



## SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

## M. Sc. -Integrated Biotechnology – Eight Semester Examination Tuesday, 29<sup>th</sup> March 2016 Time: 02:30 pm to 05:30 pm PS08CIGGB1: Applied Environmental Biotechnology

		Total Marks 70
Q.1		Mark the right answer of following questions. [08]
	1.	In oxidation pond/facultative pond which function is carried out by algae.
		a. Increase pH b. Fixation of N <sub>2</sub> c. Phosphorus deposition d. None of these e. All of these
	2.	In bioassay, Acetylcholine esterase is categorized as reliable marker to
		detect pesticide pollution.
		a. Bacterial b. Algal c. Bioluminescent d. Molecular e. None of these
	3.	Why anaerobic digestion/biomethanation process has strong buffering capacity?
		a. Due to bicarbonates production c. Due to ammonia production
		b. Due to VFA production d. All of these
	4.	Determine bsCOD of ASP, when the flow rate is 50m <sup>3</sup> , MLSS concentration is 250g/m <sup>3</sup> ,
		Volume of the reactor is 150m <sup>3</sup> and F/M ratio is 5.
		<b>a.</b> 150g/m <sup>3</sup> <b>b.</b> 3750g/m <sup>3</sup> <b>c.</b> 416.66g/m <sup>3</sup> <b>d.</b> None of these
	5.	Biological marker is used in dairy industry to detect fecal contamination.
		a. Carprosterol b. Coprostanol c. Coprosterrin d. Coprophenol
	6.	In settling process particles remain in fixed position respect to each other.
		a. Zone settling b. Discrete settling c. Flocculent settling d. Compression
	7.	From the following which compounds are used in vegetable tanning?
		I) Pyrogallol II) Scleroprotein III) Chromium IV) Pyrogallic acid V) Polyphenolic compound
		a. I & II are correct c. I & IV are correct
		b. I, II & III are correct d. I, IV & V are correct
	8.	The C:N ration of organic materials tends to during composting process.
		a. Increase b. Remain constant c. Decrease d. Fluctuate with stages
Q.2	Ans	swer the following questions. (ANY SEVEN OUT OF NINE) [14]
	1.	Define biofuel. Write disadvantages of biofuel.
	2.	Which biological markers are used in dairy industry?
	3.	What levels are decided by EPA for pollution monitoring?
	4.	What are the disadvantages of anaerobic digestion process?
	5.	Write advantages and types of biofertilizers.
	6.	What are the impacts of dairy industrial effluent?
	7.	Explain genotoxicity/cytotoxicity rating used for monitoring of pollution with suitable example.
	8.	What is bio-fouling? How bio-fouling can be controlled?
	9.	Explain microbial syntrophic relationship of anaerobic digestion.

Q.3	A.	Explain standard physiological parameters of composting process. Discuss the process and significant factors of vermicomposting.	[06]
	B.	Write a brief note on factors affecting anaerobic digestion process.	[06]
		OR	
	В.	Write the pathway of methanogenesis from CO <sub>2</sub> to CH <sub>4</sub> in brief. Outline the microbiology of anaerobic digestion/biomethanation process.	[06]
Q.4	A.	What is the composition of organic part of sludge? Write a note on biology of activated sludge process.	[06]
	В.	What are the disadvantages of attached growth system? Write a detailed note on trickling filter technology process.	[06]
		OR	
	B.	What are the key features of UASB? Write a note on significant design consideration of UASB process.	[06]
Q.5	A.	Outline the general physicochemical treatment processes of preliminary and primary treatment processes in brief.	[06]
	B.	Write short notes on: 1) Nature and sources of water pollutants	[06]
		2) Detection methods for pathogenic microbes of sewage	
		OR	
	В.	Write a detailed note on analytical methods which are used to check strength of water pollution	[06]
).6	A.	Discuss the impacts and treatment processes of tannery industrial effluent.	[06]
	B.	What is Kraft pulping? Outline effluent treatment processes of paper and pulp industry.  OR	[06]
	B.	Write the examples of groups of commercial dyes. Summarize various wastewater treatment processes used in dye industry.	[06]

-X-----