[1207A71] SEAT No.____

in the provided answer book only.

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M A(ELT) 4th Semester Examination (CBCS)

Monday, Date _03/04/2017

Time: 2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m

Subject: PA04CELT01- Literature, Language and Mass Media

a. Answers of all the questions (including multiple choice questions) should be written

Total Weightage/Marks: 70

c. appears as a character

T		
Inst	ructi	ane.
TILD C		O III O

5. The voice over is _____

a. visible

b. Descriptive type of	questions carry 15 marks eac	ch.
Q.1. Choose the correct of	option.	(10)
1. Minute gestures on a chara	acters' face can be captured w	ith a/an
a. establishing shot	b. close shot	c. long shot
2. What do the cherries repre	sent in the film <i>Satranj ke Khi</i>	iladi?
a. The princely states Company's greed	b. Chess players	c. Humor and satire on East India
a. Only a	b. Both a and b	c. Both a and c
3 is the	he dance form that Wajid Ali S	Shah was very fond of.
a. Kathak	b. Bharat Natyam	c. Odisi
4. Manolin happens to be	of Santiago, the	e old fisherman.
a. Grandson	b. Nephew	c. friend and disciple

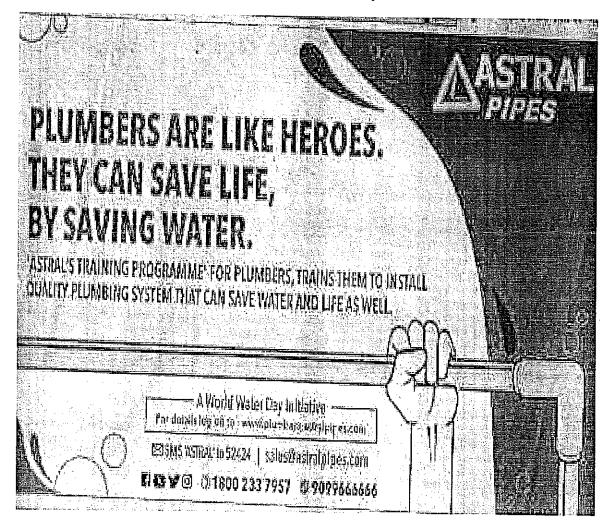
___on the screen.

b. invisible

(PTO)

6. Precautionary measure cal outdoor shooting.	led	is carried out at the location of
a. Recce	b. Reiky	c. Informal visit
7. Which of the following is	not a significant stage of film	making?
a. canvassing	b. scripting	c. shooting
8. In film Satranj Ke Khliladi	i the role of Nawab is played I	by
	b. Sanjiv Kumar	
9. The film Satranj Ke Khilad	di by Ray is presented from $_$	perspective.
a. Post colonial	b. Post modern	c. Post structuralist
10.Marlin in The old man and	the sea is attacked by	· ·
a. Whales		c. Crocodiles
Q. 2a Discuss the major feat	tures of the film <i>Shatranj Ke</i>	Khiladi as a cultural text.
	OR	
Q. 2b Write a note on the ci	nematographic shots that en	rich Premchand's short story.
Q. 3a Manolin's presence m man and the young boy mak	akes the old man's life more te life bearable.	e meaningful. Show how the old
	OR	
Q. 3b Show how the film ver artistic.	sion of The old man and the	e sea is more fascinating and

Q. 4a Read the advertisements and comment on the major features of it.



Q. 5a Read the headlines and comment on the underline words. (Any five)

- 1. Crore Pati Bhajiyawala in frying pan.
- 2. Queue deaths: Two died of Cardiac arrest in Bank queue.
- 3. Serial killer strikes thrice in Rajkot, held after manhunt
- 4. Doctor kidnapped for Rs. 2 crore's ransom, rescued.
- 5. Ajmer Blast case: <u>Life term</u> for two <u>RSS pracharaks</u>.
- 6. Migratory birds being poached, admits governments.
- 7. Bomb planted to get house vacated. Police
- 8. Apex body of Sadhu's not averse to fresh talks for Ram Temple.
- 9. India are scared of us hence verbal attacks have increased, said Starc.
- 10. Godhra carnage accused nabbed after 14years.

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ŞEAT	No

[697A46]

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M A(ELT) 4th Semester Examination (CBCS)

Thursday, Date <u>06/04/2017</u>

Time: 2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m

Subject: PA04CELT02 - Web tools for Language Development

Total Weightage/Marks: 70

Instructions:

a.	Answers of all the questions (including multiple choice questions) should be written
	in the provided answer book only.

b. Descriptive type of questions carry 15 marks each.

Q.1.	Choose the co	errect option.			(10)
1. Flul	paroo is a free to	ool that helps you c	uickly grade		
a.	multiple-choic	e	·		
b.	descriptive typ	pe			
c.	a & b	•			
2		was established by	Tim Burners-Le	ee in late 1989	
a. Wil	ci ·	b. Web	c. M	ail	
3. We	b 3.0 a phrase v	was coined by		of the New York Times i	n 2006
a. Tin	n Berners Lee	b. John Markoff	c. T	im O'Reilly	
	e first blog was ge student in 19		, created by .	Justin Hall, while he was	a Swarthmore
a. Wo	ordweb	b.	Blogger	c. Links.net	

(PTO)

	nded the ARPA within t NET started.	he Department of defence and in
a. 1959	b. 1969	c. 1979
6. Which of following featu	ares is not a part of web	1.0?
a. One directional	b. Web forms	c. Social networking sites
7. A Web 2.0 site may allow as creators of user-generate	w users to d content in a virtual co	with each other in a social media dialogue ommunity.
a. interact		
b. collaborate		
c. a & b		
8. Choose the statements th	nat you think are true.	
i. podcasts can be used to d	levelop listening skills	
ii. podcasts can be used to	transmit audio on the w	reb
iii. podcasts can be used to	develop speaking skill	S
a. i & ii		
b. ii & iii		
c. i, ii & iii		
9. Sushi Radio is an examp	ole of	podcasts.
a. Authentic podcast	b. Teacher podcast	c. Student podcast
10. The Daily Idiom is an	example of	podcasts.
a. Authentic podcast	b. Teacher podcast	c. Student podcast
Q. 2a Discuss how online purpose?	e platforms can be use	d to language learning and teaching
	O	R

Q. 2b What are the different web tools that can be used for language learning? Explain briefly how they can be used.

Q. 3a Explain Blogs and Wikis as new educational tools.

OR

- Q. 3b Write a critical note on a comparative study of Web 1.0, 2.0 and 3.0
- Q. 4a Write a brief note on the two online platforms you have reviewed as part of your project work.

OR

- Q. 4b Write a reflective report on the various assignments done by you in the course 'Web Tools for Language Development'. Your report may include the following points.
- a. Introduction
- b. What were these assignments?
- c. What did you do?
- d. What did you learn?
- c. How will you use the learning from this course in real classroom situation?
- Q. 5a What is a podcast? What are the different types of podcasts possible? What are the uses of podcast for language learning?

OR

Q. 5b Write a critical note on Flubaroo as an e-assessment tool.

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No. of Printed Pages: 03

[647A41]

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M A(ELT) 4th Semester Examination (CBCS)

Saturday, Date 8/04/2017

Time: 2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m.

Subject: PA04CELT03: Academic Writing

Total Weightage/Marks: 70

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a. Answers of all the questions (including multiple choice questions) should be written in the provided answer book only.b. Descriptive type of questions carry 15 marks each.

Choose the correct option. Q.1. (10)1. Ideas from other sources may be used in a piece of academic writing on the condition that they must be _____ appropriately. a. quoted exactly b. cited c. summarized 2. When a source is quoted directly the text of the quotation is the _____ as the original text. a. longer b. same length c. Shorter 3. The CARS model of rhetorical moves in research articles was proposed by ______. a. John Swan b. Ken Beatty c. John Swales 4. The use of _____ is key to writing a comprehensive literature review a. critical reading b. leisure reading c. note making 5. "Henry, A., & Roseberry, R. L. (1998). An evaluation of a genre-based approach to the teaching of EAP/ESP writing. TESOL Quarterly, 32(1), 147-156." Here, TESOL Quarterly is the title of ______. a. an academic journal b. a book c. an anthology

6. Tick the most appr	opriate order in	context of reading and analy	ysing a text critically.
a. What a text says-	What a text mea	nns - What a text does	
b. What a text says -	What a text doe	s – What a text means	
c. What a text means	– What a text s	ays – What a text does	
7. "The cross-sections 1.2." This is a	s and broad ger	re of writing represented in	the corpus are given in Table
a. location statement		c. introductory statement	
b. result statement			
8. Summary, Synthes conduct academic dis	is, Analysis and course through	l Evaluation are some of the the medium of academic wr	that are used to iting.
a. academic genres		b. general genres	c. discourse markers
9 is	s not a kind of a	a research article as described	d by the APA Manual.
a. A case study		c. A report of empirical rese	earch
b. A questionnaire			
10	are critical feat	ures in writing an effective r	esearch article.
		b. Coherence & Cohesion	
Q. 2a List out ten gu Explain your reason	idelines for eff ing for includi	ective academic writing ba	sed on your experience.
:		OR	
Q. 2b What is acade note on how academ	mic writing? E ic writing diffe	xhibit your understanding ers from general writing.	of this term. Write a detailed
Q. 3a Write a note of effective Methods / F	n Peacock's pr Research Desig	oposed 'seven moves' that n section in a research pap	a scholar makes to write an er.
		OR	
Q. 3b Write a detaile consolidated by Swa	ed note on the less and Feak. (general structure of a Resu Give your comments on the	Its and Discussion sections as same.

Q. 4a What is the CARS model of writing introductions in academic writing? Use the example given below to illustrate it. Explain its significance in the Indian context.

The Position of Sentence Connectors in Academic English CB Feak and JM Swales Introduction

Many commentators have noted that sentence connectors (e.g. however) are an important and useful element in expository and argumentative writing. Frequency studies of their occurrence in academic English extend at least as far back as Huddleston (1971). ESL writing textbooks have for many years regularly included chapters on sentence connectors (e.g. Herbert 1965). Most reference grammars deal with their grammatical status, classification, meaning and use. Some attention has also been given to the position of sentence connectors in clauses and sentences. Quirk and Greenbaum (1973) observe a) that the normal position is initial; b) that certain connectors, such as hence and overall 'are restricted, or virtually restricted, to initial position' (p. 248); and c) that medial positions are rare for most connectors, and final positions are even rarer. The only attempt known to us to explain differences in position on semantic grounds is an unpublished paper by Salera (1976), discussed in Celce-Murcia and Larsen-Freeman (1983). The Salera paper deals only with adversatives like however and suggests that initial position reflects something contrary to expectation, while medial position reflects a contrast that is not necessarily unexpected. However, neither of these studies provides any descriptive evidence of the actual positions of sentence connectors in academic texts. In the present paper, we report on a preliminary study of sentence connector position in a sample of twelve published

(From Swales JM and Feak CB 1996 Academic Writing for Graduate Students Ann Arbor: University of Michigan Press)

OR

- Q. 4b Research articles are a primary genre in academic writing. Shed light on the kinds of articles generally written in the academic world. How does each type contribute to the academia?
- Q. 5a What does the term "plagiarism" refer to? Explain with reference to the Indian ESL context and the ESL learner. OR
- Q. 5b What are sources and what do we mean by referencing them? Explain the use of sources in the context of quoting, paraphrasing and summarizing. What are some of the pitfalls that ESL writers experience while using sources and referencing them?



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No. of Printed Pages: 03

[98/A-56] SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M A(ELT) 4th Semester Examination (CBCS)

<u>Tuesday</u>, Date <u>11/04/2017</u>

Time: 2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m

Subject: PA04EELT 03 Critical Thinking for Language Studies

Total Weightage/Marks: 70

Instructions:

- a. Answers of all the questions (including multiple choice questions) should be written in the provided answer book only.
- b. Descriptive type of questions carry 15 marks each.

Q.1. Choose the correct of	ption.	(10)	
1. In his mode of questioning	, Socrates highlighted t	the need for	•
a. arguments and suggestions	b. clari	ty and logical consistency	
c. moral values		•	
2. Critical thinking is careful suspend (Moore		nation of whether to accept, reject, or	
a. opinions	b. judgment	c. questions	
3. The tradition of going beyond life through close examinations		ce and probing further into the deeper realong to the	alities
a. Greek skeptics	b. Roman skeptics	c. Latin skeptics	
4. The role of	and self regula	ation is considered of prime importance	in the
a. Meta-analysis	b. meta-cognit	ion c. metonymy	
5. Thagard compares the mi	ind to a		
a. a computer program	b.a mezzanine	c. a set of algorithms	

4. Francis Bacon in his treat world empirically.	ise	argued the importance of studying the
a. "The Advancement of Le	arning" b. "Essays"	
c. "The Empirical Study of	the World"	
5. Descartes' method of crit	ical thought was based	on the principle of
a. systematic doubt	b. continuous doubt	c. factual doubt
6. If I am able to recognize to of view, I am exhibiting		hat I have and how they influence my points
a. open-mindedness	b. rationality	c. self-awareness
7i	s at the heart of critical	thinking.
a. Giving answers	b. asking questions	c. giving opinions
8 is not or	ne of the levels of intell	ectual behaviour in Bloom's Taxonomy.
a. Describing	b. Analyzing	c. Understanding
9. The do	omain has not been incl	uded in the Bloom's Taxonomy.
a. cognitive	b. affective	c. linguistic
10. Critical thinking is some	etimes called directed th	ninking because it focuses on
a. a desired outcome	b. a direct path of thi	nking c. the brain as director

Q. 2a Use definitions of "Critical Thinking" given by various scholars and point out at least six defining characteristics of "Critical Thinking" based on them. Write short notes briefly explaining each characteristic.

OR

Q. 2b Define the six stages of intellectual development set out by Elder and Paul and discuss their implications on instruction. At which stage of intellectual development would you place yourself? Please give your reasoning behind it.

Q. 3a What is *thinking*? Write a note on how scholars have defined and understood the concept and idea of *thinking*. Also, discuss its psychological, sociological and philosophical perspectives.

OR

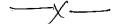
- Q. 3b Trace the historical development in the area of critical thinking from the 16^{th} century to the 19^{th} century.
- Q. 4a What is "Socratic questioning"? Explain its importance in a detailed note. Illustrate your answer with examples.

OR

- Q. 4b Write a detailed note on the nature of critical thinking. its scope and implications as a result of its evolution from Socrates onwards to the 21st century.
- Q. 5a Write a note exhibiting your understanding of Bloom's Taxonomy. Discuss the implications of its knowledge on teaching learning materials and evaluation.

OR

Q. 5b Write a detailed note on Bloom's Taxonomy explaining each level in detail. Discuss the implications of its knowledge on teacher-learner behavior in the classroom



SEAT No.________No. [102/A-62] SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

M A(ELT) 4th Semester Examination

Thursday, Date <u>13/04/2017</u>

Time: 2.00 pm to 5.00 pm

Subject: PA04EELT04: Translation Studies

Total Weightage/Marks: 70

Instructions:				
a. Answers of all the ques provided answer book b. Descriptive type of que	only, 🤲		oice questions)	should be written in the
Q.1 Choose the correct of	option.			10
1. Authorised version of t	he Bible was pro	epared by		
a. A group of translators a				4
2. Hitopadesh (the stories	of Panchtantra)	was translate	d in to English	by
a. William Jones	b. Browning	3	c. Ezra Po	und
3. The task of a Translato	r is a significant	essay by		
a. Walter Benjamin	b. Nabokov	c.)	Browning	
4. Indian tradition of Tran language.	slation began w	ith translation	of	texts into Chinese
a. Hindu	b. Buddhist		c. Jain	
5. Who translated The Up	anishads into Pe	rsian languag	ge?	
a. Dara Shukoh	b. Aurangze	eb	c. Akbar	
5	's name is assoc	iated with lin	guistic theory o	of translation.
a. Catford			c. Lawrenc	
7. <u>Siting Translation</u> is a v	vork by		•	
a. A K Ramanujan	b. Niraniana	ı Teiaswani	c Aurob	indo

8. According	g to Dryden '	paraphrase' means	translation.	
a. Word by v		b. Sense for sense c. free		
9. Which am	ong the follo	owing translated the Bible into	German language?	
a. John Wycl	•	b. Martin Luther	c. Coverdale	
10. The myth	of the towe	r of Babel occurs in	<u> </u>	
a. The New t			c. Apocrypha	
Q.2(A) Disc <u>After Babel.</u>	uss the myth	of <i>The tower of Babel</i> , alon	g with George Steiner ideas in his book [15]	
		Or		
Q.2(B) Brin	g out the m	ajor argument of Walter Bei	njamin's views about pure language.	
Q.3(A) Writ	e a note on	the translation of the Bible.	[15]	
		Or		
Q.3 (B) Writ	te a note on	dubbing and sub-titling.		
Q.4 (A) Wha	it do you un in 21 st cen	derstand by the term translatury.	ation. Why is translation so important [15]	
		Or		
Q.4 (B) Disc	uss the mair foreignisir	n strategies of Translation. S ng are used for translation.	how how domesticating and	
Q.5(A)	Translate the following poem into Gujarati/Hindi. Comment on the problems encountered while undertaking translation. [15]			
		The secret of the Mac	hines	
		But remember, please, the law by		
		We are not built to compreh		

But remember, please, the law by which we live,

We are not built to comprehend a lie,

We can neither love nor pity nor forgive,

If you make a slip in handling us you die!

We are greater than the Peoples or the Kings
Be humble, as you crawl beneath our rods!
Our touch can alter all created things,

We are everything on earth – except The Gods! – (Rudyard Kipling)

Or

Q.5(B) Translate the following passage into Gujarati/Hindi. Comment on the problems encountered while undertaking translation.

I'm constantly hunting for words.

I would describe the process like this: every day I go into the words carrying a basket. I find words all around: on the trees, in the bushes, on the ground (in reality: on the street, during conversations, while I read). I gather as many as possible. But it's never enough; I have an insatiable appetite.

At the end of the day the basket is heavy, overflowing. I feel loaded down, wealthy, in high spirits. My words seem more valuable than money. I am like a beggar who finds a pile of gold, a bag of jewels.

But when I come out of the woods, when I see the basket, scarcely a handful of words remain. The majority disappear. They vanish into thin air, they flow like water between my fingers. Because the basket is memory, and memory betrays me, memory doesn't hold up.

From: In other words: Jumpha Lahiri

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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

MA(ELT) Semester IV Examination

Monday, Date 17/04/2017, Time: 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Subject: PA04SELT03- Interview Skills, Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Skills

Total Weightage/Marks: 70

Instructions:

a.	Answers of all the questions (including multiple choice questions) should be written in the
	provided answer book only.

b. Descriptive type of questions carry 15 marks each.

Q.1. Choose the correct of	option.	(10 marks	s)
1. Non-critical thinkers tal	ce an	_ view of the world.	
a. altruistic	b. egotistical	c. open-minded	
2. Critical thinking is a co	ncept that came to li	ght in the midcentury.	
a. 19 th	b. 20 th	c. 18 th	
3. Job interviews should be	e a process of	communication.	
a. one-way	b. two-way	c. three-way	
4. Cognition is the mental the senses.	process of acquiring	through thought, experience, and	İ
a. knowledge	b. information	c. discernment	
5is the abi and facts.	lity to grasp somethi	ng mentally and the capacity to understand ideas	
a. Coherence	b. Reason	c. Comprehension	
6. In group discussion groconstructive feedback.	up members cannot	receive and respond to respectful but honest and	
a. true	b. false	c. none of these	

7. If you don't understand a	i question in an interview, _	lor clarification.
a. Ask	b. do not ask	c. wait
8. In a group discussion or	ne should not be a/an	participant.
a. Positive	b. passive	c. active
9. Elaboration is	skill.	
a. an executive skill	b. a content thinking	c. a basic reasoning
10. A resume should not in	clude	
a. personal information		
b. educational qualification	on .	
c. eating habits		
	OR	
	OR	
Q.2b Write a note on 'prob	lem solving skills'. Show h	ow these skills are useful in your life.
Q.3a Write a essay on 'Tea Carroll.	aching Critical Thinking' o OR	on the basis of article by Robert Todd
Q.3b Write a detailed note wherever necessary.	on how to make an effective	ve presentation. Give examples
Q.4 Write short notes on a	ny two of the following:	
1. Resume	2. Group discussions	
3. Do's and Don'ts of fac	ing an interview	
Q. 5a Write short notes on	'Time Management' and	'Assertiveness'.
	OR	
Q.5b What is 'critical thin process, explaining it with		te it. Show how thinking is a complex