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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

MHRD EXAMINATION, I SEMESTER

Wednesday: DATE: 20/11/2013

SESSION: MORNING TIME: 10:30AM TO 1:30PM

SUBJECT CODE: PA01CHRD03/PAPER NO. 3

SUBJECT/COURSE TITLE: SOCIAL PROCESSES AND BEHAVIOURAL ISSUES

TOTAL MARKS: 70

Q-1 TICK THE APPROPRIATE ANSWER

1X10=10

- (i) The study of moral values and principles that guide our behavior is called:
 - (a) Ethics
 - (b) Personal values
 - (c) Workforce diversity
 - (d) Interpersonal skills
- (ii) Anthropology is study of:
 - (a) Intraoraganizational politics
 - (b) Cultures and environments
 - (c) Group dynamics
 - (d) Civilizations
- (iii) Which behavioral science would be the most useful in helping to understand individual behavior:
 - (a) Political science
 - (b) Psychology
 - (c) Sociology
 - (d) Social psychology
- (iv) Which behavioral science discipline would likely have made the greatest contribution to understand structuring the conflict, allocation of power and how people manipulate power for individual interest?
 - (a) Anthropology
 - (b) Sociology
 - (c) Psychology
 - (d) Political Science
- (v) The five building blocks of organizational behavior are:
 - (a) Roles, studies, systems, attitudes, stress and training
 - (b) Psychology, sociology, political science, anthropology
 - (c) Work design, work stress, leadership, ethics and stress.
 - (d) Emotions, leadership, stress, ethics and training.
- (vi) Groups which are formed as consequences of organizational structure and work division are known as:
 - (a) Target groups
 - (b) Informal groups
 - (c) Formil groups
 - (d) Operational groups

(vii)	Gro	oups at the stage develop guidelines and standards of acceptable behavior:	
	(a)	Storming	
	(b)	Forming	
	(c)	Norming	
	(d)	Adjourning	
(viii)	Á١	virtual team is made of people who are Separated but	
	tog	gether:	
	(a)	Physically; think	
	(b)	Temporally; work	
	(c)	Geographically; decide	
	(d)	Geographically; work	
(ix)	ΑŢ	potential disadvantage associated with cohesive group is:	
	(a)	A tendency to focus on social activities which may reduce output	
	(b)	A tendency to see other groups as rivals	
	(c)	A tendency to develop attitudes which are hard to change	
	(d)	All of the above	
(x)	Me	embership of a group provides the individual with a sense of:	
		Individuality	
	(b)	Inferiority	
	(c)	Superiority	
	(d)	Belonging	
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Q-2 Answer in brief 5X3=15			
(i)	What is contingency approach?	
(i	i)	What are groups? What are its types?	
	ii)	Explain values and its types in brief?	
Q-3 V	Vhat i	is ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR? Explain its various models? 1X15=15	
77	71 :	OR	
W	nat i	s perception? What are the various factors affecting perception?	
Q-4 What are the "BIG FIVE" Personality traits? Which one seems to have the biggest 1X14=14			
impac	ct on p	performance? How would the knowledge of BIG FIVE help you in your job as manage	er?
		OR	
V	/hat t	type of barriers prevents people from changing their attitude? How can attitudes be	
	nange		
Q-5 Write short note on the following (any two) 2X8=16			
(i)	Conflict management	
(i		Job satisfaction	
•	ii)	Attitude	
-	v)	Biological foundation of behavior	
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