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Sardar Patel University Vallabh Vidyanagar M Sc. II Sem. Examination

Subject: PS02CPHY03 Electrodynamics and Plasma Physics (OLD)
Day & Date: Friday, 13thApril 2018 Time: 2:00 to 5:00pm

Note: Symbols have their usual meaning

Max. Marks 70

I Choose the best possible answer from the choices given below each questions (8x1) (8)

- 1. According to Faraday's law, $-\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \oint B \cdot ds$ is equal to
 - (a) $\oint \nabla \times A d^3r$

(b) $\oint E. dl$

(c) ∮ *A. ds*

- $(d) \oint E. ds$
- 2. Find the direction of propagation of the electromagnetic wave whose electric field component is given by $\vec{E} = 20\sin(10^8 t kz)\hat{y} \text{ V/m}$.
 - (a) along x direction
- (b) along x-y plane
- (c) along y-z plane
- (d) along z direction
- 3. The magnetic polarization (magnetization), M results in a bound current J_b given by
 - (a) $J_b = \nabla M$
- (b) $J_b = \nabla XM$
- (c) $J_b = 4\pi M$
- -- (d) $J_b = -\nabla M$
- 4. In the case of an electromagnetic wave propagating through vacuum, its E and B components satisfy the relation given by
 - (a) E and B fields are in phase
- (b) E lags behind the B field
- (c) B lagsbehind E field
- (d) E and B fields lags behind by 90°.
- 5. A wave guide generally act as
 - (a) an attenuator

(b) low pass filter

(c) resonator

- (d) high pass filter
- 6. The Lawson criterion is related to
 - (a) fission reactor

(b) expansion of the universe

(c) fusion reactor

- (d) superconducting device
- 7. The condition $\nabla \cdot A = 0$ is known as
 - (a) Lorentz gauge condition
- (b) radiation gauge condition
- (c) Coulomb gauge condition
- (d) Axial gauge condition
- 8. Landau damping is an example of
 - (a) collision less damping
- (b) thermal loss in plasma
- (c) coulomb damping
- (d) acoustic damping

(P. T. O.)

Π Attempt any seven of the following short answer questions (7x2)(14)1. What are the boundary conditions satisfied by the E and B fields at the interface of two dielectric media. 2. Explain how Maxwell corrected the Ampere's law. 3. Define cut off frequency of a wave guide and give an expression for the cutoff wavelength of the dominant TE mode of propagation in a rectangular wave guide. 4. Obtain the Bolzmann equation from the kinetic theory of plasma and deduce it to Vlasov equation. 5. What is Cerenkov radiation? How is it different from synchrotron radiation? 6. Define retarded time, t_r and get an expression for retarded potentials. 7. Explain Lawson criterion with reference to thermonuclear fusion. 8. Derive continuity equation from Boltzmann equation.. Explain the formation of Plasma sheath. 9. III A. Define Poynting vector. How is it related to the intensity of the electromagnetic wave? Then derive expression for the radiation pressure. В. Discuss the Reflection and Transmission of electromagnetic plane waves at normal incidence and show that R+T=1. OR B. Obtain the dispersion relation for the electromagnetic plane wave propagating through a conducting medium. Deduce the real and imaginary parts of the propagation vector and interpret them separately with reference to the case of a very poor conducting and a good conducting medium. IV A. Define the retarded potentials and derive the generalized Coulomb's law. (6)Explain Lie'nard-Wiechert potentials. Derive the power radiated by a non-relativistically В. moving point charge. Draw its power distribution pattern. OR В. Find the potentials of a Hertzian dipole antenna. Derive its angular distribution of power radiated by this antenna. (6) VA. Study the TE waves in a rectangular wave guide and obtain expression for the cutoff frequency. Compute the lowest cutoff frequency for the TE modes operating at a frequency of 30GHz for the wave guide whose cross section is 1.0 cm x 2.0 cm. В. For an oscillating electric dipole derive the electric and magnetic components of the radiation fields and obtain an expression for the angular power distribution in the case of an electric dipole. Draw its radiation pattern. OR An air filled resonant cavity having dimensions a= 5 cm, b= 4 cm, and c= 10 cm is made of a В. conductor whose conductivity is 6x 10⁷ mhos/m. Determine its first few lowest order modes. (6) Discuss in detail plasma oscillations using kinetic theory of plasma. What additional VIA. information do you obtain by studying plasma using kinetic theory? (6)Define sheath in plasma and derive the Bohm Sheath criterion. В.

Discuss the ion acoustic shock waves based on Sagdeev potential.

B.

(6)

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