d. Small computer smart interface.

c. Small Computer small interface.

a. Small Computer System Interface.

b. Small Computer System Interconnection.

10. SCSI Stands for

10

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

External Examination (CBCS)

M. Sc. - Information Technology (Integrated)

IV^{th -} Semester (CBCS)

PS04CIIT02 - Data Communication & Networking

17th April, Monday - 2017

riine	Total Marks :70
Q-1	Select an appropriate option.
1.	"Interconnected collection of autonomous computers" is known as (a) Computer Network (b) Host (c) Subnet (d) Server
2.	Number of data elements sent from one device to another per second is known as (a) Bandwidth (b) Modulation Rate (c) Date Rate (d) None of these
3.	A computer network permits sharing of (a) Resources (b) Information (c) Both (a) & (b) (d) None of these
4.	Which of the following modulation requires the lowest bandwidth? (a) ASK (b) PSK (c) FSK (d) QPSK
5.	Transmission media are usually categorized as
6.	The layer lies between the network layer and the application layer. (a) Data link (b) Physical (c) Transport (d) None of these
7.	In Carrier Sense Multiple Access, if the station senses the medium before trying to use it then the chance of collision can be
8.	For Carrier Sense Multiple Access/Collision Detection, we need a restriction on the (a) Collision Size (b) Signal Size (c) Frame Size (d) Station Size
9.	The path that a satellite makes around the world is called (a) An orbit (b) A period (c) A footprint (d) An uplink
10.	is an example of circuit switching . (a) Wireless (b) Telephone network (c) Computer-to-Computer (d) Terminal-to-Computer

Q-2	Answer the following questions. (Attempt any TEN)	20
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11.	Define Computer Networks. Differentiate between Broadcasting and Multicasting. Differentiate between Bridge and Repeater. List the Modulation Techniques. List the seven layers of OSI. Write the full form: (i) DNS (ii) SMTP What is IP Datagram? Draw Figure for TCP Header. Write full form of CSMA/CD and CSMA/CA. Write the full form (i) FTP (ii) HTTP What is satellite? List categories of satellite. What is Physical topology and Logical topology?	
Q-3 (a) (b)	Discuss the importance of computer networking. What is LAN? List the characteristics of LAN.	5 5
	OR	
Q-3 (a) (b)	Write short note on fiber optics transmission media. Explain star topology with its advantages and disadvantages.	5 5
Q-4 (a) (b)	What is switching? Explain Packet switching in detail. What do you mean by Multiplexing? Differentiate between TDM and FDM.	5 5
0.4	OR	
Q-4 (a) (b)	What is switching? Explain Circuit switching in detail. Differentiate between OSI and TCP/IP.	5 5
Q-5 (a) (b)	Write a short note on TCP Segment Header. Write a short note on CSMA/CD.	5 5
0.5	OR	
Q-5 (a) (b)	Write a short note on IPv4 protocol. Explain TCP Connection Establishment.	5 5
Q-6	Write short note: (i) Wireless Networks (ii) Microwave Transmission	10
	OR	
Q-6	Write short note: (i) Geosynchronous satellite (ii) Radio Transmission	10

Page **2** of **2**

Subject Code: PSO4CIITO3

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M.Sc. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (Integrated)

[35/A-18]

Semester - 4

Wednesday, Date: 19th April 2017 Time: 10:00 A.M. to 1:00 P.M.

Session: Morning

Subject Title: Visual Programming Through VB.NET

Total Marks: 70

4					
1.		IIT is type of			
	А. В.	Interpreter Hardware	C. D.	Compiler	
2.		low in a windows forms appl			
	Α.	Form	· C.	J	
_	В.	Splash Screen	D.		
3.		3.Net a variable is declare us			
	Α.	Var		Namespace	
	В.	Class	D.	Dim	
4.		ult event of form is			
	A.	Load	C.	Unload	
_	В.	Click	D.	Unclick	
5.		mon code for the applicatior			
	Α.	Form		Class	
_	В.	Model	D.	Module	
6. .		kbox can appear as a			
	A.	Input box	C.	Message box	
	В.	Button	D.	Radio button	
7.		h symbol creates an access l	key in the	text of a menu item ?	
	Α.	%	C.		
	В.	\$	D.	#	
8.	Whic	h control display hierarchy o	of nodes?		
	A.	Label	С.	Multiline Textbox	
	В.	Scrollbar	. D.	Tree	
9.		method of comma	nd object	is used with aggregate functions.	
	Α.			ExecuteNonQuery()	
	В.	ExecuteXmlReader()	D.	•	
10.	Data	Sets are loaded from the da	tabase usi	ing the method.	
	A.	Read	C.	_	
	В.	Fill	D	Write	

Q2.	2. Answer the following short questions (Attempt any TEN) [20				
1.	List the types of project.	[20]			
2.	Define Boxing.				
3.	Explain CLR in brief.				
4.	Define the terms : i) property ii) method.				
5.	List any five events supported by Windows Form.				
6.	Differentiate between: Messagebox – Inputbox				
7.	Explain use of Timer control.				
8.	Explain use of picturebox control.				
9.	Differentiate between label and linklabel.				
10.	State the use of Connection object?				
11.	What is Dataset object?				
12.	Mention different types of data providers available in ADO.NET Framework.				
Q3.	Explain .NET Architecture in detail with diagram.	[10]			
	OR				
Q3.	Explain IDE in detail with diagram in detail.	[10]			
Q4.a.	What is procedure? How the procedures are declared? Explain the ways of	[05]			
	passing arguments with example.				
b.	Explain ForNext in detail with example.	[05]			
	OR				
Q4.a.	Explain Form life cycle in detail.	[05]			
b.	What is MDI form? Explain how it differs from normal form in details? Which	[05]			
	property has to be set to make a form of the MDI parent form?				
Q5.a.	Explain how Exceptions are handled in detail with example.	[05]			
b.	Explain textbox and button controls in detail.	[05]			
	OR				
Q5.a.	Write down the steps to add menu on the form. Explain any four properties of it.	[05]			
b.	Explain listbox and combobox controls in detail.	[05]			
Q6.a.	State and explain the four common SQL commands used to retrieve and modify	[05]			
f.	data in a SQL Database.	roe1			
b.	Explain the steps to bind the application with the Database in ADO.NET OR	[05]			
Q6.a.	Explain methods of Command object in detail.	[05]			
b.	Explain the connected architecture of ADO.NET in brief.	[05]			



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M.Sc.IT (Integrated) Examination, 4th Semester Friday, 21st April, 2017. Time: 10:00 A.M to 01:00 P.M

Subject Code: PS04CIIT04

Subject: Relational Database Management System-II

Total Marks: 70

Q.1	Mult	iple Choice Questions	[10]
	1.	A relation is said to be in BCNF when (a) it has overlapping composite keys (b) it has no composite keys (c) it has no multi-valued dependencies (d) it has no overlapping composite keys which have related attributes	
	2.	The process of normalization (a) is automatic using a computer program. (b) requires one to understand dependency between attributes. (c) is manual and requires semantic information. (d) is finding the key of a relation. 	
	3.	In which control structure, no need to declare to memory variable? (a) if (b) while (c) for (d) None of these	
	4.	A marks a sequence of statements that has to be repeated. (a) End (b) Loop (c) Continue (d) goto	
	5.	A is Execute automatically when an associated DML statement is execute (a) procedure (b) function (c) trigger (d) replace	ed.
	6.	A can must have return statement. (a) Function (b) procedure (c) trigger (d) none of this	
	7.	A is an oracle object, which holds other objects in it. (a) trigger (b) procedure (c) function (d) package	
	8.	Fetch statement retrievesrows at a time.	
		(a) one (b) two (c) three (d) more than three	
	9.	Which of the following is not a cursor attribute? (a) %rowtype (b) %found (c) %rowcount (d) %isopen	
	10.	type of parameter used to only send values to stored procedures. (a) IN (b) OUT (c) INOUT (d) none of above	

Q.2	Short	Questions (Any Ten) 1. What is Trigger? List types of trigger. 2. List out the parameter of Procedure. 3. What is Transitive Dependencies explain with Example. 4. List out the consequences of poor database design. 5. Explain SELECTINTO statement available in PL/SQL. 6. What is Package?List parts of Package. 7. What is the need of normalization? 8. Define: %type and %rowtype. 9. Explain Case statement in brief. 10. Define Variable and Constant. 11. Explain the use of EXIT WHEN in brief 12. List Explicit/Implicit cursor attributes.	[20]
Q.3	a) b)	What is Normalization? Explain 1 st normal form with example. Explain BCNF in detail?	[05] [05]
Q.3	a) b)	OR What is Normalization? Explain 2 nd normal form.,with Example. Explain 3 rd Normal with suitable example.	[05] [05]
Q.4		Explain Control Structure in detail.	[10]
		OR	
Q.4		Explain PL/SQL block with taking one example. How to declare variable and access value of the variable from user. Explain with appropriate syntax and example. And how to print user defined message on to the screen.	[10]
Q.5	a) b)	List and explain explicit cursor attributed with suitable example. Explain following statements for explicit cursors: (a)open b) fetch.	[05] [05]
		OR	
Q.5	a) b)	Explain raise_application_error with syntax and example. Explain Cursor For Loop with example.	[05] [05]
Q.6	a) b)	Explain Procedure with syntax and example. Explain Trigger with syntax and example.	[05] [05]
	2	OR	FA = **
Q.6	a) b)	Explain Function with syntax and example. Explain different parameter used in procedure with example.	[05] [05]

All the Best

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY
Sc. Information To 1

C1/A-5]

M.Sc. Information Technology (Integrated) SEMESTER-IV

External Examination - April 2017 PS04EIIT01 - Cyber Security

24th April 2017

Time:10:00 A.M. to 12.00 Noon

Marks:70

[8]

Q1	4	Give answers of following Multiple of		=
	1	has been sent from another source	rs to	originate from one source but actually
			D	hand-
		A spoofed	B D	junk
	2	C spam		trash
	2	When an unauthorized person uses the	e inte	ernet nours paid for by another person
		then it is called	ъ	
•		A password sniffing		internet time theft
		C illegal access		internet time left
	3	i	nter	est in computers who enjoys learning
		and experimenting with them.		
		A phreaker	В	cracker
		C hacker	D	war dialer
	4	is a collation of softwa	are :	robots that run autonomously and
		automatically.		
		A adware	В	spam
		C DDos	D	botnet
	5	is a full-featured, PDA si	ized	computer running a general purpose
		operating system.		
		A ultramobile pc	В	internet tablet
		C smartphone	D	PDA
	6	A typical mishing attacker uses call	ter	med as or message(SMS)
		known as smishing.		
		A D-Dos	В	vishing
		C virus	D	phishing
	7	is a code injection techn	ique	that exploits a security vulnerability
		occurring in the database layer of an ar		
		A MYSQL injection	В	POST injection
		C SQL injection	D	GET injection
	8	is a tool that atte	mpts	to make activity on the internet
		untraceable.	-	·
		A covering tracks	В	G-zapper
		C clickjacking	D	anonymizer

Q2		Do as directed (Any 7)	[14]
	1	What are the different types of cyber criminals?	
	2	Explain salami attack with example.	
	3	Explain how stalking works.	
	4	List any three risks associated with cloud computing environment.	
	5	Explain the following terms: (a) Dos attack, (b) BlueJacking	
	6	How to protect from smishing attackes?	
	. 7	Explain registry settings for mobile devices.	
	8	List out advantages of antikeyloggers.	
	. 9	What are the symptoms of DoS attack?	
Q3 [A]		Explain credit card fraud in detail	[6]
Q3 [B]		How do we classify cybercrimes? Explain in detail.	[6]
,		OR	
Q3 [B]		Explain global co-operation required in fighting against cybercrime.	[6]
			~ -
Q4 [A]		Explain cyberstalking.	[2]
Q4 [B]		List and explain security measures for computer system.	[6]
-C LJ		OR	[6]
Q4 [B]		Explain how criminal plan the attack.	[6]
- - 4	:		[o]
Q5 [A]		What is Bluetooth? List and explain Bluetooth tools and Bluetooth specific	[2]
ζυ [11]		security issues.	[6]
UE IDI		*	F 4 7
Q5 [B]		Explain operating guidelines for implementing mobile device security policies.	[6]
r		OR	
Q5 [B]		Explain the factors contribute for outbreaks on mobile devices.	[6]
Q6 [A]		How to protect from Trojan horses and backdoors?	[6]
Q6 [B]		Explain steps to perform SQL injection.	
V- [~]		OR	[6]
Q6 [B]			C / 7
ζυ [b]		What do you mean by phishing? How phishing works?	[6]

Page 2 of 2

[54/A-27]

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M.Sc. IT (Integrated) – IVth SEMESTER (CBCS)

PS04FIIT01: Computer Based Numerical and Statistical Methods

Date	:11/0	4/2017	Time: 10:00	AM to	1:00 PM M	lax Marks : 70
Q:1	Write	e answers of follow	ing Multiple Ch	oice	Questions :	[10]
[01]		the following Lagrange's Bisection	method	(B)	iterative method. False position None of these	,
[02]	(A)	eal root of an equat 0 and 1 2 and 3	$x^3 - 2x - 5$	(B)	ne root lies between 1 and 2 None of these	·
[03]	equat (A)	the following tion f(x) = 0. False position Bisection	method		best method to obtain roo Newton's Raphson None of these	t of
[04]	that t	e formulae of inter he given data can b Equation Polynomial		a (B)	n the fundamental assump Algorithm Extrapolation	tion
[05]	(A)	depends on x can l f(x y) f(x) or y _x	oe written as _		f(y x)	
[06]	The _	is called the b \emptyset	ackward differ	ence (B) (D)		
[07]	We ca (A) (C)	an find solution of s Gauss-Seidel met Bisection method	hod	, alge (B)	braic equations using Newton-Raphson method None of these	
[80]		ystem of linear equ od only if A =0 A≠0	ation AX = B ca	n be	solved by matrix inversion A ≠0 A is symmetric	
[09]	Seaso (A) (C)	nal variation mean A number of year Parts of a year		occui (B) (D)	ring within Parts of a month Parts of a day	
[10]	A time (A) (C)	e series is a set of d Periodically At successive poir		(B) (D)	At time or space intervals All the above	3

Q:2 Answer the following short questions: Attempt Any Ten

[20]

- [01] What is Absolute Error?
- [02] Write stopping rules to obtain approximate solution for given nonlinear equations.
- [03] Use the False Position method to obtain approximate solution of the equation $x^3 9x + 1 = 0$.
- [04] Write algorithm for Backward Difference Table.
- [05] What is Extrapolation?
- [06] Explain Central Difference Method.
- [07] List various Direct and Iterative Methods.
- [08] If x lies in the lower half of the table and if $x_{k-1} < x < x_k$, then what is $\frac{dy(x)}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y(x)}{dx^2}$?
- [09] If x lies in the upper half of the table and if $x = x_k$, then what is $\frac{dy(x)}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y(x)}{dx^2}$?
- [10] List Utilities of Time Series.
- [11] What do you mean by Cyclic Variation?
- [12] List Components of Time series.
- Q:3 [A] Solve the following example using Bisection Method. [06] $X^3 4X 9 = 0$ lies between 2.625 and 2.75. Find the root correct to three significant digits.
 - [B] Explain False Position Method.

[04]

<u>OR</u>

- Q:3 [C] Solve the following example using Newton Raphson Method. [06] $X^3 X 4 = 0$ Find the root correct to three decimal places.
 - [D] Write algorithm for Iterative (Successive Approximation) Method. [04]
- Q:4 [A] Given the table of values are as follow:

[05]

X	2.0	2.25	2.50	2.75	3.0
Y (X)	9.00	10.06	11.25	12.56	14.00

Find Y (2.35) using Newton's Forward Formula.

[B] Given the table of values are as follow:

[05]

X	0	1	2	3
Y (X)	0	2	8	27

Find Y (2.5) using Lagranges Method.

OR

Q:4 [C] Given the table of values are as follow:

X	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5
Y (X)	9.75	12.45	15.70	19.52	23.75

Find Y(4.25) using Newton's Backward Formula.

The following table gives the census population of a town for the years [D] [05] 1891 to 1931. Estimate the population for the year 1895 by using an appropriate interpolation formula.

Year : X	1891	1901	1911	1921	1931
Population : Y	46	66	81	93	101
(in thousands)				·	

Q:5 [A] Solve the following system of equations using Matrix Inversion Method.

[05]

$$2X_1 - 2X_2 + 5X_3 = 13$$

$$2X_1 + 3X_2 + 4X_3 = 20$$

$$3X_1 - X_2 + 3X_3 = 10$$

The Distance(s) covered by a car in a given Time (t) is given in the [B] following table:

[05]

Time (Minutes)	10	12	16	17	22
Distance (Km)	12	15	20	22	32

Find the Speed of the car at t = 14 minutes.

<u>OR</u>

Explain the Gauss-Seidel Method for solution of system of linear Q:5 [C] [05]equations.

[05]

		,			
x	0.50	0.75	1.00	1.25	1.50
y = f(x)	0.13	0.42	1.00	1.95	2.35

Find f'(0.75).

Obtain the Trend from the Time Series given below by Method of Q:6 [A] Moving Average of 3 years and 5 years.

[10]

Year	Y	Year	Y
1961	500	1966	560
1962	540	1967	600
1963	550	1968	640
1964	530	1969	620
1965	520	1970	640

<u>OR</u>

Q:6 [B] List Various Forecasting Models. Explain any Three in detail.

[10]