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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

SEMESTER END EXAM - 14

Subject Code: PA04EMSW05

Subject: NGO Management

Day- Saturday

Date- 16/11/2013

Time- 2.30 to 5.30

Total Marks: 70

Q.1 Kindly tick the most appropriate answer

1. Role of NGO involve

- a) to supplement government efforts and coordinate services and delivery system
- b) to make community self reliant and train a cadre of grass root level workers
- c) to disseminate information
- d) all of these

2. Chief characteristics of NGO are

- a) being registered under appropriate act
- b) having an administrative structure to govern the members without external control
- c) having definite objectives
- d) all of these

3. NGOs can be classified on the basis of

- a) charitable orientation
- b) participatory and service orientation
- c) empowering orientation
- d) all of these

4. Some advantages of NGO are

- a) ability to experiment freely with innovative approach
- b) ability to recruit both experts and highly motivated staff
- c) both of these
- d) none of these

5. Some disadvantages of NGO are

- a) paternatistic attitudes restricting participation in projects
- b) relatively small project coverage
- c) both of these
- d) none of these

6. NGO type by level of operation include

- a) community based organisation
- b) city wide organisation
- c) National and international organisation
- d) all of these

7. Selection process of MNGOs include

- a) Advertisement in two state level daily newspapers for the unallotted districts and field appraisal of eligible applicants
- b) meeting with state NGO committee and intimating state government
- c) both of these
- d) none of these

8. Primary responsibilities of state NGO committee include

- a) Selection of MNGOs recommending projects for approval by GOI and releasing grants in aid as per agreement
- b) mentoring MNGO performance and sending utilization certificates to GOI
- c) Both of these
- d) None of these

9. Some of the drawbacks for NGO efficacy are

- a) growth in the number of NGOs
- b) lack of effective collaboration among NGOs themselves
- c) nature of relationship between government and NGOs
- d) All of these

10. Societies Registration Act was enacted in

- a) 1860
- b) 1861
- c) 1862

d) 1863

Q.2 Enlist the different Acts of Registration for NGO and explain any one in detail

OR

Q.2 Elaborate the concept of creation of an NGO as a Trust

Q.3 Explain in detail the rights – power – duties and function of the governing council of a 'Society'

OR

Q.3 Enumerate the different objectives of NGO

Q.4 Write an essay on 'Types of NGO'

OR

Q.4 Highlight the barriers of effectiveness of NGOs with focus on role of NGOs in INDIA

Q.5 Write short note on any two

a) Registration Act for Trust

b) Important features of NGO

c) Basic eligibility for seeking grants from court

d) Sources of INCOME of NGO

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