## 1457

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## SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M.Sc. (semester-II) External Examination PS02ECHE22-Introduction to Biochemistry Saturday, 23<sup>th</sup>November, 2019

Time: 10:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m.

Total marks: 70

		Note: Right hand t	igure indicate full marks	_
Q.1	(1)	Select the correct answer from the choices given below for each of the following questions:  Pernicious anaemia is caused by deficiency of		[08]
		(a) Vitamin B <sub>12</sub>	(b) Vitamin D	
		(c) Vitamin B	(d) Folic acid	
	(2)	Which disease is occur by the de	ficiency of essential fatty acid?	
		(a) Cancer	(b) Phrynoderma	
		(c) Aging	(d) Atherosclerosis	
	(3)	The bonds forming the backbone	of protein structure is	
		(a) Disulfide bonds	(b) Hydrogen bonds	
		(c) Ionic bonds	(d) Peptide bonds	
	(4)	The phenomenon of disorganization of native protein structure is called		
		(a) Coagulation	(b) Flocculation	
		(c) Denaturation	(d) All of above	
	(5)	Which sugar is known as a non-r	educing sugar?	
	• •	(a) Sucrose	(b) Maltose	
		(c) Lactose	(d) Glucose	
	(6)	The first enzyme to be isolated in	a pure crystalline form was	
		(a) Invertase	(b) Zymase	•
		(c) Urease	(d) Diastase	
	(7)	Which base is not present in the	structure of DNA?	
		(a) Thymine	(b) Adenine	•
		(c) Guanine	(d) Uracil	
	(8)	Which type of RNA is also called as a soluble RNA?		
		(a) Transfer RNA	(b) Messenger RNA	
		(c) Ribosomal RNA	(d) Heterogenous nuclear RNA	
Q.2	(1)	Answer ANY SEVEN from the following: What do you mean by vitamers? Write vitamers of vitamin-A.		[14]
	(2)	Justify: Vitamin D is a hormone.		
	(3)	Write a note on essential fatty acids.		
	(4)	What do you mean by denaturation of protein? Write the agents of denaturation.		
	(5)	Write a short note on functions of proteins.		
	(6) (7)	Define the following with examples: (i) epimer (ii) enantiomers What are induction and repression? Explain by suitable example of each.		
	(8)	Explain optical specificity with suitable examples.		
	(9)	Write a note on "Denaturation of DNA strands".		
	• •		_	[P.T.O

Q.3	(A)	Give an account on absorption, transport and storage of vitamin A.	[06]
	(B)	What is the significance of testing purity of fats and oils? Describe any three tests to	[06]
		determine the purity of fats and oil	•
		OR	
	(B)	Describe the structure and functions of cholesterol.	[06]
Q.4	(A)	List the various levels of protein structure and add a note on primary structure of protein.	[06]
	(B)	Classify amino acids based on their polarity and nutritional value.	[06]
	• •	OR	
	(B)	Write brief account on the following:	[06]
		(i) Fibrous proteins.	•
		(ii) Globular proteins.	
Q.5	(A)	Define isomers. Draw the possible isomers of glucose.	[06]
	. (B)	Describe the structure and functions of two biochemically important disaccharides.	[06]
	• •	OR	
	(B)	Write a note on Hyaluronic acid and Heparine.	[06]
Q.6	(A)	Explain the enzyme inhibition.	[06]
	(B)	Give diagrammatic overview of Watson and Crick's double helical structure of DNA.	[06]
٠	(6)	OR	
	(B)	Write a detail note on types of RNA.	[06]

