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SEAT No.____

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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. (6th Semester) Examination Monday, 1st April 2019 10:00 am to 01:00 pm

Electronics

US06CELE04-Instrumentation

Total Marks: 70

	Markinto el cico guestions [10)]
2.1	Multiple choice questions.	.1
1)	A chopper amplifier	
	(a) Convert AC signal from low frequency to high frequency	
	(b) Convert DC signal from low frequency to high frequency	
	(c) Convert AC signal from low frequency to DC high frequency	
2)	The amount of power drawn from a circuit under test can be deceased by	
,	(a) Increasing output impedance	
	(b) Decreasing output impedance	
	(c) Increasing input impedance	
3)	Complex waveform are most accurately measured by	
	(a) An average responding voltmeter	
	(b) An rms responding voltmeter	
	(c) None of above	
4)	In the resonant circuit, at resonance capacitive reactance is equal to	-'
	(a) Resistance of circuit (b) Inductance of circuit (c) None of abo	ve
5)	In differential voltmeter is connected between the unknown voltage	zе
•	and reference voltage.	
	(a) Galvanometer (b) Ammeter (c) Null meter	
6)	The output voltage of heater element of thermocouple is directly proportional	to
-,		
	(a) squareroot of rms value of input signal	
	(b) square of rms value of input signal	
	(c) double of rms value of input signal	
7)	The stylus (Pen) consist of a wire moving across the aluminium surface	e.
	(a) Copper (b) Tungsten (c) Nichrome	
8)	to the self-representative positional serve system usin	g a
-1	motor to move a writing device back and forth across a piece of paper.	
	(a) Galvanometer type recorder (b) Null or potentiometric	
	(c) Magnetic recorder	

(a) 10) The pov	EEE 488 system, frequency counter is Talker instrument (b) Listener instrument (c) Both (a) & (b) e of the audio amplifier could be determine by measuring the or ver into the load. Voltage (b) Current (c) Gain		
Q.2 Ar	nswer any TEN questions in brief.	[20]	
 Define Form Factor. Write the difficulty of true rms responding voltmeter and how it is overcome. Write the importance of Chopper type amplifier in DC voltmeter. What is the use of Q meter? Explain its basic operation. Write the drawbacks of differential voltmeter. What is the function of S/H circuit in successive approximation DVM? Write the different method to record the data on the strip chart paper. Write the application of XY recorders. Write the basic components of magnetic tape recorder. Which three components are required for computer operated test system? Write Eight different control line in IEEE 488 bus. Show one example where ATS system is better compared to manual operation. 			
Q.3	Explain briefly the chopper stabilised amplifier. OR	[10]	
Q.3	Draw the block diagram of true rms responding voltmeter and explain it	[10]	
Q.4	Draw the block diagram of Ramp type digital voltmeter and explain it in detail. OR	[10]	
Q.4	Draw the block diagram of Successive approximation type digital voltm and explain it.	eter [10]	
Q.5	Draw the basic circuit of potentiometric recorder and explain it. OR	[10]	
Q.5	Explain digital XY plotter.	[10]	
Q.6	Give detail how an audio amplifier could be tested using automatic test system. OR	[10]	
Q.6	Explain in detail computer controlled test system for testing radio receiver.	[10]	

