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SEAT No.\_

## SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M. Sc. Integrated Biotechnology (IGBT) 6<sup>th</sup> Semester Theory Exam – April 2018 PS06CIGB03 – Industrial Microbiology (NEW) 13<sup>th</sup> April 2018 (Friday), 2:00 pm to 5:00 pm

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: (1) All the Questions are compulsory. (2) Figures on the right indicate marks.

Q.1.	Choose the correct option	1x8 =	8		
	(i) Which of the screening technique used for the isolation of microorganisms				
	producing growth factors?				
	[A] Enrichment technique	[B] Auxanography			
	[C] Crowded plate technique	[D] Use of indicator dyes.			
	(ii) are some chemicals when added to certain fermentations are directly				
	incorporated into desired produc	[B] Inducers			
	[A] Buffers	[D] Inhibitors			
	[C] Precursors	lase enzyme on industrial scale is carried out			
		lase enzyme on moustral scale is carried out			
	using [A] Bacteria	[B] Fungi			
	[C] Both A & B	[D] None of these			
	(iv) The most widely used chemical for protoplast fusion, as fusogen, is				
	[A] Manitol	[B] phenylglycine			
	[C] Sorbitol	[D] Poly ethylene glycol			
	(v) K <sub>L</sub> a determination by dynamic methods of gassing out procedure is				
	[A] increasing the supply of air to the fermenter				
	[B] stopping the supply of air to the fermenter				
	[C] decreasing the supply of air				
	[D] none of these				
	(vi) During sterilization the Maillar	d-type browning reaction which results in			
	discoloration of the medium as	well as loss of nutrient quality caused by			
	[A] the reaction of carbonyl group	ups, usually from non-reducing sugars, with the			
	amino groups of amino acid	s and proteins			
	(R) the reaction of carbonyl gro	ups, usually from reducing sugars, with the amino			
	groups of amino acids and p				
	[C] the reaction of carbonyl gro	ups, usually from proteins, with the amino groups			
	of proteins	wps, ssamily manner, manner, and the same state of the same state			
	Di the resettion of corbanyl gro	ups, usually from non-reducing sugars, with the			
	amino groups of nucleotide	late and control flow of liquid and gas?			
		regulate and control flow of liquid and gas?  [B] Valves			
	[A] Inlet Air Filter				
	[C] Exhaust point	[D] Exhaust Air Filter			

P.T.O.

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	(viii) Identify the correct sequence during the industrial production of product.	
	[A] Inoculation, screening, fermentation, downstream processing, removal of waste	
	[B] Screening, Inoculation, fermentation, downstream processing, removal of waste	
	[C] Fermentation, screening, inoculation, removal of waste, downstream processing	÷
	[D] Fermentation, inoculation, inoculation, removal of waste, downstream processing	
Q.2.	Attempt any Seven of the following	2x7 = 14
	(a) Draw neatly labeled diagram of fermenter.	
	(b) Write a role of pH indicator stains in media for screening with examples.	
	(c) Define partition coefficient.	•
	(d) Define absolute filters and depth filters.	
	(e) Define the terms: Solid-state fermentation and submerged fermentation.	
	(f) Write the steps of oxygen transfer from air bubble to the cell.	
	(g) Enlist the applications of citric acid.	•
	(h) Write a note on use of precursors as a raw material in fermentation medium.	
	(i) Define Screening and Enlist different techniques of primary screening.	·
Q. 3.	[A] Discuss in detail the technique used for primary screening of Antibiotic producing organisms.	g [06]
	[B] Discuss strain improvement with suitable examples for the isolation of induced mutant producing improved yield of primary metabolites.	[06]
Q. 3.	[B] Enlist various methods of preservation of industrially important microorganisms. Explain any one method in detail.	[06]
Q. 4.	[A] Explain in detail batch sterilization of media.	[06]
	[B] Discuss in detail various nitrogen sources used in fermentation medium and Factors influencing the choice of nitrogen source.	[06]
Q. 4.	[B] Discuss in detail various carbon sources used in fermentation medium and Factor influencing the choice of carbon source	rs [06]
Q. 5.	<ul><li>[A] Enlist different types of impeller and sparger and explain them in detail.</li><li>[B] Write a note on scale up.</li></ul>	[06] [06]
Q. 5.	OR  [B] What is K127 Discuss Sulphite evidation technique for determination of V. a.	F0.63
	[B] What is K <sub>L</sub> a? Discuss Sulphite oxidation technique for determination of K <sub>L</sub> a.	[06]
Q. 6.	<ul> <li>[A] Explain in detail the fermentative production of amylase.</li> <li>[B] Discuss in detail the Ion exchange chromatography for product recovery.</li> </ul> OR	[06] [06]
Q. 6.	[B] Explain in detail citric acid production by surface culture?	[06]

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