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SEAT No. \_\_\_\_\_

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**SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY**

M. Sc. Chemistry, SEMESTER-I Examination

Monday, 25<sup>th</sup> March 2019

10.00 a.m. to 01.00 p.m.

Course – PS01CCHE03, Physical Chemistry-I [70 Marks]

*N.B. Figures to the right of each of the question indicate marks*

**Q. 1. Answer the following multiple choice questions**

08

- (i) A gas will approach non-ideal behavior at,  
(a) Low temperature and low pressure  
(b) Low temperature and high pressure  
(c) High temperature and low pressure  
(d) High temperature and high pressure
- (ii) Fugacity integration constant depends on  
(a) Pressure and nature of gas  
(b) Temperature and nature of gas  
(c) Temperature and pressure  
(d) None of these
- (iii) For any chemical reaction to be spontaneous  
(a)  $\Delta G$  is negative  
(b)  $\Delta G$  is positive  
(c) Reaction should be in equilibrium  
(d) Reaction should not take place
- (iv) Blood is an example of \_\_\_\_\_ system  
(a) Heterogeneous  
(b) Homogeneous  
(c) Colloidal  
(d) Isotonic
- (v) For a solution exhibiting negative deviation which of the following is true?  
(a) A-B interactions are stronger than A-A & B-B  
(b) A-B interactions are weaker than A-A & B-B  
(c)  $\Delta H_{\text{mix}} = 0$   
(d)  $\Delta V_{\text{mix}} = 0$
- (vi) Formation of a solution exhibiting positive deviation from Raoult's law is accompanied by  
(a) evolution of heat  
(b) absorption of heat  
(c) constant temperature  
(d) none of above

(1)

(P.T.O.)

- (vii) The partial molar property is an  
 (a) Extensive property  
 (b) Intensive property  
 (c) Bulk property  
 (d) All of these
- (viii) The molar volume of water at 25 °C is  
 (a) 18.150  
 (b) 18.00  
 (c) 17.962  
 (d) 18.068

**Q. 2. Attempt any seven**

14

- 1 Explain the term 'fugacity' and derive the equation for relative fugacity.
- 2 Obtain the relation for the fugacity of solids and liquids.
- 3 Write a short note on free energy function.
- 4 Discuss the criteria for the spontaneity of the chemical reaction.
- 5 Write about the applications of Raoult's law for an ideal solution.
- 6 Derive an expression for the mean ionic activity coefficient.
- 7 What is the thermodynamic significance of partial molar properties?
- 8 Derive the expression for Direct method for partial molar property.
- 9 Explain the vapour pressure curve for the solution exhibiting positive deviation.

**Q. 3.**

- [A] State and derive Lewis Randall rule to determine fugacity of a gas in a mixture. 06
- [B] Discuss the equation of state method for the determination of fugacity. 06

OR

- [B] From the following data, calculate the fugacity's of N<sub>2</sub> gas at various pressure at 0 °C. 06

P (atm.)	50	100	200	400	800	1000
PV/RT	0.9846	0.9846	1.0365	1.2557	1.7959	2.0641

**Q. 4.**

- [A] Define Metathetic reaction and derive the statistical expression for value of equilibrium constant. 06
- [B] Derive the equation for the partition function for a chemical reaction. 06

OR

- [B] Derive van't Hoff equation considering longer range of temperature with and without the limits of integration. 06

Q. 5.

[A] Derive the Duhem-Margulas equation. Explain its use in understanding the positive and negative deviations of binary solutions from ideal behavior. 06

[B] When liquid components of an ideal solution are mixed,  $\Delta V$  and  $\Delta H_{\text{mix}}$  are always zero. Justify. 06

OR

[B] Derive the relations: (i)  $\theta = (RT_0^2/\Delta H_f) N_2$  (ii)  $\theta = \lambda m$  06

Q. 6.

[A] Write a short note on Isopiestic method. 06

[B] Discuss the analytical method for calculating activities of a solution. 06

OR

[B] Discuss the relationship between partial molar property and apparent molar property for the case of the infinitely dilute solution. 06

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