

59/A-20

Seat No : \_\_\_\_\_

No. of Printed Pages: 02

**Sardar Patel University**

B.Sc (Third Semester)

US03CBCH01 (Biochemistry of biomolecules-1)

Date : 25/11/19, Monday

Time : 2:00 to 5:00 PM

Total Marks: 70

Note :

- 1) Figures to the rights indicate marks
- 2) Draw neat and labeled diagram wherever necessary

**Q.1 Multiple Choice Questions**

[10]

- 1) Which of the following is a polymer of glucose ?
  - a. Chitin
  - b. Pectin
  - c. Starch
  - d. Heparin
- 2) Which carbohydrate remains undigested in human body ?
  - a. Cellulose
  - b. Sucrose
  - c. Lactose
  - d. Starch
- 3) Mutarotation involves change in \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Chemical properties
  - b. Optical rotation
  - c. Conductance
  - d.  $p^H$
- 4) The bond by which two amino acids join together is \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Glycosidic bond
  - b. Phosphodiester bond
  - c. Peptide bond
  - d. Hydrogen bond
- 5) Which of these amino acids contain sulphur ?
  - a. Tyrosine
  - b. Cysteine
  - c. Proline
  - d. Lysine
- 6) Which of these base is not present in DNA ?
  - a. Uracil
  - b. Thymine
  - c. Adenine
  - d. Cytosine
- 7) The number of base pairs in one complete turn of A-DNA helix is
  - a. 10
  - b. 11
  - c. 12
  - d. 14
- 8) Which of these minerals is an essential component of DNA and RNA ?
  - a. Sodium
  - b. Calcium
  - c. Iodine
  - d. Phosphorus
- 9) Intake of phosphorus is associated with \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Iodine
  - b. Iron
  - c. Sodium
  - d. Calcium
- 10) Which of these mineral is added to common salt ?
  - a. Calcium
  - b. Manganese
  - c. Iron
  - d. Iodine

①

(P.T.O)

- Q.2 Answer the following questions (Attempt any TEN) [20]**
- 1) Why is Sucrose known as Invert sugar ? Briefly explain.
  - 2) Write biological functions of carbohydrates.
  - 3) Define and give examples of: (i) Enantiomers (ii) Epimers
  - 4) What is an isoelectric  $p^H$ ? Explain briefly.
  - 5) Discuss about reaction of amino acids with Ninhydrin and write its significance.
  - 6) What are essential amino acids ? Give examples.
  - 7) Draw structures of : (i) UMP (ii) TMP
  - 8) What is  $T_m$  value? Explain.
  - 9) Write about phosphodiester bond.
  - 10) Give an account of classification of minerals.
  - 11) Write sources and RDA of Iron and Iodine.
  - 12) Discuss the biochemical functions of Sodium.
- Q.3 Give the classification of carbohydrates. [10]**
- OR**
- Q.3 a) Write a note on structure and biological significance of Maltose. [05]**  
**b) What is asymmetric centre in monosaccharides ? Explain epimers and anomers. [05]**
- Q.4 Discuss classification of amino acids based on structure of R-group. [10]**
- OR**
- Q.4 a) Write a note on reaction of amino acid with Dansyl Chloride. [05]**  
**b) Write a note on non standard amino acids. [05]**
- Q.5 a) Give an account on different forms of DNA. [06]**  
**b) Write a note on DNA supercoiling. [04]**
- OR**
- Q.5 a) Write about  $C_oT$  value. [06]**  
**b) What do you know about purine nitrogenous base. [04]**
- Q.6 Discuss food sources, RDA and biochemical significance of : (i) Calcium and (ii) Iron. [10]**
- OR**
- Q.6 Discuss food sources, RDA and biochemical functions of : (i) Sodium and (ii) Phosphorus. [10]**

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 (2)