## [79]

## Sardar Patel University

## M.Sc. Industrial Biotechnology Semester I Examination Paper: Bioinstrumentation (PS01CIBT02) December 1, 2012. Saturday

	e: Figures at the right indicate marks.	Max	. Marks: 70	
Q.1 i)	.1 Choose the most appropriate answer Resolution of microscope is limited by the a) numerical aperature b) wavelength c) both 'a' and	l'b' d) non	(08 e	
ii)	Electron gun of electron microscope  a) is a triode b) has two cathodes and one anode c) both 'a' and 'b' d) has two anodes and one cathode			
iii)	In Adsorption chromatography stationary phase is a) liquid b) solid c) either liquid or solid	d) none		
iv)	Which of the following rotors present the shortest possible path-length for a sedimenting particle during centrifugation?  a) swinging bucket rotor b) fixed angle rotor c) vertical tube rotor d) Elutriator rotor			
v)	The role of 2-mercaptoethanol in sample preparation buffer for SDS-PAGE is:  a) to provide negative charge to proteins  b) to maintain protein in native state c) to reduce disulphide bonds d) to enhance solubility of proteins			
vi)	can be eliminated by performing scintillation based quant of radioactivity in dark.		tation	
9	a) chemiluminescence b) color quenching c) optical quenching d) phosphorescence			
vii) Which spectroscopic technique will you employ to determine the functional groups in a molecule?			es of	
	a) NMR b) ESR c) AAS d) IR			
viii)	ESR spectroscopy is useful in     a) determination of proton environments in a molecule     b) quantification of metal ions in a sample     c) determination of mass of a molecule     d) analysis of paramagnetic substances			

Q.2		(14
	a) Define: aberration of lens.	970.00
	<ul> <li>b) Differentiate between bonded phase and liquid-liquid chromatograph;</li> </ul>	V.
	<ul> <li>c) Explain the term 'intereference' in microscopy.</li> </ul>	
	d) 'GLC columns after packing must be conditioned before use'. Explain	1.
	e) Explain the term: Electroendoosmosis.	300
	<ul> <li>f) Explain significance of slit-width in UV-Visible Spectroscopy.</li> </ul>	
	g) Define: Molar extinction coefficient.	
	h) What is SI unit of radioactivity? Give its definition.	
	i) Define: Svedberg unit.	
Q.3	a Write a brief account on specialized community of	
×	microscopy,	(06)
	<ul> <li>Explain the construction of an electro-magnetic lens.</li> </ul>	(06)
	OR OR	
	<ul> <li>Explain the scanning modes in scanning-tunneling microscopy.</li> </ul>	(06)
Q.4	a. Write a note on: Detectors used in GLC	(06)
	<ul> <li>b. Write a note on: Gel permeation chromatography</li> </ul>	(06)
2.0	OR	
	b. Write a note on: Ion-exchange chromatography	(06)
Q.5	a. Discuss basic theory of NMR and enlist its applications.	(06)
	<ul> <li>b. Write a note on: Detectors employed in UV-Visible spectroscopy.</li> </ul>	(06)
	OR	(44)
	<ul> <li>Give a comparison between atomic absorption and atomic emission</li> </ul>	(06)
	spectroscopy. Describe any one method of atomization in detail.	35.57
Q.6	a. Write a note on: Ultra-centrifugation and its applications.	(06)
	<ul> <li>Discuss factors influencing scintillation counting in detail.</li> </ul>	(06)
	OR	(2,53)
	b. Write a note on: Biosensors	(06)
	V V V V V V V V	307