SEAT No._

No. of Printed Pages: 2

Sardar Patel University Sixth Semester TYBSc examination-2019 **Subject-Genetics**

 $Course-US06CGEN03 \ - \ Principles \ of \ Genetics \ \& \ Breeding$ Date: 29 /03 /2019, Friday Total Marks-70 Time: 10 am to 1.90pm

| Q.1 | Multiple Choice Questions (one mark each) | 10M |
|-----|---|-----|
| 1 | Semidwarf variety of wheat was developed by | |
| | A) Borlaug B) Lush C) Shell D) Morgan | |
| 2 | Centres of origin was proposed by | • |
| | A)Johanson B) Vavilov C) Swaminathan D) None of above | |
| 3 | When Flowers do not open at all, this phenomenon is referred as | |
| | A) Chasmogamy B) Dicliny C) Protogyny D) Cleistogamy | |
| 4 | A place region or area where maximum variability of crop plants is observed is | |
| | A) Genetic diversity B)Microcentres C) Gene sanctuaries D) Centers of diversity | |
| 5 | Pollen sterility which is controlled by both cytoplasmic and nuclear genes | |
| | A) GMS B) CMS C) CGMS D) All the above | |
| 6 | The term heterosis was coined by | |
| | A) Hull(1945) B)Bruce (1910) C) East (1908) D) Shull (1914) | |
| 7 | International crop improvement Institutes are | |
| | A) ICRISAT B) IPGRI C) Both A & B D) ICAR | |
| 8 | Development of embryo without fertilization is called | |
| | A)Apomixis B) Anthesis C) Both A & B D)None of above | |
| 9 | The first opening of flower is called | |
| | A)Pollination B) Anthesis C) Both A & B D)None of above | |
| 10 | White colour tag is for class of seed | |
| | A) Foundation B)Certified C) Breeder D) Nucleus | |
| Q.2 | Short questions: Attempt any TEN (each carries two marks) | 20M |
| 1 | Write full form and headquarter of ICRISAT and CAZRI | |
| 2 | Define gene pool and give its types | |
| 3 | Define domestication and acclimatization | |
| 4 | Differentiate between cross breeding and Line breeding | |
| 5 | Give effects of self-pollination | |

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| 6 | Define Heterosis and inbreeding depression | |
| 7 | Enlist markers used in plant breeding | |
| 8 | What are QTL? Give its applications | |
| 9 | Give full form of SCAR and SNP and its applications | |
| 10 | Give two examples of each self-pollinated and asexually propagated crops | |
| 11 | Why seed certification is required? Name the act for the same | |
| 12 | Enlist the Institutes for crop improvement | |
| Q.3 | Write a short note on | |
| | a. Activities in plant breedingb. Centers of Origin | 4M |
| | OR | 6 M |
| Q.3 a. b. | Write a note on important achievements in plant breeding Discuss germplasm conservation | 4M 6M |
| Q.4 a. | Give an account of Mutation breeding | 5M |
| b. | Write a note on Seed certification act | 5M |
| Q.4 | OR Write short notes on | |
| Q. 1 | a. Methods of breeding | 7 M |
| | b. CGMS system | 3M |
| Q.5 | Write short notes on | |
| | a. Selection as a factor changing gene frequency | 7M |
| | b. Inbreeding depression OR | 3M |
| Q.5 | Discuss in detail HW law and its applications | 10M |
| Q.6 | Discuss in detail any three molecular markers used in plant breeding and also write about advantages and disadvantages of marker assisted selection. | 10M |
| | OR | |
| Q.6 a, | What are Near Isogenic Lines? Discuss process to obtain NIL | 5M |
| b. | Write a note on bulk segregating analysis | 5M |