SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M.Sc. (Electronics) First Semester Examination (Under CBCS) October, 2018

PS01CELE22: Applications of ICs and Fuzzy Electronics

Wednesday, October 24, 2018

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Total Marks: 70

Q. 1	Give the correct (nearest) answer (statement) to the following Multiple Choice Questions (Statements).	8x1 =
		[8]
	(i) A constant magnitude, frequency-dependent Phase Response is the characteristic of	[O]
	(a) All-pass Filter (c) High-pass Filter	
	(b) Low-pass Filter (d) Band-pass Filter	
	(4) - 200 (400) 100	
	(ii) The Universal Active Filters are	
1	(a) State –variable and Biquad Filters (c) Single Op Amp Chebyshev Filters	
	(b) Multiple feedback Band pass Filters (d) none of these	
	(iii) The roll off rate of a 4 th order Low Pass filter is	
	(a) - 100 dB/decade (c) -80 dB/decade	
	(b) - 180 dB/decade (d) 160 dB/decade	
	(iv) Elliptical filters are characterized in terms of	
	(a) f_c , n , A_{max} , A_{min} (c) f_c , n	
	(b) f_{c} , n, A_{max} (d) none of these	
	(v) In the Phase Locked Loop, Capture Range is	
	(a) bigger than the Lock range (c) equal to the lock range	
	(b) smaller than the Lock range (d) none of these	
	(vi) A sub circuit in pSPice ends with a command	
	(a) .END (c) .RST	
	(b) .ENDS (d) .SUBCKT	
	/ W = 1	
	(vii) The subset [0.5 0.5] represents a	
	(a) maximally fuzzy set (c) empty set	
	(b) Power set (d) none is correct	
	Asiii) The leave in the CA (16) has been a	
	(viii) The learning model of Artificial Neural Network with the competitive aspect is	
,	(a) Hebbian learning (c) Kohonen	
	(b) Grossberg learning (d) both a and b are correct.	
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Q. 2	 Give short answers to the following: (any seven) 1) Mention the drawbacks of Active Filters over Passive Filters. 2) First Order Low Pass Active filter has a Roll off rate of -20dB/decade. Justify. 3) Describe the nature and specifications of Higher Order Chebyshev Filters. 4) Draw the circuit of Frequency Dependent Negative Resistor (FDNR)obtained using GIC. 5) In IC NE 565, the VCO Output Frequency f_{out}= ± 2 KHz. The Supply Voltage is ±V=±10V. Find out the Lock Range. 6) Describe the types of Output commands for pSpice. 7) If f(x,y,z) = xz +yz, determine the conditions that must be satisfied by the fuzzy variables x,y and z so that f(x,y,z) belongs to class m i.e. α_m ≤ f(x,y,z)<α_{m-1}. 8) Draw the truth table of Fuzzy AND operation. 9) Draw the electronic model of a biological neuron. 	7x2 = [14]
Q.3 (a)	Draw the circuit diagram of a Second Order Sallen key Unity Gain (SKUG) Low Pass Filter and deduce the equation of its transfer function.	[6]
(b)	Design a Second Order SKUG Low Pass Filter for f ₀ = 2kHz and Q=1. OR	[6]
(b)	For a Multiple Feedback Band pass filter, specify component values to ensure a Centre Frequency of 500 Hz and a bandwidth of 50 Hz. What is the resonant gain?	[6]
Q.4 (a)	Using proper circuits diagram and equations, describe how a synthetic inductor can be obtained by simulation using Op Amps, Resistors and Capacitor/s.	[6]
(b)	Design a 3^{rd} Order 0.1 dB ripple Chebyshev low-pass filter using KRC Equal Component design aspect for $f_0 = 1$ KHz. Given from the Standard Filter Table for 3^{rd} order 0.1 dB ripple Chebyshev low-pass filter, for $n = 3$, $f_{01} = 1.300$; $Q_1 = 1.341$; $f_{02} = 0.969$.	[6]
(b)	OR (i) Mention the advantages and drawbacks of Cascade approach over RLC ladder simulation approach for higher order filter designing. (ii) Draw the response curve and explain the characteristics of higher order Bessel Filter.	[4] [2]
0 = (.)		
Q.5 (a) (b)	Draw the block diagram of PLL. Describe various types of Digital Phase Detectors. Explain the application of PLL as a Frequency Multiplier. OR	[6] [6]
(b) _.	Write pspice statements for the following: (i) Resistor- R1 of 800 Ω connected between the nodes 21 and 22; R2 of 400 Ω connected between the nodes 22 and 24 and a dummy voltage source Vx (in a DC circuit) connected between nodes 22 and 23.	[4]
	(ii) A DC Voltage Source with Voltage Vs= 5V, 25V, 30V, for each value of Is = 50mA, 100mA and 150mA for a DC circuit.	[2]
Q.6 (a)	For Fuzzy Sets given as ~A = 0.6/1 + 0.5/2 + 0.4/3 and ~B =0.4/1 +0.3/2, perform the following operations: (i) Union (ii) Bounded Sum (iii) Bounded Difference (iv) Algebric Product (v) Concentration of B (vii) complement of A	[6]
(b)	Describe the concept and process of Support and Grade Fuzzification. OR	[6]
(b)	The Perceptron cannot distinguish linearly nonseparable patterns. Explain.	[6]