[125]

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY M.Sc (II Semester) Examination (CBCS) Monday, 3rd December, 2012 2:30 p.m. to 5:30 pm Biotechnology PS02CBIT02 – Microbial Genetics

TOTAL MARKS: 70

1-1	MCQ:	[8]	
1	. What is the role of uvrC in uv	rABC endonuclease repair pathway?	
		c) Binds and nicks uvrB-DNA complex at 5'end	
	b) Fills in single strand gap	d) Seals the nick.	
2	. Which protein binds with Holl	iday junction in homologous recombination?	
	a) RUV Protein	c) RUV A	
	b) RUV AB	d) RUV B.	
3		etence factor plays a role histidine kinase?	
	a) ComX	c) Com S	
	b) Com K	d) Com P	
4		NA was 5'-CAAUCCCGG-3', which converted	
		er mutation. Which type of mutation is it?	
		c) Deletion mutation	
	b) Frameshift mutation		
5.	When viral DNAs or genomic RNAs are introduced into cells, it will be called as		
	a) Transfection	c) Transformation	
	b) Conjugation	d) None.	
6	What is the role of res sequence in Tn3 transposons?		
	a) Recombination Site		
	b) Resolvase	d) Transposase.	
7	What is p53?		
		c) Both	
	b) Tumor suppressor gene	d) None.	
8.	Which of the following is an a		
	a) BAX	c) Bcl2	
	b) BID	d) BAK	

	Answer the following in brief (Any Seven) 1. What is DNA damge? Enlist different types of DNA damges.	[14]
	What is recombinational repair?	
	Differentiate Homologous and non-homologous recombination.	
	What is artificial competence?	
-	Briefly write a note on abortive transduction.	
	6. Write down the features of M-13 phage.	
	7. What are the types of RM systems?	
- 1	8. Differentiate Protoncogenes and Oncogenes.	
	Draw and label the structure of Ti-Plasmid.	8.
Q-3	B) What are Plasmids? Write about maintenance of Copy Number	[6]
	in Plasmids.	[6]
	OR	
	B) What are Spontaneous mutations? Explain Lederberg's Experiment.	[6]
Q-4.	A) Explain the mechanism of F-mediated transfer of DNA during the process of conjugation.	[6]
	B) Write down the molecular mechanism of site-specific recombination. OR	[6]
	B) Enlist different types of phages. Give an account on any one of them.	[6]
Q-5.	A) Explain the role of vir genesin T-DNA transfer from Ti-plasmid to the host.	[6]
	B) Explain the determination of linked genes by transformation. OR	[6]
	B) Write a note on specialized transduction in λ-phage and	
	its applications.	[6]
Q-6.	A) What is a transposon? Enlist different types of transposons and	
	write a note on Tn3 transposons.	[6]
	B) Write a note on retrotransposons with its applications. OR	[6]
	B) What is a tumor? What are the causes of tumor formation?	
	Explain tumor suppressor genes.	[6]