# SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY <br> MA (III Semester) Examination <br> 2012 <br> Saturday, $1^{\text {st }}$ December <br> 2.30-5.30 pm 

PA03CECO03-Quantitative Economics
Total Marks: 70
Notes: 1. Attempt all questions.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks of the question.
Q. 1 Fill in the blanks with appropriate option. Write answers in answer book.
$\qquad$ Mathematician gave the concept of set.
(George William, George Hikcs, George Kentar)
2. Population of children in a family is an example of $\qquad$ variable.
(Discrete, Continuous, Inclusive)
3. The mean of 15 observations is 20 . Then the sum of these observations are $\qquad$ .
(30, 300, 250)
4. The standard deviation of $3,3,3,3,3$, (3, 0, 1) .
(3, 0, 1)
5. The positive square-root of variance is called is $\qquad$ .
(Standard deviation, Average deviation, Range)
6. The new matrix founded by interchange of all rows and columns of any matrix is called $\qquad$ .
(Column matrix, Transpose matrix, Symmetric matrix)
7. The mean of first natural numbers is $\qquad$ . $(5.5,5,0.5)$
8.

Suppose a square matrix is $\left[\begin{array}{lll}1 & x & y \\ x & 2 & z \\ y & z & 8\end{array}\right]$,
which is called $\qquad$ matrix.
(unit, symmetric, inverse)
9. $X^{0}=$ $\qquad$ . $(1,0, \infty)$
10. Value of probability is always between $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ .

$$
(-1 \text { and } 0, \quad 0 \text { and } 1, \quad 1 \text { and } 0)
$$

Q. 2
(A) Describe the variables and explain its various types in detail.
(B) Suppose demand and supply function are $4-\mathrm{P}^{2}=\mathrm{D}$ and $4 \mathrm{P}-1=5$.

Then find out equilibrium supply and price.
(C) Give the meaning with appropriate example.
(1) Homogenous Function
(2) Production Function

## OR

Q. 2
(A) What is an economic model ? Explain one Commodity Market Model.
(B) Solve the below equation with the help of elimination method.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 x+4 y=-8 \\
& 5 x+2 y=-9
\end{aligned}
$$

Q. 3
(A) What is statistical series ? Explain its types with illustration.
(B) Find out the Mean, Median and Mode for the following frequency distribution.

| Class | $5-15$ | $15-25$ | $25-35$ | $35-45$ | $45-55$ | $55-65$ | $65-75$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 8 | 11 | 15 | 25 | 20 | 13 | 8 |

## OR

(A) What is co-efficient ? Explain its uses in Economics
(B) Find out co-efficient of mean, deviation of below data.
$50,40,55,90,100,80,65,75,85,70$.
(C) In ten (10) games score of two sportsmen are below.

| A | 58 | 59 | 60 | 54 | 65 | 66 | 52 | 75 | 69 | 52 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B | 84 | 56 | 92 | 65 | 86 | 78 | 44 | 54 | 78 | 68 |

Find which sportsman is very constant in games ?
Q. 4
(A) Solve the following linear equation with the help of Crammer's rule.
$3 x_{1}+2 x_{2}+6 x_{3}=24$
$2 x_{1}+4 x_{2}+3 x_{3}=23$
$5 x_{1}+3 x_{2}+4 x_{3}=33$
(B) What is Matrix ? Explain its types and discuss its utility in economic analysis.

## OR

(A) What is input-output analysis? What are its assumptions. Explain its limitation.
(B) Suppose $A=\left[\begin{array}{ll}1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4\end{array}\right], \quad B=\left[\begin{array}{ll}1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1\end{array}\right]$, and $C=\left[\begin{array}{ll}2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1\end{array}\right]$

Find out $A B, A B(C)$ and $B C$.
Q. 5
(A) Explain Lorenz curve with appropriate example and plot the Lorenz curve.
(B) A bag contains 4 White, 5 Red and 6 Green balls. Three balls are drawn at random. What is the chance that a white a red and green ball is drawn?

## OR

(A) What is Probability ? Discuss its concept of event and explain the addition rule of probability.
(B) Define set theory ? Explain its types in detail.

