

[31]

Seat No.: _____

NO. OF PRINTED PAGES: 2

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M.Sc. (Semester-II) Examination

October-2016

Thursday 27/10/2016

Time: 10:00 AM to 1:00 PM

Subject: Mathematics

Course No. PS02EMTH04 (Mathematical Classical Mechanics)

Total Marks: 70

Note:

- (1) All questions (including multiple choice questions) are to be answered in the answer book only.
(2) Numbers to the right indicate full marks of the respective question.

Q-1 Choose most appropriate answer from the options given. (08)

- (1) For a conservative system, which one of the following is correct?
(a) total energy is constant (b) angular momentum is conserved
(c) linear momentum is conserved (d) none of these
- (2) Motion of a particle in a plane is _____ constraint
(a) a non-holonomic (b) a rheonomic (c) a holonomic (d) not a
- (3) Degrees of freedom for a spherical pendulum is
(a) 1 (b) 0 (c) 2 (d) 6
- (4) If Lagrangian does not depend on 't' explicitly then
(a) Lagrangian is conserved (b) Hamiltonian is conserved
(c) Hamiltonian is not conserved (d) energy function is conserved
- (5) A coordinate q_j is cyclic then,
(a) $\frac{\partial h}{\partial q_j} = 0$ (b) $\frac{\partial L}{\partial q_j} = 0$ (c) $\frac{\partial h}{\partial \dot{q}_j} = 0$ (d) $\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{q}_j} = 0$
- (6) Which one of the following is incorrect?
(a) $\dot{\eta} = J \frac{\partial H}{\partial \eta}$ (b) $\dot{p}_j = -\frac{\partial H}{\partial q_j}$ (c) $\frac{\partial H}{\partial \dot{q}_j} = 0$ (d) none of these
- (7) Which one of the following is incorrect?
(a) A symplectic matrix is invertible.
(b) Product of two symplectic matrices is also a symplectic matrix.
(c) Inverse of a symplectic matrix is also a symplectic matrix.
(d) A symplectic matrix is singular.
- (8) $\{p_1, q_2\} =$ _____ ; notations being usual
(a) 0 (b) 1 (c) $p_1 q_2$ (d) -1

Q-2 Answer any Seven. (14)

- (1) State the constraints for the motion of a particle on a circle.
- (2) State Lagrange's equations of motion when conservative force is present.
- (3) State condition for extremum of $I = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} L(y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n, \dot{y}_1, \dots, \dot{y}_n, x) dx$
- (4) State the condition for conservation of generalized momentum.
- (5) In usual notations show that $\frac{\partial H}{\partial t} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{dH}{dt} = 0$.
- (6) State the symplectic condition for a transformation to be canonical.
- (7) State transformation equations for a generating function of type F_3 .
- (8) Linearity property for Poisson brackets.
- (9) State fundamental Lagrange brackets.

- Q-3
- (a) State D'Alembert's principle and hence obtain equations of motion in the form (06)

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{q}_j} \right) - \frac{\partial T}{\partial q_j} = Q_j; j = 1, 2, \dots, n; \text{ notations being usual.}$$

- (b) If L is Lagrangian for a system, show that $L' = L + \frac{dF(q_1, q_2, \dots, q_n, t)}{dt}$ also satisfies (06)
 Lagrange's equations of motion.

OR

- (b) Giving all details obtain Lagrange's equations of motion for a simple pendulum.
- Q-4
- (a) State Hamilton's principle and hence derive Lagrange's equations of motion. (06)
- (b) Lagrangian of a system of one degree of freedom is given by (06)

$$L = \frac{1}{2}(\dot{r}^2 + r^2\dot{\theta}^2) + \frac{1}{r^2},$$
 find energy function. Is it conserved? Justify your answer.

OR

- (b) Using calculus of variations obtain the curve for minimum surface of revolution.
- Q-5
- (a) State Hamilton's modified principle and derive Hamilton's equations of motion (06)
 from it.
- (b) Obtain Lagrangian corresponding to the Hamiltonian $H = \frac{p_\theta^2}{2ml^2} - mgl \sin \theta$. (06)

OR

- (b) Discuss Routhian procedure giving a suitable example.
- Q-6
- (a) State and prove Jacobi identity for Poisson brackets. (06)
- (b) Show that two quantities $u(q, p, t)$ and $v(q, p, t)$ are constants of motion then (06)
 their Poisson bracket $[u, v]$ is also a constant of motion.

OR

- (b) Describe the method obtaining formal solution of a mechanical problem using Poisson bracket formalism.
