Seat Number: _ (38)

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M. Sc. (Genetics) – Fourth Semester Examination (CBCS) Wednesday, 20th March, 2019 10:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m.

		PS04CGEN22: Animal Genetics and Genetic Counseing Total Marks: 70	
Note:	(1)	Figures to the right indicate marks. Draw a neat and labeled diagram, wherever necessary.	
Q-1		Choose the most appropriate answer from the four alternatives given:	[08]
	i.	In cattle and buffalo, the male and female animal is known as &respectively.	
		(a) Dam and sire (b) Sire and dam	
		(c) Dam and calf (d) Bull and Cow	
	ii.	The temperature of water jacket of artificial vagina is	
		(a) 37° C (b) 45° C (c) 40° C (d) 52 ° C	
	iii.	The number of available fertilized eggs that are used in microinjection are derived	
		through the process called as	
		(a) In vitro fertilization (b) Superovulation (c) Oestrus cycle (d) Artificial insemination	
	iv.	When lyposomes used for transfection, the method is known as	
		(a) Lipofection (b) Lipoduction (c) Lysoginization (d) Lipoplexes	
	v.	is not a model for abnormal Behavior?	
-		(a) Statistical Model (b) Court Model	
		(c) Sociological and Psychological Model (d) Physiological or Biological Model	
	vi.	theorem is very useful in Genetic counseling/screening.	
		(a) Medarex (b) Nexia (c) Kirin (d) Thomas Bayes	
	vii.	should be clearly indicated with arrow.	
		(a) Proband (b) Propositus (c) Both a and b (d) Deceased	
•	viii.	•	
		(a) Consanguinity and Incest (b) Adoption and genetic disorders	
		(c) Disputed Paternity (d) All of these	F4 43
Q-2		Answer any SEVEN from the following:	[14]
	1.	Write examples of cryoprotectant used for germ cell storage.	
	2.	Enlist most common genetic diseases of cattle.	<u>_</u>
		1.1 Liting found in huffeloes	[P.T.O.

3. Name structural chromosomal abnormalities found in buffaloes.

4. Define the terms transgene and transgenics. 5. Write various physical methods for the transfer of gene. 6. What is genetic counseling? 7. Name Non – clinical genetic counsellor work settings. 8. What are triple tests? Write its importance in genetic counseling? 9. Who are the providers of genetic counseling? Q-3 A. Write short notes on the following: (1). Bovine citrullinemia [03] (2). Define the terms Mixoploidy, chimerism and polyandry. [03] B. Enlist various banding techniques. Describe Giemsa banding in detail. [06] OR B. Write short notes on the following: (1). Artificial insemination [3] (2). Progeny testing [3] Q-4 A. Discuss applications of Transgenic animal technology. [06]B. Describe chemical based methods for the gene transfer in animals. [06] OR B. Write short notes on the following: (1) Transgenic mice. [3] (2) Viral mediated gene transfer [3] Q-5 A. Enlist various steps in genetic counseling. Explain most crucial step in any genetic [06]counseling. B. Give an overview of risk evaluation during genetic counselling. [06] B. What are the common ethical issues for families. [06]Q-6 A. By giving suitable examples explain indications for Prenatal genetic counseling. [06]B. By giving suitable examples explain Indications for Adult genetic counseling. [06]OR B. Enlist invasive tests for prenatal diagnosis of genetic diseases. Explain any one of them in [06] detail.



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