

[61-A]

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M.Sc. (Electronics and Communication) (Sem - I) Examination

Day & Date : Friday & 30/11/2012

Time : 10:30 am To 1:30 pm

Subject : Electromagnetic Theory

Subject Code : PS01CELC01

Instructions :

(a) Figure to the right indicates full marks.

(b) All questions are compulsory.

Total Marks : 70

Q-1	Multiple Choice Question	[08]
1	A necessary and sufficient condition that the line integral $\int F \cdot dR$ For every closed curve C vanishes, is a) Curl $F = 0$ b) div $F = 0$ c) Curl $F \neq 0$ d) div $F \neq 0$	
2	If $\vec{A} = 2x^2\hat{i} - 3yz\hat{j} + xz^2\hat{k}$ then $\nabla \cdot A =$ _____ a) $4x - 3z + 2xz$ b) $4x + 3z + 2xz$ c) $4x + 3z - 2xz$ d) $-4x - 3z + 2xz$	
3	The Value of Curl (grad F), where $F = 2x^2 - 3y^2 + 4z^2$ is a) $4x - 6y + 8z$ b) $4x\hat{i} - 6y\hat{j} + 8z\hat{k}$ c) 0 d) 3	
4	In terms of current density, Biot - Savart's Law is expressed as _____ a) $\int \frac{\vec{j} \times \vec{a}_r}{2\pi r^2} \cdot dV$ b) $\int \frac{\vec{j} \times \vec{a}_r}{4\pi r^2} \cdot dV$ c) $\int \frac{\vec{j} \times \vec{a}_r}{4\pi r} \cdot dV$ d) $\int \frac{\vec{j} \times \vec{a}_r}{4\pi r^2} \cdot dV$	
5	Magnitude of dipole moment $ \vec{p} $ is given as a) qd b) q/d c) d/q d) none of these	
6	Poisson's equation given as _____ a) $\nabla^2 V = -\rho V / \epsilon_0$ b) $\nabla^2 V = \rho V / \epsilon_0$ c) $\nabla^2 V = \rho V \epsilon_0$ d) $\nabla^2 V = -\rho V \epsilon_0$	
7	_____ Gradient of magnetic scalar potential gives magnetic field intensity a) positive b) negative c) double d) integral	
8	Electric field intensity \vec{E} is related to force and \vec{F} force q as _____ a) $\vec{F} q$ b) \vec{F} / q c) \vec{F} / \sqrt{q} d) $\sqrt{ \vec{F} } / q$	
Q-2	Answer the following Question.(any Seven)	[14]
1	State Green's Theorem.	
2	Given another vector $B = 2a_x + 2a_y + 2a_z$, find the magnitude of vector and unit vector originating from the origin.	
3	What is Electric field intensity?	
4	Distinguish potential difference and potential.	
5	Write Poisson's & Laplace's equation.	
6	Define magnetic flux density.	
7	Define current density.	
8	Explain Electric scalar potential.	
Q-3	(A) Explain Divergence theorem.	[06]
	(B) Express $\vec{A} = XY\hat{i} + YZ\hat{j} + ZX\hat{k}$ in spherical co-ordinate system.	[06]
	OR	
	(B) A 20 nc point charge is located at P (2, 4, -3) in free space. (I) find E(r) (ii) E at A (-3, 2, 0).	[06]
Q-4	(A) Derive an expression electric field density for the Co-axial cable.	[06]
	(B) Explain Boundary conditions for perfect dielectric materials.	[06]
	OR	
	(B) Derive an expression for potential E due to dipoles.	[06]
	P.T.O	

Q-5	(A) Let $V = A \ln[B (1 - \cos\theta) / (1 + \cos\theta)]$ (a) Show that V satisfies Laplace's equation in spherical co-ordinates (b) Select A & B so that $V = 100V$ and $ E = 500v/m$ at $r = 5, \theta = 90^\circ, \phi = 60^\circ$	[06]
	(B) Conducting plates at $z = 1$ cm and $z = 5$ cm are held at potentials of $-8V$ & $6V$ respectively. If the region between the plates is a homogeneous dielectric With $\epsilon = 5\epsilon_0$. Find A) the capacitance between the plates per unit area; B) $V(z)$; C) $D(z)$.	[06]
OR		
	(B) If $\epsilon = \epsilon_0$ and $V = 8x^2yz$, find (a) V at $P(2, -1, 3)$; (b) ρ_v at P ; (c) E at P .	[06]
Q-6	(A) State Biot-Savart's law. Derive an expression for magnetic field intensity H using Biot-savart's law	[06]
	(B) Explain the concept of displacement current.	[06]
OR		
	(B) State & Explain Ampere's circuital law.	[06]

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