No. of Printed pages: 03

5C

1. Write the correct answer

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M. Sc. SECOND SEMESTER Examination - 2015 Saturday, 25th April 2015,

2.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.

Course – PS02CCHE03, Physical Chemistry – II, Selected Topics *N.B. Figures to the right of each of the question indicate marks*

(i)	The plane which is perpendicular to a) σ_v b) σ_h	b principal axis is c) σ_d d) None			
(ii)	The backbone of the DNA helix co a) Sugar and base	nsists of: b) Sugar and phosphate			
	c) Phosphate and base d) Sugar and Nucleotide			
(iii)	Electrokinetic effects leads to: a) Electrophoresis c) Streaming potential	b) Electroosmosis d) All			
(iv)	ξ-potential of a surface characterize a) Electric charge	es: b) Electric potential			
	c) Electrical energy	d) Electric work			
(v)	Which of the following is an example of consecutive reactions?a) Polymerizationb) Thermal crackingc) Chlorination of hydrocarbonsd) All				
(vi)	Which of the following is correct?				
	a) $O + O_2 \rightarrow O_3$	b) $O_2 + M \rightarrow MO + O$			
	c) $O + O_2 + M \rightarrow O_3 + M$	d) $O + MO_2 \rightarrow O_3 + M$			
(vii)	α - helix form of a protein represents:				
	a) Tertiary structurec) Primary structure	b) Secondary structured) Quaternary structure			
(viii)	O-dichlorobenzene belongs to: a) C_{4v} b) C_{3v} c) C_{2v} d) C_{3b}				

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2. Attempt any SEVEN

- (i) Show that for NH₃ : $\sigma_v \sigma_v \sigma_v = \sigma_v$
- (ii) Enlist two differences between parallel and consecutive reactions.
- (iii) Whys some reactions have zero activation energy?
- (iv) Zeta potential varies with the pH of the medium explain.
- (v) Show that $C_4^3 \cdot C_4 \cdot C_4^- = EC_4^-$
- (vi) What are Lipids?
- (vii) How do simple and conjugate proteins differ from each other?
- (viii) Explain how an electrical double layer is constructed ?
 - (ix) What is electro osmosis?
- 3. (a) Consider the character table:

	E	2C5	$2C_{5}^{2}$	5σν
$\overline{\Gamma_1}$	1	1	1	1
Γ_2	1	1	1	-1
Γ ₃	2	2cos 72°	2cos 144°	0
Γ4	2	2cos 144°	2cos 72°	0

i) Which point group it belongs ? give an example.

- ii) How many symmetry elements it has?
- iii) Show each class through neat sketch
- iv) What are Γ_i ?

v)Show that Γ_1 and Γ_2 are orthogonal.

- (b) (i) Give and explain the rules for constructing a character table.
 - (ii) Draw the neat sketch of ethylene and show that it belongs to D_{2h} 03 point group.

OR

(b) Explain different symmetry elements present in C_{3V} point group with 06 neat sketch and work out the characters of this point group.

03

06

- 4. (a) For the reaction of type, A → B → C, derive the relations for the 06 concentrations of A, B and C considering that each of the reactions is of first order.
 - (b) How does the rate constant of ionic reaction changes with ionic strength 06 of the medium.

OR

- (b) Give the mechanism involved in a typical chain reaction of type, $H_2 + Br_2 \rightarrow 2$ HBr and show that over all rate is equal to $k [H_2][Br_2]^{1/2} / 1 + j [HBr]/[Br_2]$
- 5. (a) What is electrical double layer ? give its importance and how Guoy 06 Chapman and Stern models describe it ?
 - (b) Write a note on: (i) Electrophoresis, (ii) Streaming potential

OR

- (b) (i) What are electrocapillary curves ? Why the interfacial tension values 03 for KI aqueous solutions are lower than KCl solution under lower field potential?
 - (ii) Give an account of biological membranes and how passive transport 03 occurs across them ?
- 6. (a) (i) How a DNA and RNA molecule differ from each other? Give types of 03 RNA along with their functions.
 - (ii) For a general reaction: $cS_1 + dS_2 \rightarrow aP_1 + bP_2$ define free energy 03 change, $\Delta G \& K_{eq}$ and show that $\Delta G^0 = -1364 \log K_{eq}$ at 25 °C.
 - (b) Calculate the standard state ΔG values at (i) pH 0 and (ii) pH 5 for the 06 dissociation of acetic acid: HOAc \Rightarrow OAc $^{-}$ + H $^{+}$, K_a = 1.75 × 10⁻⁵ (iii) Calculate ΔG_{ion} at pH 5.0.

OR

(b)	(i) Write a brief note on coupled reactions.	03
	(ii) What is acyl phosphate ? and give its importance.	03

06