## SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY BSc (VI Sem.) Examination Friday, 12<sup>th</sup> April, 2013 3 - 6 pm Electronics US06CELE04 – Instrumentation II

Note: Figures to the right indicate full marks.

## Total Marks: 70

[10]

Q.1 Multiple choice questions.
(1) A chopper amplifier \_\_\_\_\_\_.
(a) converts AC signal from low frequency to high frequency
(b) converts DC signal from low frequency to high frequency
(c) converts AC signal from low frequency to DC high frequency
(2) The voltage range of true rms responding voltmeter is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) 100V to 300V (b) 10V to 300V (c) 100 μ V to 300V
  (3) The amplifier which has no drift is called as \_\_\_\_\_.
  (a) Differential Amplifier (b) D.C. Amplifier (c) Chopper Amplifier
- (4) The acronym DCU stands for \_\_\_\_\_.
  (a) Digital Control Unit
  (b) Direct Counting Unit
  (c) Decade Control Unit
- (5) Photosensitive chart paper is used for \_\_\_\_\_ writing in strip chart recorder.

(a) Thermal (b) Optical (c) Eectrical

(6) The stylus (Pen) consists of a \_\_\_\_\_ wire moving over the aluminium surface.

(a) copper (b) tungsten (c) nichrome

- (7) IEEE 488 standard is based on the transmission of \_\_\_\_\_\_ data bus.
  - (a) 16 bit (b) 8 bit (c) 4 bit
- (8) \_\_\_\_\_ type of recorders are widely used in instrumentation system.

(a) X-Y recorders (b) Galvanometer type recorders

- (c) Magnetic type recorders
- (9) A \_\_\_\_\_ instrument may be only talker providing voltage measurement and requires no adjustments.
- (a) Voltmeter
  (b) Frequency Counter
  (c) Signal Generator
  (10) In differential voltmeter \_\_\_\_\_ meter is connected between the unknown voltage and the reference voltage.
  (a) Only any start of the start of the

(a) Galvanometer (b) Ammeter (c) Null meter

- Q.2 Answer **Any Ten** in brief.
  - (1) State the importance of Chopper type Amplifier in dc voltmeter.
  - (2) Define form factor.
  - (3) Write the basic component of magnetic tape recorder.

[20]

(4)	State the applications of X-Y Recorders.	
(5)	Which three components are required for computer operated test system?	
(6)	Draw the 24 Pin connector of IEEE 488 bus and label each pin.	
(7)	State the difficulty of true-rms responding voltmeter and how it is overcome.	
(8)	Explain the advantage of digital voltmeter over analog voltmeter.	
(9) (10)	State the different methods to record the data on the Strip Chart Paper.	
(11)	State the eight different control lines in IEEE488 bus.	
(12)	What is the use of Q-Meter? Explain its basic operation.	
Q.3	Draw the block diagram of True-rms responding voltmeter and explain it.	[10]
	OR	
Q.3	Discuss in detail the Chopper Stabilized Amplifier.	[10]
Q.4	Draw the block diagram of ramp type digital voltmeter and explain its working.	[10]
	OR	
Q.4	Discuss in detail the Q-Meter.	[10]
Q.5	Discuss in detail Magnetic recorders.	[10]
Q.5	Discuss in detail the Digital XY Plotters.	[10]
Q.6	Explain how an audio amplifier can be tested using automatic test system.	[10]
	OR	
Q.6	Give an account of two instruments used in computer controlled instrumentation.	[10]

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