(A-3)

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M. Sc. -Integrated Biotechnology – Tenth Semester Examination Wednesday, 1st November 2017 Time: 10:00 am to 01:00 pm

PS10CIGEB3: Environmental Engineering

o 4		Tota		ıl Marks – 70	
Q.1		Mark the right answer of following questions.			
	1.	Maximum specific substrate utilization rate is equale to			
		a. μ_m/rsu b. $\text{rsu} \times K_s / XS$ c. μ / Y	d. μ_m/Y	$\mathbf{e.} \; \mathbf{r_g}/Y$	
	2.	2. In chemical oxidation of ammonia is the major disa	idvantage.	-	
		a. Lower E° b. Production of HCl c. Production of o	rganochlorine	d. b & c both	
	3.				
		a. H ₂ O ₂ is difficult to handle c. Iron is abunda			
		b. Radiation of Fe ⁺³ ion produce Fe ⁺² d. Can degrade	/ mineralize nitrol	benzene & 2,4 D	
	4.		<u>.</u>		
			with densities cl	ose to H ₂ O	
			l of suspended so		
	5.				
		a. 0 b. 1 c. Infinity d. 0.1			
	6.	 Which factor is significant before selecting dewatering device 			
			roperty of dewate	ered product	
		b. Type of sludge d. All of these	. • • •	r	
	7.				
		Which factor is important for heat transfer in heat drying?a. Velocity turbulenceb. Turbulence and	l area of wetted si	urface	
		b. Sludge – air interface d. All of these			
	8.	B. Grit accumulation in front of bar is one of the disadvantage of	type o	f bar screen.	
		a. Chain driven screen c. Reciprocating			
		b. Catenary screen d. Continuous be			
Q.2	Ans	Answer the following questions. (ANY SEVEN OUT OF NINE)		[14]	
	1.	. What is in-line and off-line flow equalization?	ation?		
	2.	What are the advantages of heat drying sludge treatment processes?			
	3.	Enlist advanced oxidation processes. Write any two main advantages of AOPs.			
	4.	What is membrane fouling? What are the solutions of it?			
	5.	Differentiate substrate driven and endogenous driven denitrification process.			
	6.	Write any four examples of disinfectant agents with their mode of action.			
	7.	Explain rate of utilization of soluble substrate and biomass yield.			
	8.	Write advantages of membrane technologies.			
	9.		vantages of sludge thickening processes?		

Q.3	A.	In textile industry, aeration tank of effluent treatment plant, volume of aeration tank is 330 m ³ and the influent rate is 990m^3 d ⁻¹ . The influent nbVSS and the reactor bsCOD concentrations are 2g/m^3 and 40g/m^3 respectively. Aeration tank biomass concentration is 3300g/m^3 . If the f_d and k_d are 0.10, determine the observed yield and net biomass yield. (Kinetic coefficient values for bsCOD: k is 6g bsCOD/gVSS·d, k_s is 50mg/l·bsCOD and Y is 0.4mg/sS/mg/hsCOD .				
	В.	is 0.4mgVSS/mg·bsCOD) What are the advantages of biological denitrification? Write stoichiometry and	[06]			
		microbiology of nitrogen removal process.				
	В.	OR Write the process and role of microorganisms in biological phosphorus removal.				
Q.4	A,	Outline advantages, disadvantages and process of reverse osmosis and micro filtration processes used in wastewater treatment.	[06]			
	В.	Write short notes on: 1. Chemical neutralization 2. Coagulation and flocculation of wastewater treatment process	[06]			
		OR				
	В.	Summarize various physical unit processes used for industrial wastewater treatment.	[06]			
Q.5	A.	What are the needs of MEE? Write the components, process and types of multi effect evaporator.	[06]			
	В.	Write classification of filtration process. Give an account on depth filtration process used to treat industrial effluent.	[06]			
	В.	What is the need of dechlorination process? Outline disinfection process of tertiary wastewater treatment process.	[06]			
Q.6	A.	Why dewatering of sludge is required? Explain types, process, advantages and disadvantages of sludge dewatering processes.	[06]			
	В.	Explain gravity thickening, floatation thickening and centrifugal thickening processes of sludge in detail.	[06]			
	_	OR				
	В.	Write short notes on:	[06]			
		 Up-gradation of existing effluent treatment plant Grit chamber 				