

[16] Seat No.: _____

No of printed pages:02

Sardar Patel University
Vallabh Vidyanagar – 388 120.

F.Y.B.S.W. (SE) EXAMINATION - 2016
SEMESTER-I
UA01EBSE03 - UNDERSTANDING INDIAN ECONOMY

Date: 21.11.2016

Marks: 60

Time: 10.00 am to 12.00 pm

Note: All the questions are compulsory.
Figures to the right indicate marks.
Draw diagrams wherever necessary

- Q.1 MUTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (15)**
- 1 BPL stands for
A) British physical laboratories. B) below poverty line C) Base line poverty D) None of the above.
 - 2 PMGSY Was launched in which year
A) March 2002 B) April 2003 C) March 2005 D) None of the above.
 - 3poverty is related to the distribution of income or expenditure.
A) Absolute B) Relative C) Both A&B D) None
 - 4is not the part of measurement of Agriculture in Government.
A) Minimum Wage B) Resettlement on land C) Special Programmes D) Technology
 - 5 Planning commission is entrusted with
A) Five year plans B) Payment of Wages C) Interstate Finance D) None of these
 - 6period loans cover a period extending from 5 years to 15 years.
A) Short Term B) Medium Term C) Long Term D) None
 - 7 Rural Poverty is due to
A) Poor Agriculture B) Subdivision of land C) Lack of technology D) All of these
 - 8 HDI stands for
A) Development Index B) Human Development Information C) Human derived index D) None of these

- 9 Duration of First Five Year Plan is _____.
 A) 1950-54 B) 1952-57 C) 1951-55 D) 1955-60
- 10 At Present, India is the leading tea producing country in the world. **True/False**
- 11 Poverty is mother of all evils. **True/False**
- 12 Planning Commission in India is renamed as _____
- 13 Economic reforms in India was initiated under the government of _____.
 A) PV Narshima Rao B) Manmohan Singh C) Rajiv Gandhi D) None of these
- 14 FERA stands for
 A) Foreign exchange regulation act B) Foreign elevation reform act C) Foreign estimate reform act D) None of these
- 15) FEMA stands for
 A) Foreign exchange management act B) Foreign estimate management act C) Foreign environment management act D) None of these

Q.2 Define poverty and explain various causes of poverty. (15)

OR

Q.2 Explain in detail the Basic Features of natural resources of Indian Economy. [15]

Q.3 What are the various sectors of Indian economy?

OR

Q.3 "Agriculture plays a vital role in economic development of India" - bring out the problems of Agriculture in India.

Q.4 Attempt ANY TWO of the following - (15)

- A) Migration
- B) Types of unemployment
- C) Sources of Agriculture Finance
- D) Government measures to reduce poverty.

—X—

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