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C1127

Instrumentation and Digital Electronics B.Sc. III-Sem. US03CELE 22

Friday, 01-01-2021 0200 gm to 64:00 pm Marks 70

Q 1 : Multiple Choice Questions:

(10)

- (1) Error is defined as deviation from
 - (i) True value of measured variable
 - (ii) Average value of measured variable
 - (iii) Absolute value of measured variable
 - (iv) None of the above.
- (2) The full form of CRO is
 - (i) Cathode Ray Oscillator
 - (ii) Cathode Ray Oscilloscope
 - (iii) Cathode ray Tube
 - (iv) Cathode ray transistor
- (3) The expression for -20 in 2's complement system is
 - 1111 1100 (i)
 - 1110 1100 (ii)
 - 1011 1100 (iii)
 - 1100 1001 (iv)
- (4) 1's and 2's complement system is used to represent -----numbers
 - Positive numbers (i)
 - Negative numbers (ii)
 - (iii) Complex numbers
 - (iv) Irrational numbers
- (5) Octal number system has ----- unique symbols.
 - 8 (i)
 - 16 (i)
 - 2 (ii)
- (6) The code which is used to reduce errors in binary airthemetic is
 - (i) XS3 Code
 - (ii) Gray Code
 - (iii) 8421 code
 - (iv) 5211 code
- (7) The Gray code for binary code 11001101_2 is
 - (i) 101110011
 - (ii) 101101100
 - (iii) 101100110
 - (iv) 10101011

| (8) By forming octate we can reducevariables in Karnaugh mapping (i) 1 variable (ii) 2 variables (iii) 3 variables (iv) 4 variables (9) The fundamental operators of Boolean Algebra are (i) AND, OR, NOT (ii) XOR, XNOR (iii) NAND, NOR (iv) None of the above (10) According to Boolean algebra, 1+1= (i) 2 (ii) 0 (iii) 1 |
|---|
| (iii) 3 variables (iv) 4 variables (9) The fundamental operators of Boolean Algebra are (i) AND, OR, NOT (ii) XOR, XNOR (iii) NAND, NOR (iv) None of the above (10) According to Boolean algebra, 1+1= (i) 2 (ii) 0 |
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| (iii) NAND, NOR (iv) None of the above (10) According to Boolean algebra, 1+1= (i) 2 (ii) 0 |
| (iv) None of the above (10) According to Boolean algebra, 1+1= (i) 2 (ii) 0 |
| (10) According to Boolean algebra, 1+1= (i) 2 (ii) 0 |
| (i) 2 (ii) 0 |
| (ii) O |
| , , |
| (iii) 1 |
| |
| (iv) 10 |
| Q2: Fill in the blanks. |
| 1. Sensitivity is the ratio of out signal or response of the instrument to a change of |
| |
| 2. The binary equivalent number of ABCD ₁₆ is |
| 3. The code in which each succeeding code is one binary bit greater than preceding |
| code is |
| 4. Demorgan's theorem is stated as "Break the line". |
| Q2: True or False. |
| 1. The full form of CRT is Cathode Ray Tube. |
| 2. The Octal number system has got radix =4. |
| 3. Gray code is non-weighted binary code. |
| 4. The universal building blocks are NAND and OR. |
| O.3 Answer any ten questions briefly |
| (20) |
| 1. Define Error. |
| 2. List the names of Errors you know. |
| 3. Draw block diagram of CRO. |
| 4. Convert the given Binary Numbers to decimal: a)10010101; b)11011100 |
| 5. Convert the following Heyadecimal to the desimal: a) A120 h72042 |
| The wind wing richadecimal to the decimal a) A13B D)/CA3 |
| 16.1.011.0002716. |
| Define Weighted Binary Code and Non weighted Binary Code. |
| 8. Define Sequential code giving examples. |
| 9. Define Reflective code giving examples. |
| 10. Construct AND, OR and NOT gate using NAND gate. |
| 11. State utility of De Morgan's theorem |

Q.4 Long Answer question. (Answer any 4 out of 8)

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- 1. Write shortnote on Errors.
- 2. Draw the block diagram of Oscilloscope and give function of each block and Explain basic working of CRO.
- 3(a) Multiply the given Hexadecimal numbers 94EC x A5.
- 3(b) Add given decimal numbers using eight-bit two's complement system: -154 and -66.
- 3(c) Convert ABCD₁₆ to Octal.
- 4(a) Multiply $1001_2 \times 110_2$ using computer method.
- 4(b) Multiply the given Hexadecimal numbers 89BC x AA.
- 4(c) Convert the following Binary number to Hexadecimal:
 - a) 1010110110111 b) 10110111011011
- 5(a) Add 6748 to 5972 in BCD (8421) code.
- 5(b) Add 247.6 to 359.4 in XS3 code.
- 5(c) Subtract 175 from 267 in XS3 code.
- 6(a) Add 5085 to 9322 in BCD (8421) code.
- 6(b) Add 37 to 28 in XS3 code.
- 6(c) Subtract 27.8 from 57.6 in XS3 code.
- 7(a) Reduce the given Boolean expression using Boolean laws i) $\overline{AB + ABC + A(B + \overline{AB})}$
- 7(b) Reduce the expression in SOP form $F = \sum m(2,3,5,7,8,9,11,12,13,14,15)$ and implement in
- 8(a) Draw circuit of NOT gate and discuss its working for different input conditions.
- 8(b) Find the POS and SOP form of $Y = \sum m(0,1,3,6,7,8,9,13,15)$. Which is less expensive?

