर्थ है किसी व्यक्ति से नकारात्मक व्यवहार जिसमें छिपे तौर से या सीधै तौर से लैंगिक दुर्भावना की नीयत छिपी होती है;
- (ओ) ''कार्यस्थल'' का अर्थ है उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान का परिसर जिसमें शामिल हैं:
  - (अ) कोई विभाग, संगठन, उपक्रम, प्रतिष्ठान, उद्योग, संस्थान, कार्यालय, शाखा अथवा एकांश जो उपयुक्त उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान द्वारा पूरी तरह अथवा पर्याप्त रूप से उपलब्ध निधि द्वारा सीधे तौर से अथवा अप्रत्यक्ष रूप से स्थापित, स्वामित्व वाले या उससे नियन्त्रित है;
  - (ब) ऐसा कोई खेलकूद संस्थान, स्टेडियम, खेल परिसर या प्रतियोगिता या खेलकूद क्षेत्र चाहे वह आवासीय है या नहीं या उसे उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान की प्रशिक्षण, खेलकूद अथवा अन्य गतिविधियों के लिए उपयोग नहीं किया जा रहा है;
  - (स) ऐसा कोई स्थान जिसमें कर्मचारी अथवा छात्र अपने रोजगार के दौरान या अध्ययन के दौरान आते रहते हैं तथा जिस गतिविधि में यातायात शामिल है जिसे कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी ने ऐसे भ्रमण के लिए उपलब्ध कराया है जो उस उच्च शैक्षिक संस्थान में अध्ययन के लिए हैं।
- 3. उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों के दायित्व—(1) प्रत्येक उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान)
- (अ) कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के प्रति लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के निराकरण एवं निषेध संबंधी अपनी नीति एवं विनियमों में उपरोक्त परिभाषाओं की भावना को यथा आवश्यक उपयुक्त रूप में सम्मिलित करें तथा इन विनियमों की आवश्यकता अनुसार अपने अध्यादेशों एवं नियमों को संशोधित करना;
- (ब) लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के विरुद्ध प्रावधानों को अधिसूचित करना तथा उनके विस्तृत प्रचार-प्रसार को सुनिश्चित करना;

- (स) जैसा कि आयोग की "सक्षम" (परिसरों में महिलाओं की सुरक्षा एवं लैंगिक संवेदीकरण कार्यक्रम) रिपोर्ट में दर्शाया गया है, प्रशिक्षण कार्यक्रम अथवा कार्यशाला, अधिकारियों, कार्यपालकों, संकाय सदस्यों एवं छात्रों के लिए उन्हें सभी को सुग्राही बनाना तथा इस अधिनियम एवं इन विनियमों में स्थापित अधिकारों, पात्रताओं एवं दायित्वों की जानकारी उन्हें सुनिश्चित कराना तथा उनके प्रति उन्हें जागरूक बनाना;
- (द) इस बात को पहचानते हुए कि प्राथमिक रूप से महिला कर्मचारी तथा छात्राओं एवं कुछ छात्र तथा तीसरे लिंग वाले छात्र कई प्रकार के लैंगिक उत्पीड़न, अपमान एवं शोषण के अन्तर्गत संवेदनशील हैं, तदनुसार सभी लिंगों के कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के प्रति सुनियोजित समस्त लिंग आधारित हिंसा के विरुद्ध निर्णयात्मक रूप से सक्रिय बनना ;
- (ई) लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के प्रति शून्य स्तर सहन संबंधी नीति की सार्वजनिक प्रतिबद्धता रखना;
- (एफ) सभी स्तरों पर अपने परिसर को, भेदभाव, उत्पीड़न, प्रतिशोध अथवा लैंगिक आक्रमणों से मुक्त बनाने की प्रतिबद्धता की पुनः पुष्टि करना;
- (जी) इस विषय में जागरूकता पैदा करना कि लैंगिक उत्पीड़न में क्या शामिल है— तथा इसके साथ ही हिंसापूर्ण वातावरण उत्पीड़न एवं प्रतिकर उत्पीड़न इन विषयों में जागरूकता पैदा करना;
- (एच) अपनी विवरणिका में सम्मिलित करना और महत्वपूर्ण स्थलों पर, विशिष्ट स्थानों पर या नोटिस बोर्ड पर लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के दण्ड एवं परिणामों को दर्शाया जाना तथा संस्थान के सभी समुदायों के वर्गों को इस तन्त्र की सूचना के प्रति जागरूक करना जो तन्त्र लैंगिक उत्पीड़न संबंधी शिकायतों के समाधान के लिए बनाया गया है तथा इसके बारे में आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति के सदस्यों का विवरण, उनसे संपर्क साधना, शिकायत के बारे में विधि आदि के बारे में बताना यदि कोई मौजूदा निकाय पहले से ही उसी लक्ष्य के साथ सिक्रय है (जैसे कि लैंगिक संवेदीकरण सिनित जो लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के विरुद्ध है, ऐसे जेन्डर सेन्सीटाइजेशन किंगिट अगेंस्ट सैक्सुअल हासमेंन्ट—जी.एस.सी. ए.एस.एच निकाय को आन्तरिक शिकायत सिनित) (इण्टरनल कम्प्लेन्टस किंगिट—आई.सी.सी) के समान ही पुनर्गठित करना:

बशर्ते, बाद में दर्शाये गए मामले में उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान सुनिश्चित करेंगे कि इस प्रकार के निकाय का गठन आई.सी.सी. के लिए आवश्यक सिद्धान्तों के आधार पर इन विनियमों के अन्तर्गत किया गया है। ऐसा कोई भी निकाय इन विनियमों के प्रावधानों के द्वारा बाध्य होगा;

- (आई) कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों को उपलब्ध आश्रय के बारे में बताना, यदि वे लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के शिकार हुए हैं;
- (जं) आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति के सदस्यों द्वारा शिकायतों के निपटान, समाधान अथवा समझौते आदि की प्रक्रिया का संचालन संवेदनशील रूप से करने के लिए, नियमित अभिमुखी अथवा प्रशिक्षण कार्यक्रम संचालित करना;
- (के) कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के सभी प्रकार के उत्पीड़न के निराकरण हेतु सक्रिय रुप से गतिशील बनाना चाहे वह उत्पीड़न किसी प्रबल अधिकारी अथवा उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान में स्थित पदानुक्रम संबंधों के आधार पर है। अथवा किसी घनिष्ठ भागीदार की हिंसा संबंधी हो अथवा समकक्षों से अथवा उस उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान की भौगोलिक सीमाओं से बाहर किन्हीं तत्वों के कारण हो;
- (एल) उसके कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के प्रति किए गए लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के लिए दोषी जो लोग हैं उन्हें दण्डित करना तथा विधि द्वारा मान्य कानून के अनुसार समस्त कार्यवाही करना तथा परिसर में लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के निराकरण एवं अवरोध हेत तन्त्रों एवं समाधान प्रणाली को यथास्थिति बनाना;
- (एम) यदि उस दुराचार का षड़यंत्रकारी वहाँ का कर्मचारी है तो सेवा नियमों के अन्तर्गत लैंगिक उत्पीड़न को एक दुराचार के रूप में मानना;
- (एन) यदि अपराधकर्ता कोई छात्र है तो लैंगिक उत्पीड़न को अनुशासनात्क नियमों (जो बहिष्कार एवं बहिष्करण तक हो सकता है) के उल्लंघन के रूप में देखना;
- (ओ) इन विनियमों के प्रकाशन की तिथि से लेकर 60 दिनों की अवधि में इन विनियमों के प्रावधानों का अनुपालन सुनिश्चित किया जाना, जिनमें आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति की नियुक्ति शामिल है;
- (पी) आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति द्वारा की गई रिपोर्टों का समयबद्ध रूप से प्रस्तुतीकरण;
- (क्यू) एक वार्षिक स्थिति रिपोर्ट जिसमें दायर मामलों का, उनके निपटान का विवरण हो, वह तैयार करना तथा इसे आयोग को प्रस्तुत करना;

#### 3.2 समर्थन करने वाली गतिविधियाँ-

(1) जिन नियमों, विनियमों अथवा अन्य इसी प्रकार के माध्यम जिनके द्वारा आन्तरिक शिकायत केन्द्र (आई.सी.सी.) प्रकार्य करेगा, उन्हें अद्यतन किया जाएगा तथा उन्हें समय—समय पर संशोधित किया

- जाएगा—क्योंकि न्यायालय के निर्णय एवं अन्य कानून तथा नियमों द्वारा उस कानूनी ढाँचे में लगातार संशोधन होता रहेगा जिनके अनुसार अधिनियम लागू किया जाना है;
- (2) उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों का कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा अधिदेशात्मक रूप से पूरा समर्थन किया जाना चाहिए तथा यह देखा जाना चाहिए कि आई.सी.सी. की सिफारिशों का क्रियान्वयन समयबद्ध रूप से किया जा रहा है कि नहीं। आई.सी.सी. के प्रकार्य के लिए समस्त संभावित संसाधन उपलब्ध कराए जाने चाहिए— जिनमें कार्यालय और भवन अवसंरचना सिहत (कम्प्यूटर, फोटो कॉपियर, श्रव्य दृश्य उपकरणों आदि) स्टाफ (टाइपिस्ट, सलाह एवं कानूनी सेवाओं) सिहत पर्याप्त रूप में वित्तीय संसाधन का आबंटन भी हो:
- (3) असुरक्षित / दुर्बल वर्ग विशेष रूप से प्रताड़ना के शिकार बन जाते हैं और उनके द्वारा शिकायत करना और भी ज्यादा कठिन होता है। क्षेत्र, वर्ग, जाति, लैंगिक प्रवृत्ति, अल्पसंख्यक पहचान, एवं पृथक रूप से सामर्थ से असुरक्षा सामाजिक रूप से संयोजित हो सकती है। समर्थकारी समितियों को इस प्रकार की असुरक्षितताओं के प्रति अति संवेदनशीलता एवं विशेष जरूरतों के प्रति संवेदनशील होने की आवश्यकता है:
- (4) क्योंकि शोध छात्र और डॉक्टोरल छात्र विशेष रूप से आक्रान्त होते हैं, अतः उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों द्वारा यह सुनिश्चित कराया जाए कि शोध सर्वेक्षण की नैतिकता संबंधी दिशा निर्देश उचित रूप से लागू हो रहे हैं;
- (5) समस्त उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों द्वारा उनकी लैंगिक उत्पीड़न विरोधी नीति की क्षमता का नियमित रूप से अर्ध वार्षिक पुनरीक्षण किया जाना चाहिए;
- (6) सभी अकादिमिक स्टाफ कॉलेजों (जिन्हें अब मानव संसाधन विकास केन्द्रों के रूप में पाया जाता है) (एचआरडीसी) और क्षमता निर्माण के क्षेत्रीय केन्द्रों द्वारा लिंग संबंधी सत्रों को अपने अभिमुखी एवं पुनश्चर्या पाठ्यक्रमों में निगमित करना चाहिए। अन्य सब विषयों से भी इसे प्राथमिकता दी जाए तथा इसे मुख्य धारा के रूप में विशेष रूप से बनाया जाए तथा इसके लिए "यूजीसी सक्षम" रिपोर्ट का उपयोग करें जिसमें, इस बारे में, प्रविधियाँ उपलब्ध कराई जाती हैं;
- (7) उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में प्रशासकों के लिए संचालित अभिमुखी पाठ्यक्रमों में आवश्यक रूप से लैंगिक संवेदीकरण तथा लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की समस्याओं पर एक मापदण्ड होना चाहिए। उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के समस्त विभागों में मौजूद सदस्यों के लिए कार्यशालाएँ नियमित रूप से संचालित की जानी चाहिए;
- (8) समस्त उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में परामर्श सेवाओं को संस्थानों के अन्तर्गत रखा जाना चाहिए और इसके लिए सुप्रशिक्षित पूर्णकालिक परामर्शदाता होने चाहिए;
- (9) कई उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान जिनके विशाल परिसर हैं जिनमें प्रकाश संबंधी व्यवस्था बहुत अधूरी है तथा अन्य संस्थानों के लोगों के अनुभव अनुसार वे स्थान असुरक्षित समझे जाते हैं, वहाँ पर्याप्त प्रकाश व्यवस्था अवसंरचना एवं रख—रखाव का एक अनिवार्य अंग है;
- (10) पर्याप्त एवं अच्छी तरह से प्रशिक्षित सुरक्षा स्टाफ आवश्यक रूप से होना चाहिए जिसमें महिला सुरक्षा स्टाफ सदस्य अच्छी संख्या में हों, जिससे संतुलन बना रहे। सुरक्षा स्टाफ नियुक्ति के मामले में लैंगिक संवेदनशीलता प्रशिक्षण को एक शर्त के रूप में माना जाना चाहिए;
- (11) उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान आवश्यक रूप से विश्वसनीय जन यातायात को सुनिश्चित करें— विशेष रूप से उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों के विस्तृत परिसरों के अन्दर विभिन्न विभागों के मध्य जैसे— छात्रावासों, पुस्तकालयों, प्रयोगशालाओं तथा मुख्यालय और विशेष रूप से वे स्थान जिन तक पहुँच पाना दैनिक शोधकर्ताओं के लिए कठिन है। सुरक्षा की कमी तथा उत्पीड़न बहुत बढ़ जाता है जब कर्मचारी और छात्र सुरक्षित जन यातायात पर निर्भर नहीं रहते हैं। कर्मचारी एवं छात्रों द्वारा पुस्तकालयों और प्रयोगशालाओं में देर रात तक काम करने और शाम के समय अन्य कार्यक्रमों में भाग लेने के लिए उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों द्वारा भरोसेमंद यातायात का प्रबन्ध किया जाना चाहिए:
- (12) आवासीय उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों द्वारा महिला छात्रावासों की संरचना को प्राथमिकता दी जाए। महिला छात्रावास, जो सभी प्रकार के उत्पीड़न से थोड़ी बहुत सुरक्षा प्रदान करते हैं, उस उच्च शिक्षा के सभी स्तरों पर, शहरी एवं ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में बड़ी संख्या में उच्च शिक्षा इच्छुक युवा महिलाओं के लिए अत्यन्त जरूरी है:

- (13) युवा छात्रों की तुलना में छात्रावास में स्थित छात्राओं की सुरक्षा के मामले को भेदभाव पूर्ण नियमों का आधार नहीं बनाया जाना चाहिए। परिसर की सुरक्षा संबंधी नीतियों को महिला कर्मचारी एवं छात्राओं की सुरक्षात्मकता के रूप में नहीं बन जाना चाहिए, जैसे कि आवश्यकता से अधिक सर्वेक्षण या पुलिसिया निगरानी अथवा आने जाने की स्वतंत्रता में कटौती करना— विशेषकर महिला कर्मचारी एवं छात्राओं के लिए
- (14) सभी उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों के लिए पर्याप्त स्वास्थ्य सुविधायें होनी अधिदेशात्मक हैं। महिलाओं के विषय में इस प्रक्रिया में लिंग संवेदी डाक्टर और नर्से तथा इसके साथ ही एक स्त्री रोग विशेषज्ञ की सेवाएँ उपलब्ध होनी चाहिए;
- (15) महाविद्यालयों में महिला विकास प्रकोष्ठ पुनः चालू किये जाने चाहिए एवं उन्हें धन दिया जाना चाहिए और इन्हें लैंगिक उत्पीड़न विरोधी समितियों तथा आन्तिरिक शिकायत समिति के प्रकार्यों से पृथक करके स्वशासी रखा जाना चाहिए। उसके साथ ही वे आन्तिरिक शिकायत केन्द्रों के परामर्श से अपनी गतिविधियाँ विस्तारित करेंगे जिनमें लैंगिक संवेदीकरण कार्यक्रम शामिल हैं तथा नियमित आधार पर लैंगिक उत्पीड़न विरोधी नीतियाँ परिसरों में प्रचारित प्रसारित करेंगे। "सांस्कृतिक पृष्ठभूमि" एवं "औपचारिक अकादिमक स्थल" इन्हें परस्पर सहभागिता करनी चाहिए तािक ये कार्यशालाएँ नवोन्मेषी, आकर्षक बने एवं मशीनी न हों;
- (16) छात्रावासों के वार्डन, अध्यक्ष, प्राचार्यों, कुलपतियों, विधि अधिकारियों एवं अन्य कार्यकारी सदस्यों को नियमों के अथवा अध्यादेशों में संशोधनों द्वारा जबाबदेही के दायरे में यथाआवश्यक रूप से लाना चाहिए;

### 4. शिकायत समाधान तन्त्र:-

- (1) लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के विरुद्ध प्रत्येक कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी लैंगिक संवेदीकरण के लिए एक आन्तरिक तन्त्र सहित एक आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति (आई.सी.सी.) का गठन करेंगे। आई.सी.सी की निम्न संरचना होगी:—
  - (अ) एक पीठासीन अधिकारी जो एक महिला संकाय सदस्य हो और जो एक वरिष्ठ पद पर (एक विश्वविद्यालय की स्थिति में प्रोफेसर से निम्न न हो तथा किसी महाविद्यालय की स्थिति में सह—प्रोफेसर अथवा रीडर से निम्न न हो) शैक्षिक संस्थान में नियुक्त हो तथा कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा नामित हो:

बशर्ते यदि किसी स्थिति में कोई वरिष्ठ स्तर की महिला कर्मचारी उपलब्ध नहीं है तो पीठासीन अधिकारी को उप—अनुभाग 2(ओ) में दर्शाये कार्यस्थल के अन्य कार्यालय अथवा प्रशासनिक एकांश से उन्हें नामित किया जाएगाः

''बशर्ते यदि उस कार्यस्थल के अन्य कार्यालयों अथवा प्रशासनिक एकांशों में कोई वरिष्ठ स्तर की महिला कर्मचारी नहीं है तो अध्यक्ष अधिकारी को उसी नियोक्ता के कार्यस्थल से अथवा किसी अन्य विभाग या संगठन में से नामित किया जा सकता है''

- (ब) दो संकाय सदस्य एवं दो गैर—अध्यापनरत कर्मचारी जो अधिमानतः महिलाओं की समस्याओं के लिए प्रतिबद्ध है तथा जिन्हें सामाजिक कार्य अथवा कानूनी जानकारी है, उन्हें कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा नामित किया जाना चाहिए;
- (स) यदि किसी मामले में छात्र शामिल हैं तो उसमें तीन छात्र हों जिन्हें स्नातक पूर्व, स्नातकोत्तर एवं शोधस्तर पर क्रमशः भर्ती किया जायेगा जिन छात्रों को पारदर्शी लोकतांत्रिक प्रणाली द्वारा चुना गया है;
- (द) गैर सरकारी संगठनों में से किसी एक में से अथवा किसी ऐसी सभा में से जो महिलाओं की समस्याओं के लिए प्रतिबद्ध हैं या एक ऐसा व्यक्ति हो जो लैंगिक उत्पीड़न से जुड़े मामलों का जानकार हो, जो कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा नामित हो;
- (2) आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति के कुल सदस्यों में न्यूनतम आधे सदस्य महिलायें होनी चाहिए;
- (3) उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में वरिष्ठ प्रशासनिक पदों पर नियुक्त व्यक्ति जैसे कुलपित, पदेन कुलपित, रेक्टर, कुलसिचव, डीन, विभागों के अध्यक्ष आदि आन्तरिक समिति के सदस्य नहीं होंगे तािक ऐसे केन्द्र के प्रकार्य की स्वायत्तता सुनिश्चित रहे;

- (4) आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति के सदस्यों की सदस्यता अवधि तीन वर्ष की होगी। उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान ऐसी एक प्रणाली का उपयोग करें जिसके द्वारा आन्तरिक शिकायत केन्द्र के सदस्यों का एक तिहाई भाग प्रतिवर्ष परिवर्तित होता रहे;
- (5) आन्तरिक समिति की बैठक आयोजित करने के लिए जो सदस्य गैर सरकारी संगठनों अथवा सभाओं से संबद्ध हैं उन्हें कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा ऐसे शुल्क अथवा भत्ते का भुगतान किया जाए, जैसा निर्धारित किया गया है;
- (6) जिस स्थिति में आन्तरिक समिति का अध्यक्ष अधिकारी अथवा इसका कोई सदस्य, यदि:--
  - (अ) अधिनियम की धारा 16 के प्रावधानों का उल्लंघन करता है, अथवा
  - (ब) वह किसी अपराध के लिए दोषी सिद्ध हुआ है अथवा उसके विरुद्ध वर्तमान में लागू किसी कानून के अन्तर्गत किसी अपराध के बारे में कोई पड़ताल लम्बित है, अथवा
  - (स) किसी अनुशासनात्मक कार्यवाही के तहत वह दोषी पाया गया है अथवा उसके विरुद्ध कोई अनुशासनात्मक कार्यवाही लम्बित है, अथवा
  - (द) उसने अपने पद का दुरुपयोग इस सीमा तक किया है कि कार्यालय में उसकी सेवामें निरन्तरता को जनहित के प्रतिकूल माना जाएगा;

तो ऐसा अध्यक्ष अधिकारी अथवा सदस्य, यथारिथिति, इस समिति से हटा दिया जाएगा तथा इस प्रकार से होने वाली रिक्ति अथवा ऐसी कोई नैमित्तिक (कैजुअल) रिक्ति को नये नामांकन द्वारा इस धारा के प्रावधानों के अनुसार भरा जाएगा;"

#### 5. आन्तरिक षिकायत समिति (आई.सी.सी.) :- आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति करेगी :-

- (अ) यदि कोई कर्मचारी अथवा छात्र पुलिस के पास कोई शिकायत दर्ज करना चाहता है तो उसे सहायता उपलब्ध कराएगी;
- (ब) विवाद समाधान के हेतु बातचीत संबंधी तन्त्र उपलब्ध कराना तािक विवादित बातों पर पूर्वानुमान को समीचीन एवं उचित मैत्रीपूर्ण क्रिया द्वारा देखा जा सका जिससे उस शिकायतकर्ता के अधिकारों की हािन न हो तथा जिससे पूरी तरह से दण्डात्मक दृष्टिकोणों की न्यूनतम जरूरत हो जिनसे और अधिक जानकारी, विमुखता अथवा हिंसा न बढे;
- (स) उस व्यक्ति की पहचान उजागर किये बिना उस शिकायतकर्ता की सुरक्षा बनाए रखना तथा स्वीकृत अवकाश अथवा उपस्थिति संबंधी अनिवार्यताओं में छूट द्वारा अथवा अन्य किसी विभाग में अथवा किसी सर्वेक्षणकर्ता के पास स्थानान्तरण द्वारा, यथा आवश्यक रूप से उस शिकायत के लिम्बत होने की अविध में अथवा उस अपराधकर्ता के स्थानान्तरण का भी प्रावधान किया जाएगा;
- (द) लैंगिक उत्पीड़न संबंधी शिकायतों के निपटान करते समय सुनिश्चित करें कि पीड़ित व्यक्ति या गवाहों का शोषण ना किया जाए अथवा उनके साथ भेदभाव न किया जाए, तथा
- (ई) किसी भी आवृत्त व्यक्ति के विरुद्ध अथवा प्रतिकूल कार्रवाई पर प्रतिबन्ध को सुनिश्चित करना क्योंकि वह कर्मचारी अथवा छात्र एक संरक्षित गतिविधि में व्यस्त है;
- 6. षिकायत करने एवं जाँच पड़ताल की प्रक्रिया:— आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति किसी भी शिकायत को दायर करने और उस शिकायत की जाँच करने के लिए इन विनियमों और अधिनियम में निर्धारित प्रणाली का अनुपालन करेगी ताकि वह समयबद्ध रूप से पूरी हो सके। उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान, आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति को सभी आवश्यक सुविधाएँ उपलब्ध कराएगा ताकि जाँच पड़ताल शीघ्रता से संचालित हो सके तथा आवश्यक गोपनीयता भी बनी रहे;
- 7. लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की षिकायत दायर करने की प्रक्रिया :— किसी भी असन्तुष्ट व्यक्ति के लिए आवश्यक है कि वह घटना होने की तिथि से तीन माह के भीतर लिखित शिकायत आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति को प्रस्तुत करे और यदि लगातार कई घटनाएँ इई हो तो सबसे बाद की घटना से तीन माह के भीतर उसे प्रस्तुत करें;

बशर्ते जहाँ ऐसी शिकायत लिखित रूप में नहीं दी जा सकती है, वहाँ अध्यक्ष अधिकारी अथवा आन्तरिक समिति का कोई भी सदस्य, उस व्यक्ति के द्वारा लिखित शिकायत प्रस्तुत करने के लिए समस्त सम्भव सहायता प्रदान करेगा;

बशर्ते, इसके साथ ही आई.सी.सी. लिखित रूप से प्रस्तुत तकों के आधार पर समय सीमा विस्तारित कर सकती है, परन्तु वह तीन माह से अधिक की नहीं होगी, यदि इस बात को आश्वस्त किया गया हो कि परिस्थितियाँ ऐसी थी कि जिनके कारण वह व्यक्ति इस कथित अवधि के दौरान शिकायत दायर करने से वंचित रह गया था;

8. जाँच पड़ताल की प्रक्रिया:-

- (1) शिकायत मिलने पर आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति इसकी एक प्रति को प्रतिवादी को इसके प्राप्त होने से सात दिनों के भीतर भेजेगी;
- (2) शिकायत की प्रति मिलने के बाद प्रतिवादी अपना उत्तर इस शिकायत के बारे में, समस्त दस्तावेजों की सूची, गवाहों के नामों एवं पतों के नामों एवं उनके पतों सहित दस दिन की अवधि में दाखिल करेगा;
- (3) शिकायत प्राप्त होने के 90 दिनों के भीतर ही जाँच पड़ताल पूरी की जानी चाहिए। अनुशंसाओं सहित, यदि वे हों, तो, जाँच पड़ताल रिपोर्ट उस जाँच के पूरा होने के 10 दिनों के भीतर उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी को प्रस्तुत की जानी चाहिए। इस शिकायत से जुड़े दोनों पक्षों के समक्ष इस जाँच के तथ्यों या सिफारिशों की प्रति दी जाएगी;
- (4) जाँच रिपोर्ट प्राप्त होने के 30 दिनों के भीतर इस समिति की सिफारिशों पर उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के अध्यक्ष प्राधिकारी कार्यवाही करेंगे, यदि किसी भी पक्ष द्वारा उस अवधि में जाँच के विरुद्ध कोई अपील दायर न की गई हो;
- (5) दोनों में से किसी भी पक्ष द्वारा आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति द्वारा प्रदान तथ्यों / अनुशंसाओं के विरुद्ध उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी के समक्ष की गई अनुशंसाओं की तिथि से तीस दिन की अवधि में अपील दायर की जा सकती है:
- (6) उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान का कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी यदि आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति की सिफारिशों के अनुसार कार्य नहीं करने का निर्णय लेता है तो वह इसके बारे में लिखित रूप से कारण स्पष्ट करेगा जिन्हें आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति को तथा उस कार्यवाही से जुड़े दोनों पक्षों को भेजा जाएगा। यदि दूसरी ओर वह आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति द्वारा की गई सिफारिशों के अनुसार कार्य करने का निर्णय लेता है तो एक कारण बताओ नोटिस जिसका 10 दिनों के भीतर उत्तर भेजा जाना है— उसे उस पक्ष को भेजा जाएगा जिसके विरुद्ध कार्यवाही की जानी है। उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी उस असन्तुष्ट व्यक्ति का पक्ष सुनने के पश्चात ही आगे की कार्रवाई करेंगे;
- (7) मामले को निपटाने के उद्देश्य से पीड़ित पक्ष एक सुलह का आग्रह कर सकता है। सुलह का आधार कोई आर्थिक समझौता नहीं होना चाहिए। यदि कोई सुलह का प्रस्ताव रखा जाता है तो यथास्थिति उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान सुलह की प्रक्रिया को आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति के माध्यम से सुलभ कराएगा। किसी भी दण्डात्मक हस्तक्षेप की तुलना में, जहाँ तक संभव होता है, उस पीड़ित पक्ष की पूरी संतुष्टि के लिए उस पारस्परिक विरोध के समाधान को अधिमानता दी जाती है;
- (8) पीड़ित पक्ष अथवा पीड़ित व्यक्ति अथवा गवाह अथवा अपराधकर्ता की पहचान सार्वजनिक नहीं की जाएगी या विशेष रूप से उस जाँच प्रक्रिया के दौरान इसे सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र में रखा जाएगा;
- 9. अन्तरिम समाधान:- उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान,
  - (अ) यदि आन्तरिक शिकायत केन्द्र सिफारिश करता है तो शिकायतकर्ता अथवा प्रतिवादी को अन्य किसी अनुभाग अथवा विभाग में स्थानान्तरित किया जा सकता है ताकि सम्पर्क अथवा अन्योन्य क्रिया में शामिल जोखिम कम से कम बना रहे;
  - (ब) पीड़ित पक्ष को, सम्पूर्ण स्तर संबंधी एवं अन्य हित लाभों के संरक्षण सहित तीन माह तक का अवकाश स्वीकृत कर दे;
  - (स) शिकायतकर्ता के किसी भी काम अथवा निष्पादन अथवा परीक्षण अथवा परीक्षाओं के संबंध में कोई बात प्रकट न करने के लिए प्रतिवादी को बाध्य कर दें;
  - (द) सुनिश्चित करें कि अपराधकर्ताओं को पीड़ित व्यक्तियों से दूरी बना कर रखनी चाहिए तथा यथा आवश्यक, यदि कोई प्रत्यक्ष धमकी है तो उनका परिसर में प्रवेश प्रतिबंधित कर दे;
  - (ई) लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की किसी शिकायत के परिणाम स्वरूप, शिकायतकर्ता को प्रतिशोध एवं उत्पीड़न से सुरक्षा प्रदान करने के लिए तथा एक अनुकूल वातावरण उपलब्ध कराने के लिए सख्त उपाय किये जाने चाहिए;

#### 10. दण्ड एवं हरजानाः-

- (1) अपराधकर्ता यदि उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान का कर्मचारी है तथा लैंगिक उत्पीड़न का दोषी पाया जाता है तो उसे संस्थान के सेवा नियमों के अनुसार दण्डित किया जाएगा;
- (2) अपराध की गंभीरता को देखते हुए- यदि प्रतिवादी कोई छात्र है, तो उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान:-
- (अ) ऐसे छात्र के विशेषाधिकारों को रोक सकता है तो, जैसे—पुस्तकालय, सभागार, आवासीय आगारों, यातायात, छात्रवृति, भत्तों एवं पहचान पत्र आदि तक पहुँच बनाना;

- (ब) एक विशेष समय तक परिसर में उसका प्रवेश स्थगित अथवा बाधित करना;
- (स) यदि उस अपराध की ऐसी गंभीरता है तो उस छात्र को संस्थान से निष्कासित किया जा सकता है तथा उसका नाम उस संस्थान की नामाविल से हटाया जा सकता है, इसके साथ ही पुनः प्रवेश की अनुमित उसे नहीं होगी:
- (द) अधिदेशात्मक परामर्श अथवा सामुदायिक सेवाओं जैसे सुधारवादी दण्ड प्रदान करना;
- (3) पीड़ित व्यक्ति मुआवजे का अधिकारी है। आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति द्वारा अनुशंसित तथा कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा स्वीकृत मुआवजे के भुगतान के लिए उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान निर्देश जारी करेगा, जिसकी वसूली अपराधकर्ता से की जाएगी। देय मुआवजे का निर्धारण निम्न आधार पर होगा:—
  - (अ) पीड़ित व्यक्ति को जितना मानसिक तनाव, कष्ट, व्यथा एवं दुख पहुँचा है;
  - (ब) उस लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की घटना के कारण उन्हें अपनी जीविका के सुअवसर की हानि उठानी पड़ी;
  - (स) पीडित व्यक्ति द्वारा अपने शारीरिक एवं मनोरोग संबंधी आधार के लिए खर्च किए गए चिकित्सा व्ययः
- (द) कथित अपराधकर्ता एवं उस पीड़ित व्यक्ति की आय एवं जीवन स्तर, और
- (ई) ऐसे समस्त भुगतान का एकमुश्त रूप से या किस्तों में किए जाने का औचित्य;

#### 11. झुठी षिकायत के विरुद्ध कार्यवाई:--

इस बात को सुनिश्चित करने के लिए कि लैंगिक उत्पीड़न मामलों में कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों की सुरक्षा के प्रावधानों का दुरुपयोग न हो, असत्य एवं द्वेष भावना पूर्ण शिकायतों के विरुद्ध प्रावधान किये जाने की आवश्यकता है तथा इन्हें उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में प्रचारित प्रसारित किया जाना चाहिए। आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति यदि यह निष्कर्ष निकालती है कि लगाए गए अभियोग असत्य, थे, विद्वेषपूर्ण थे अथवा यह जानते हुए भी कि वह शिकायत असत्य अथवा जाली है अथवा भ्रामक सूचना को उस पड़ताल के दौरान उपलब्ध कराया गया है तो शिकायतकर्ता विनियम (10) के उप विनियम (1) के तहत दिण्डत किये जाने के लिए बाध्य होगा यदि शिकायतकर्ता एक कर्मचारी है, तथा यदि वह अपराधकर्ता एक छात्र है तो वह इस विनियम की उप—विनियम (2) के प्रावधानों के अनुसार सजा के लिए बाध्य होगा तथापि किसी भी शिकायत को प्रमाणित करने अथवा उसके लिए पर्याप्त सबूत उपलब्ध न कर पाने का आधार, शिकायतकर्ता के विरुद्ध कार्रवाई करने का कारण नहीं माना जा सकता है। शिकायतकर्ता द्वारा द्वेषपूर्ण उद्देश्य से दायर शिकायत की जाँच पड़ताल द्वारा तय किया जाना चाहिए तथा इस बारे में किसी कार्रवाई की सिफारिश किए जाने से पूर्व इस विषय में निर्धारित प्रणाली के अनुसार जाँच की जानी चाहिए;

#### 12. गैर अनुपालन के परिणाम:--

- (1) ऐसे संस्थान जो जानबूझकर अथवा बारंबार उन दायित्चों तथा कर्तव्यों के अनुपालन में असमर्थ बना रहता है जिन्हें कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के प्रति लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के निराकरण, निषेध एवं समाधान हेतु निर्धारित किया गया है, तो इस स्थिति में आयोग विधिवत नोटिस देकर निम्न में से किसी एक अथवा इससे अधिक बिन्दुओं पर कार्रवाई करेगा:—
  - (अ) विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग अधिनियम 1956 की धारा 12(बी) के अन्तर्गत की गई घोषणा जो पात्रता दिये जाने के विषय में है, उसका आहरण किया जाना;
  - (ब) आयोग द्वारा अधिनियम 1956 की धारा 2 (एफ) के अन्तर्गत अनुरक्षित सूची में से उस विश्वविद्यालय अथवा महाविद्यालय का नाम हटाना;
  - (स) संस्थान को आबंटित किसी भी अनुदान को रोक देना;
  - (द) आयोग को किसी भी सामान्य अथवा विशेष सहायता कार्यक्रमों के अन्तर्गत किसी भी सहायता को प्राप्त करने के लिए उस संस्थान को अपात्र घोषित किया जाना;
  - (ई) जन साधारण को, एवं रोजगार अथवा प्रवेश के इच्छुक भावी प्रत्याशियों को एक ऐसे नोटिस द्वारा सूचित करना जो समाचार पत्रों में प्रमुख रूप से दर्शाया गया है अथवा उपयुक्त मीडिया में दर्शाया गया है तथा आयोग की वेबसाइट पर प्रदर्शित किया गया है तथा जिस नोटिस में घोषणा की गई है कि वह संस्थान लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के विरुद्ध शून्य सहनशीलता नीति ;मतव जवसमतंदबम चवसपबलद्ध का समर्थन नहीं करता है;
  - (एफ) यदि वह एक महाविद्यालय है तो उसके सम्बद्ध विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा उसकी सहसम्बद्धता को आहरित करने की अनुशंसा के लिये कहें;

- (जी) यदि वह एक मानित विश्वविद्यालय संस्थान है तो केन्द्र सरकार को उस मानित विश्वविद्यालय के आहरण की अनुशंसा करना;
- (एच) यदि वह किसी राज्य अधिनियम के अन्तर्गत स्थापित अथवा नियमित विश्वविद्यालय है तो उसके इस स्तर को आहरित करने के लिए उपयुक्त राज्य सरकार को सिफारिश करना;
- (आई) जैसे कि विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग अधिनियम 1956 के अन्तर्गत प्रावधान किया जाना हो तदनुसार अपने अधिकारों के अनुसार यथोचित रूप से ऐसी समयावधि के लिए दण्ड प्रदान कर सकता है जिस समय तक वह संस्थान इन विनियमों में निर्धारित प्रावधानों का अनुपालन नहीं करता है;
- (जं) इन विनियमों के अन्तर्गत आयोग द्वारा उस समय तक कार्रवाई नहीं की जाएगी जब तक कि संस्थान को अपना पक्ष प्रस्तुत करने के लिए प्रदत्त सुअवसर के आधार पर उनकी सुनवाई कर ली गई हो;

[विज्ञापन—III/4/असा./53] जसपाल एस. संधु, सचिव, यूजीसी

## MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

# (University Grants Commission)

#### NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 2nd May, 2016

University Grants Commission (Prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment of women employees and students in higher educational institutions) Regulations, 2015

No. F. 91-1/2013(TFGS).—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 26 of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 (3 of 1956), read with sub-section (1) of Section 20 of the said Act, the University Grants Commission hereby makes the following regulations, namely:-

- 1. Short title, application and commencement.—(1) These regulations may be called the University Grants Commission (Prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment of women employees and students in higher educational institutions) Regulations, 2015.
  - (2) They shall apply to all higher educational institutions in India.
  - (3) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.
- 2. Definitions.—In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,-
- (a) "aggrieved woman" means in relation to work place, a woman of any age whether employed or not, who alleges to have been subjected to any act of sexual harassment by the respondent;
- (b) 'Act' means the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (14 of 2013);
- (c) "campus" means the location or the land on which a Higher Educational Institution and its related institutional facilities like libraries, laboratories, lecture halls, residences, halls, toilets, student centres, hostels, dining halls, stadiums, parking areas, parks-like settings and other amenities like health centres, canteens, Bank counters, etc., are situated and also includes extended campus and covers within its scope places visited as a student of the HEI including transportation provided for the purpose of commuting to and from the institution, the locations outside the institution on field trips, internships, study tours, excursions, short- term placements, places used for camps, cultural festivals, sports meets and such other activities where a person is participating in the capacity of an employee or a student of the HEI;

- (d) Commission" means the University Grants Commission established under section 4 of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 (3 of 1956);
- (e) "covered individuals" are persons who have engaged in protected activity such as filing a sexual harassment charge, or who are closely associated with an individual who has engaged in protected activity and such person can be an employee or a fellow student or guardian of the offended person;
- (f) "employee" means a person as defined in the Act and also includes, for the purposes of these Regulations trainee, apprentice (or called by any other name), interns, volunteers, teacher assistants, research assistants, whether employed or not, including those involved in field studies, projects, short-visits and camps;
- (g) "Executive Authority" means the chief executive authority of the HEI, by whatever name called, in which the general administration of the HEI is vested. For public funded institutions the Executive Authority means the Disciplinary Authority as indicated in Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1965 or its equivalent rules;
- (h) "Higher Educational Institution" (HEI) means a university within the meaning of clause (j) of section 2, a college within the meaning of clause(b) of sub-section (1) of section 12A and an institution deemed to be a University under section 3 of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 (3 of 1956);
- (i) "Internal Complaints Committee" (ICC) means Internal Complaints Committee to be constituted by an HEI under sub regulation (1) of regulation 4 of these regulations. Any existing body already functioning with the same objective (like the Gender Sensitization Committee Against Sexual Harassment (GSCASH)) should be reconstituted as the ICC;
  - Provided that in the latter case the HEI shall ensure that the constitution of such a Body is as required for ICC under these regulations. Provided further that such a Body shall be bound by the provisions of these regulations;
- (j) "protected activity" includes reasonable opposition to a practice believed to violate sexual harassment laws on behalf of oneself or others such as participation in sexual harassment proceedings, cooperating with an internal investigation or alleged sexual harassment practices or acting as a witness in an investigation by an outside agency or in litigation;
- (k) "sexual harassment" means-
  - (i) "An unwanted conduct with sexual undertones if it occurs or which is persistent and which demeans, humiliates or creates a hostile and intimidating environment or is calculated to induce submission by actual or threatened adverse consequences and includes any one or more or all of the following unwelcome acts or behaviour (whether directly or by implication), namely;-
    - (a) any unwelcome physical, verbal or non verbal conduct of sexual nature;
    - (b) demand or request for sexual favours;
    - (c) making sexually coloured remarks
    - (d) physical contact and advances; or
    - (e) showing pornography"
    - (ii) any one (or more than one or all) of the following circumstances, if it occurs or is present in relation or connected with any behaviour that has explicit or implicit sexual undertones-
    - (a) implied or explicit promise of preferential treatment as quid pro quo for sexual favours;
    - (b) implied or explicit threat of detrimental treatment in the conduct of work;
    - (c) implied or explicit threat about the present or future status of the person concerned;
    - (d) creating an intimidating offensive or hostile learning environment;
    - (e) humiliating treatment likely to affect the health, safety dignity or physical integrity of the person concerned;

- (1) "student" means a person duly admitted and pursuing a programme of study either through regular mode or distance mode, including short-term training programmes in a HEI;

  Provided that a student who is in the process of taking admission in HEIs campus, although not yet admitted, shall be treated, for the purposes of these regulations, as a student of that HEI, where any incident of sexual harassment takes place against such student;
  - Provided that a student who is a participant in any of the activities in a HEI other than the HEI where such student is enrolled shall be treated, for the purposes of these regulations, as a student of that HEI where any incident of sexual harassment takes place against such student;
- (m) "third Party Harassment" refers to a situation where sexual harassment occurs as a result of an act or omission by any third party or outsider, who is not an employee or a student of the HEI, but a visitor to the HEI in some other capacity or for some other purpose orreason;
- (n) "victimisation" means any unfavourable treatment meted out to a person with an implicit or explicit intention to obtain sexual favour;
- (o) "workplace" means the campus of a HEI including-
  - (a) Any department, organisation, undertaking, establishment, enterprise, institution, office, branch or unit which is established, owned, controlled or wholly or substantially financed by funds provided directly or indirectly by the appropriate HEIs;
  - (b) Any sports institute, stadium, sports complex or competition or games venue, whether residential or not used for training, sports or other activities relating thereof in HEIs;
  - (c) Any place visited by the employee or student arising out of or during the course of employment or study including transportation provided by the Executive Authority for undertaking such journey for study in HEIs.'
- 3. Responsibilities of the Higher Educational Institution- (1) Every HEI shall,-
- (a) Wherever required, appropriately subsume the spirit of the above definitions in its policy and regulations on prevention and prohibition of sexual harassment against the employees and the students, and modify its ordinances and rules in consonance with the requirements of the Regulations;
- (b) publicly notify the provisions against sexual harassment and ensuretheir wide dissemination;
- organise training programmes or as the case may be, workshops for the officers, functionaries, faculty and students, as indicated in the SAKSHAM Report (Measures for Ensuring the Safety of Women and Programmes for Gender Sensitization on Campuses) of the Commission, to sensitize them and ensure knowledge and awareness of the rights, entitlements and responsibilities enshrined in the Act and under these regulations;
- (d) act decisively against all gender based violence perpetrated against employees and students of all sexes recognising that primarily women employees and students and some male students and students of the third gender are vulnerable to many forms of sexual harassment and humiliation and exploitation;
- (e) publicly commit itself to a zero tolerance policy towards sexual harassment;
- (f) reinforce its commitment to creating its campus free from discrimination, harassment, retaliation or sexual assault at all levels;
- (g) create awareness about what constitutes sexual harassment including hostile environment harassment and quid pro quo harassment;
- (h) include in its prospectus and display prominently at conspicuous places or Notice Boards the penalty and consequences of sexual harassment and make all sections of the institutional community aware of the information on the mechanism put in place for redressal of complaints pertaining to sexual

harassment, contact details of members of Internal Complaints Committee, complaints procedure and so on. Any existing body already functioning with the same objective (like the Gender Sensitization Committee Against Sexual Harassment (GSCASH)) should be reconstituted as the ICC; Provided that in the latter case the HEI shall ensure that the constitution of such a Body is as required

Provided that in the latter case the HEI shall ensure that the constitution of such a Body is as required for ICC under these regulations. Provided further that such a Body shall be bound by the provisions of these regulations;

- (i) inform employees and students of the recourse available to them if they are victims of sexual harassment;
- organise regular orientation or training programmes for the members of the ICC to deal with complaints, steer the process of settlement or conciliation, etc., with sensitivity;
- (k) proactively move to curb all forms of harassment of employees and students whether it is from those in a dominant power or hierarchical relationship within HEIs or owing to intimate partner violence or from peers or from elements outside of the geographical limits of the HEI;
- (l) be responsible to bring those guilty of sexual harassment against its employees and students to book and initiate all proceedings as required by law and also put in place mechanisms and redressal systems like the ICC to curb and prevent sexual harassment on its campus;
- (m) treat sexual harassment as a misconduct under service rules and initiate action for misconduct if the perpetrator is an employee;
- (n) treat sexual harassment as a violation of the disciplinary rules (leading up to rustication and expulsion) if the perpetrator is a student;
- (o) ensure compliance with the provisions of these regulations, including appointment of ICC, within a period of sixty days from the date of publication of these regulations;
- (p) monitor the timely submission of reports by the ICC;
- (q) prepare an annual status report with details on the number of cases filed and their disposal and submit the same to the Commission.
- 3.2 **Supportive measures.**—(1) The rules, regulations or any such other instrument by which ICC shall function have to be updated and revised from time-to-time, as court judgments and other laws and rules will continue to revise the legal framework within which the Act is to be implemented.
  - (2) The Executive Authority of the HEIs must mandatorily extend full support to see that the recommendations of the ICC are implemented in a timely manner. All possible institutional resources must be given to the functioning of the ICC, including office and building infrastructure (computers, photocopiers, audio-video, equipment, etc.), staff (typists, counselling and legal services) as, well as a sufficient allocation of financial resources.
  - (3) Vulnerable groups are particularly prone to harassment and also find it more difficult to complain. Vulnerability can be socially compounded by region, class, caste, sexual orientation, minority identity and by being differently abled. Enabling committees must be sensitive to such vulnerabilities and special needs.
  - (4) Since research students and doctoral candidates are particularly vulnerable the HEIs must ensure that the guidelines for ethics for Research Supervision are put in place.
  - (5) All HEIs must conduct a regular and half yearly review of the efficacy and implementation of their anti-sexual harassment policy.

- (6) All Academic Staff Colleges (now known asHuman Resource Development Centres (HRDCs) and Regional Centres for Capacity Building (RCCBs) must incorporate sessions on gender in their orientation and refresher courses. This should be across disciplines, and preferably mainstreamed using the UGC SAKSHAM Report which provides indicative modules in this regard.
- (7) Orientation courses for administrators conducted in HEIs must have a module on gender sensitization and sexual harassment issues. Regular workshops are to be conducted for all sections of the HEI community.
- (8) Counselling services must be institutionalised in all HEIs and must have well trained full-time counsellors.
- (9) Many HEIs having large campuses have a deficit in lighting and are experienced as unsafe places by the institutional community. Adequate lighting is a necessary aspect of infrastructure and maintenance.
- (10) Adequate and well trained security including a good proportion or balance of women security staff is necessary. Security staff must receive gender sensitization training as a part of conditions of appointment.
- (11) HEIs must ensure reliable public transport, especially within large campuses between different sections of the HEI, hostels, libraries, laboratories and main buildings, and especially those that do not have good access for day scholars. Lack of safety as well as harassment is exacerbated when employees and students cannot depend on safe public transport. Reliable transport may be considered by HEIs to enable employees and students to work late in libraries, laboratories and to attend programmes in the evenings.
- (12) Residential HEIs should accord priority to construction of women's hostels. For the growing population of young women wishing to access higher education, hostel accommodation is desirable in both urban and rural areas and at all levels of higher education which provides a modicum of protection from harassment of all kinds.
- (13) Concern for the safety of women students must not be cited to impose discriminatory rules for women in the hostels as compared to male students. Campus safety policies should not result in securitization, such as over monitoring or policing or curtailing the freedom of movement, especially for women employees and students.
- (14) Adequate health facilities are equally mandatory for all HEIs. In the case of women this must include gender sensitive doctors and nurses, as well as the services of a gynaecologist.
- (15) The Women's Development Cells in colleges shall be revived and funded to be able to carry out the range of activities required for gender sensitizationand remain autonomous of the functioning of anti sexual harassment committees and ICCs. At the same time they shall extend their activities to include gender sensitization programmes in consultation with ICCs and help to disseminate antisexual harassment policies on campuses on a regular basis. The 'cultural' space and the 'formal academic space' need to collaborate to render these workshops innovative, engaging and non-mechanical.
- (16) Hostel Wardens, Provosts, Principals, Vice Chancellors, Legal Officers and other functionaries must be brought within the domain of accountability through amendments in the rules or Ordinances where necessary.
- 4. Grievance redressal mechanism.—(1) Every Executive Authority shall constitute an Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) with an inbuilt mechanism for gender sensitization against sexual harassment. The ICC shall have the following composition:-

(a) A Presiding Officer who shall be a woman faculty member employed at a senior level (not below a Professor in case of a university, and not below an Associate Professor or Reader in case of a college) at the educational institution, nominated by the Executive Authority;

Provided that in case a senior level woman employee is not available, the Presiding Officer shall be nominated from other offices or administrative units of the workplace referred to in sub-section 2(o);

Provided further that in case the other offices or administrative units of the workplace do not have a senior level woman employee, the Presiding Officer shall be nominated from any other workplace of the same employer or other department or organization;"

- (b) two faculty members and two non-teaching employees, preferably committed to the cause of women or who have had experience in social work or have legal knowledge, nominated by the Executive Authority;
- (c) Three students, **if the matter involves students**, who shall be enrolled at the undergraduate, master's, and research scholar levels respectively, elected through transparent democratic procedure;
- (d) one member from amongst non-government organisations or associations committed to the cause of women or a person familiar with the issues relating to sexual harassment, nominated by the Executive Authority.
- (2) At least one-half of the total members of the ICC shall be women.
- (3) Persons in senior administrative positions in the HEI, such as Vice- Chancellor, Pro Vice-Chancellors, Rectors, Registrar, Deans, Heads of Departments, etc., shall not be members of ICCs in order to ensure autonomy of their functioning.
- (4) The term of office of the members of the ICC shall be for a period of three years. HEIs may also employ a system whereby one –third of the members of the ICC may change every year.
- (5) The Member appointed form amongst the non-governmental organizations or associations shall be paid such fees or allowances for holding the proceedings of the Internal Committee, by the Executive Authority as may be prescribed.
- (6) Where the Presiding Officer or any member of the Internal Committee:
  - (a) contravenes the provisions of section 16 of the Act; or
  - (b) has been convicted for an offence or an inquiry into an offence under any law for the time being in force is pending against him; or
  - (c) he has been found guilty in any disciplinary proceedings or a disciplinary proceeding is pending against him; or
  - (d) has so abused his position as to render his continuance in office prejudicial to the public interest,

such Presiding Officer or Member, as the case may be, shall be removed from the Committee and the vacancy so created or any casual vacancy shall be filled by fresh nomination in accordance with the provisions of this section."

- 5. Responsibilities of Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) The Internal Complaints Committee shall:
- (a) provide assistance if an employee or a student chooses to file a complaint with the police;

- (b) provide mechanisms of dispute redressal and dialogue to anticipate and address issues through just and fair conciliation without undermining complainant's rights, and minimize the need for purely punitive approaches that lead to further resentment, alienation or violence;
- (c) protect the safety of the complainant by not divulging the person's identity, and provide the mandatory relief by way of sanctioned leave or relaxation of attendance requirement or transfer to another department or supervisor as required during the pendency of the complaint, or also provide for the transfer of the offender;
- (d) ensure that victims or witnesses are not victimised or discriminated against while dealing with complaints of sexual harassment; and
- (e) ensure prohibition of retaliation or adverse action against a covered individual because the employee or the student is engaged in protected activity.
- 6. The process for making complaint and conducting Inquiry The ICC shall comply with the procedure prescribed in these Regulations and the Act, for making a complaint and inquiring into the complaint in a time bound manner. The HEI shall provide all necessary facilities to the ICC to conduct the inquiry expeditiously and with required privacy
- 7. Process of making complaint of sexual harassment An aggrieved person is required to submit a written complaint to the ICC within three months from the date of the incident and in case of a series of incidents within a period of three months from the date of the last incident.

Provided that where such complaint cannot be made in writing, the Presiding Officer or any Member of the Internal Committee shall render all reasonable assistance to the person for making the complaint in writing;

Provided further that the ICC may, for the reasons to be accorded in the writing, extend the time limit not exceeding three months, if it is satisfied that the circumstances were such which prevented the person from filing a complaint within the said period."

Friends, relatives, Colleagues, Co-students, Psychologist, or any other associate of the victim may file the complaint in situations where the aggrieved person is unable to make a complaint on account of physical or mental in capacity or death.

- 8. Process of conducting Inquiry- (1) The ICC shall, upon receipt of the complaint, send one copy of the complaint to the respondent within a period of seven days of such receipt.
- (2) Upon receipt of the copy of the complaint, the respondent shall file his or her reply to the complaint along with the list of documents, and names and addresses of witnesses within a period of ten days.
- (3) The inquiry has to be completed within a period of ninety days from the receipt of the complaint. The inquiry report, with recommendations, if any, has to be submitted within ten days from the completion of the inquiry to the Executive Authority of the HEI. Copy of the findings or recommendations shall also be served on both parties to the complaint.
- (4) The Executive Authority of the HEI shall act on the recommendations of the committee within a period of thirty days from the receipt of the inquiry report, unless an appeal against the findings is filed within that time by either party.
- (5) An appeal against the findings or /recommendations of the ICC may be filed by either party before the Executive Authority of the HEI within a period of thirty days from the date of the recommendations.
- (6) If the Executive Authority of the HEI decides not to act as per the recommendations of the ICC, then it shall record written reasons for the same to be conveyed to ICC and both the parties to the proceedings. If on the other hand it is decided to act as per the recommendations of the ICC, then a show cause notice, answerable within ten days, shall be served on the party against whom action is decided to be taken. The Executive Authority of the HEI shall proceed only after considering the reply or hearing the aggrieved person.
- (7) The aggrieved party may seek conciliation in order to settle the matter. No monetary settlement should be made as a basis of conciliation. The HEI shall facilitate a conciliation process through ICC, as the

case may be, once it is sought. The resolution of the conflict to the full satisfaction of the aggrieved party wherever possible, is preferred to purely punitive intervention.

- (8) The identities of the aggrieved party or victim or the witness or the offender shall not be made public or kept in the public domain especially during the process of the inquiry.
- 9. Interim redressal-The HEI may,
- (a) transfer the complainant or the respondent to another section or department to minimise the risks involved in contact or interaction, if such a recommendation is made by the ICC;
- (b) grant leave to the aggrieved with full protection of status and benefits for a period up to three months;
- (c) restrain the respondent from reporting on or evaluating the work or performance or tests or examinations of the complainant;
- (d) ensure that offenders are warned to keep a distance from the aggrieved, and wherever necessary, if there is a definite threat, restrain their entry into the campus;
- (e) take strict measures to provide a conducive environment of safety and protection to the complainant against retaliation and victimisation as a consequence of making a complaint of sexual harassment.
- **10. Punishment and compensation-** (1) Anyone found guilty of sexual harassment shall be punished in accordance with the service rules of the HEI, if the offender is an employee.
- (2) Where the respondent is a student, depending upon the severity of the offence, the HEI may,-
  - (a) withhold privileges of the student such as access to the library, auditoria, halls of residence, transportation, scholarships, allowances, and identity card;
  - (b) suspend or restrict entry into the campus for a specific period;
  - expel and strike off name from the rolls of the institution, including denial of readmission, if the offence so warrants;
  - (d) award reformative punishments like mandatory counselling and, or, performance of community services.
- (3) The aggrieved person is entitled to the payment of compensation. The HEI shall issue direction for payment of the compensation recommended by the ICC and accepted by the Executive Authority, which shall be recovered from the offender. The compensation payable shall be determined on the basis of-
  - (a) mental trauma, pain, suffering and distress caused to the aggrieved person;
  - (b) the loss of career opportunity due to the incident of sexual harassment;
  - (c) the medical expenses incurred by the victim for physical, psychiatric treatment;
  - (d) the income and status of the alleged perpetrator and victim; and
  - (e) the feasibility of such payment in lump sum or in instalments.
- 11. Action against frivolous complaint.—To ensure that the provisions for the protection of employees and students from sexual harassment do not get misused, provisions against false or malicious complaints have to be made and publicised within all HEIs. If the ICC concludes that the allegations made were false, malicious or the complaint was made knowing it to be untrue, or forged or misleading information has been provided during the inquiry, the complainant shall be liable to be punished as per the provisions of sub-regulations (1) of regulations 10, if the complainant happens to be an employee and as per sub-regulation (2)

of that regulation, if the complainant happens to be a student. However, the mere inability to substantiate a complaint or provide adequate proof will not attract attention against the complainant. Malicious intent on the part of the complainant shall not be established without an inquiry, in accordance with the procedure prescribed, conducted before any action is recommended.

- 12. Consequences of non-compliance.—(1) The Commission shall, in respect of any institution that will fully contravenes or repeatedly fails to comply with the obligations and duties laid out for the prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment of employees and students, take one or more of the following actions after providing due notice: -
- (a) withdrawal of declaration of fitness to receive grants under section 12B of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956.
- (b) removing the name of the university or college from the list maintained by the Commission under clause (f) of section 2 of said Act, 1956;
- (c) withholding any grant allocated to the institution;
- (d) declaring the institution ineligible for consideration for any assistance under any of the general or special assistance programmes of the Commission;
- (e) informing the general public, including potential candidates for employment or admission, through a notice displayed prominently in the newspapers or other suitable media and posted on the website of the Commission, declaring that the institution does not provide for a zero tolerance policy against sexual harassment;
- (f) recommending the affiliating university for withdrawal of affiliation, in case of a college;
- (g) recommending the Central Government for withdrawal of declaration as an institution deemed to be university, in case of an institution deemed to be university;
- (h) recommending the appropriate State Government for withdrawal of status as university in case of a university established or incorporated under a State Act.
- (i) taking such other action within its powers as it may deem fit and impose such other penalties as may be provided in the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 for such duration of time till the institution complies with the provisions of these regulations.
- (2) No action shall be taken by the Commission under these regulations unless the Institution has been given an opportunity to explain its position and an opportunity of being heard has been provided to it.

[Advt.-III/4/Exty./53]

JASPAL S. SANDHU, Secy. UGC



# SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSIT

NAAC Accredited with Grade - 'A' (CGPA - 3.25) (23-01-2017 to 22-01-2022)

# **VALLABH VIDYANAGAR - 388 120 GUJARAT**

### CERTIFICATE (5.1.4)

This is to certify that The Anti-Ragging Cell at university level as per UGC Regulations on Curbing the Menace of Ragging in Higher Educational Institutions, 2009 was formed:

# Members Anti-Ragging Cell (2018-21)

Sr.	Name of Members	Designati	Contact No.s	
No.	Designation		(Office-02692)	
<u> </u>	Vice Chancellor	Chairman	226803	
2	Dr. Niranjan Patel	Nodal Officer	226827	
3 (a)	Registrar	Member Secretary	226801	
3 (b)	Head, Academic Section	Member Secretary	226805	
4 (a)	Head of the department	Dr. Sandip Bhatt Dept. of Business Studies	9879500416	
4 (b)	Principal of Institute/College	Dr. Vimal Joshi Shri R K Parekh Arts & Science College	9427004861	
5	Head of Women's Harassment cell	Dr. Pinakin Pandya	9662738972	
6	Non-Government Organisation (NGO)	Member	7002/307/2	
7	Media Personal	Nimishaben Panchal, Navgujarat SAmay	9275031237	

# Members Anti-Ragging Cell (2021-24)

Name of Members Vice Chancellor	Designation	Contact No.s	
Vice Chancellor			
vice Chancellor	C1 .	(Office-02692)	
	Chairman	226803	
Dr. Niranjan Patel	Nodal Officer	226827	
	Member Secretary	226801	
Head, Academic Section		226805	
Head of the department	Dr. Sandip Bhatt		
	Dept. of Business Studies	9879500416	
Principal of Institute/College	Dr. Vimal Joshi		
	Shri R K Parekh Arts &	9427004861	
		7 .27 00 1001	
Head of Women's Harassment cell		9662738972	
Non-Government Organisation (NGO)	Member	7002130712	
Media Personal	Nimishaben Panchal,	9275031237	
	Registrar Head, Academic Section Head of the department  Principal of Institute/College  Head of Women's Harassment cell Non-Government Organisation (NGO)  Media Personal	Registrar  Head, Academic Section  Member Secretary  Member Secretary  Dr. Sandip Bhatt Dept. of Business Studies  Dr. Vimal Joshi Shri R K Parekh Arts & Science College  Head of Women's Harassment cell Non-Government Organisation (NGO)  Member	

However, the university has not received any complaints regarding ragging. Each department has also an Anti-Ragging Committee and contact details of the members are displayed at entrance for ready contact by the students of that department. The departmental cell handles any such issues informally.

Professor and Head

Department of Sanskrit

Sardar Patel University Office : Sardar Patel University, Vallabh Vidyanagar - 388 120, Gujarat

Telephone: 02692 - 226801, Fax: 02692-236475, Email: registrar\_spu@spuvvn.edu

Website: www.spuvvn.edu

Vallabh Vidyanagar.



# SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

VALLABH VIDYANAGAR - 388 120 (GUJARAT) INDIA

## NAAC Accreditation CGPA 3.25 Grade - 'A'

Website: www.spuvvn.edu

Phone No. (02692) 226867, 226807

### MEMBERS OF ANTI-RAGGING CELL

## (Academic Year 2021-24)

Sr. No.	Name of Members	Designation	Contact Nos. (Office- 02692)
1	Vice - Chancellor	Chairman	226803
2	Dr. Niranjan Patel	Nodal Officer,C/O Dept. Of Sanskrit. S.P.University	226827
3(a)	Registrar	Member Secretary	226801
3(b)	Head, Academic Section	Member Secretary	226805
4(a)	Head of the Department	Dr. Sandip Bhatt, Head Dept. of Busi. Studies, S.P.University	9879500416
4(b)	Principal of Institute/College	Dr. R. G. Patel, Principal, R.A.Patel Science college, Bhadran	9427004811
5	Head of women's Harassment Cell	Dr. Pinakini Pandya, Prof. Dept. Of Gujarati, S.P.University	9662738972
6	Non-Government Organization (NGO)	Member	
7	Media Personal	Nimishaben Panchal, Navgujarat Samay B-211, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Flor, Shree Ram Arcade Complex, Gopal Crossing, Station Road, Anand	9375031237

No.D/B/2021-22/ 963 (1) Vallabh Vidyanagar Date:05-06-2021 Incharge Registrar