## C251

## No. of Printed Pages: 3

## SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

F.Y.B.Sc. (Semester – II) (CBCS) Examination.

Monday, 30<sup>th</sup> April, 2011.

Instrumentation (Vocational)

US02CINS01

Basic Electronics Instrumentation.

| i | Ans        | ne: - <b>3</b> :00 To <b>5</b> :00 PM<br>wer of all the questions (Including multiple of<br>wer book only.            | hoice                | Marks: - 70 questions) should be written in the                  |
|---|------------|---|----------------------|--|
|   | <b>Q.1</b> | Inductive reactance is a function of  |                      | (10)   |
|   |            | <ul><li>(a) Inductance of coil.</li><li>(b) Current passing from coil.</li></ul>                                      | (c)<br>(d)           | Wave shape of AC signal. All of above.                           |
|   | 2          | The frequency of AC signal depends on <ul><li>(a) Amplitude of signal.</li><li>(b) Periodic time of signal.</li></ul> | (c)<br>(d)           | Phase angle of signal. All of above.                             |
|   | 3          | Algebraic sum of the current entering and le<br>(a) Positive.<br>(b) Zero.  | eaving<br>(c)<br>(d) | the junction is always Negative. None of above.                  |
|   | 4          | The Resonance frequency of the series resonance (a) Capacitance of capacitor. (b) Quality factor.                     |                      | circuit do not depends on Inductance of the coil. None of above. |
|   | 5          | The phase difference between the voltage as (a) +90° (b) 0°   | (c)<br>(d)           | rent in an ideal capacitive circuit is 90° None of above.        |
|   | 6          | The quality factor of the series resonance ci (a) Coil resistance. (b) Loading on resonance circuit.                  |                      | Leakage through capacitor.                                       |
|   | 7          | The average value of the sinusoidal signal is (a) 0.5 Vm. (b) 1.1 Vm.   | (c)<br>(d)           | 0.707 Vm.<br>0.636 Vm.   |
|   | 8          | For maximum power transfer the resistance (a) Equal to source resistance.   |                      | d circuit should be Less than source resistance.                 |
|   | 9          | (b) More than source resistance.  | (d)                  | All of above.  |
|   | 9          | An ideal inductor has coil resist (a) High.   |                      | Low.   |
|   |            | (b) Zero.   | (d)                  |  |
|   | 10         | If the two signals are in phase opposition them?  | en wh                | at is the phase difference between                               |
|   |            | (a) 360°  | (c)                  | 180 °  |
|   |            | (b) 90°   | (d)                  | 0 °  |

## Q2 Answer the following questions (Any ten)

(20)

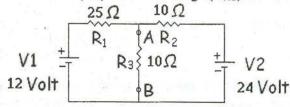
- (1) What is a network?
- (2) State Norton theorem and draw Norton equivalent circuit.
- (3) Differentiate between Resistance and Reactance.
- (4) Define form factor.
- (5) Which factors determines the energy stored by the capacitors?
- (6) State Kirchhoff's Voltage and Current laws.
- (7) Explain the meaning of phase lagging and phase leading in AC circuits.
- (8) Define and explain the Resonance in electric circuits.
- (9) What is Quality factor?
- (10) An inductive reactance of 140  $\Omega$  and capacitive reactance of 250  $\Omega$  are connected in series with 170  $\Omega$  resistor. Find the impedance offered by the series circuit.
- (11) What is Admittance?
- (12) What is half power bandwidth?
- Q3 (a) Do as directed.

(6)

- (i) (1+i2)+(3+i4)
- (iii) (5 + i2) + (2 + i2)
- (ii) (9+i2)-(9)(iv) (5-i4)-(3+i6)
- (v) (i6-8)-(12+i3)
- (vi) (9-i19) + (i15+12)
- (b) Convert following polar coordinates to Cartesian coordinates and vice versa.
  - (i)  $r = 282 \& \Theta = 45^{\circ}$ .
- (ii) x = 10 & y = 10.
- (iii)  $r = 100 \& \Theta = 25^{\circ}$ .
- (iv) x = 0 & y = 50.

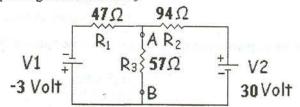
OF

- Q3 (a) Derive an expression for the average and effective values of the ac sinusoidal (5) signals and derive an expression for the form factor.
  - (b) Define the terms Phase, Frequency and Periodic time of an ac sinusoidal (5) signal. Find the periodic time of the signal produced by the Inverter with 49 Hz frequency.
- Q4 State Thevenin's theorem and Thevenize a given network circuit of and (10) calculate the load current (I<sub>AB</sub>) and load voltage (V<sub>AB</sub>).



OR

Q4 State super position theorem and For the given circuit calculate the voltage (10) and current passing from resistor R<sub>3</sub>.



Q5 (a) Discuss the response of parallel RL circuit for sinusoidal signals. Derive (6) expressions for the total impedance and phase angle of the circuit.
(b) Calculate the impedance and phase angle offered by the parallel RL circuit (4) made up of 100 Ω resistor and 100 Ω inductive reactance.

OR
Q5 (a) Discuss the capacitors response to sinusoidal signals and write an expression (6) for the energy stored in capacitors.
(b) The high voltage circuit of mosquito repellent unit produces 2000 Volts across 1μF capacitor. Calculate the energy stored in output capacitor.
Q6 (a) Draw the circuit of the Series resonance and explain it with necessary diagrams. Also derive an expression for the resonance frequency.
(b) Calculate the resonance frequency and bandwidth of a series resonance (4) circuit made up of 1mH inductor and 100 nF capacitor. The quality factor of

the circuit is 5.

Q6

(a)

Draw the circuit of the Parallel resonance and explain it with necessary diagrams. Also derive an expression for the resonance frequency.

(b) List and explain the applications of the electronic resonance circuit. (4)

OR

X=X=X