No. of Printed Pages: 02

SEAT No._

[22]

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

External Examination (CBCS)

B. Sc. (IT) - IV^{th -} Semester

US04CINT01: Computer Organization & Digital Computer Electronic

9th April, Monday - 2018

Time :	10:00 am to 1:00 pm		Total Marks :70	
Q-1	Select an appropriate option.		10	
1.	In Octal Number system, base is _ (a) 8 (b) 7	(c) 9	(d) None of these	
2.	ALU stands for (a) Arithmetic Logic Unit (c) Arithmetric Logic Unit		(b) Arithmetic Logic Usage (d) None of these	
3.	Computer hardware refers to the (a) Logical (b) Physical	parts of a co (c) Data	mputer. (d) None of these	
4.	performs operations succarry out the instructions. (a) Arithmetic Logic Unit (c) Control Unit	th as addition and Bo (b) Registers (d) None of the		
5.	holds the instruction (a) Instruction Register (c) Control Register	(b) Program c	urrently being executed. (b) Program counter (d) None of above	
6.	is a collection of parallection of parallectio		ing address, data and (d) Program Counter	
7.	A gate is a logic circuit with one coutput signal. (a) Two (b) One	or more input signals (c) Three	but only	
8.	The gate has two or moget a high output. (a) AND (b) OR	ore input signals. All	inputs must be high to (d) NOR	
9.	A multiplexer has (a) One input and several output: (c) Several inputs and several output:		(b) One input and one output uts (d) Several inputs and one output	
10.	In k-map, octets eliminates (a) one (b) two	variable(s) and (c) three	their complements. (d) four	

Q-2 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11.	Answer the following questions. (Attempt any TEN) Define the terms 'Hardware' and 'Software'. What are the five basic operations performed by any Computer System? List the base and radix of Binary, Octal and Hexadecimal number system. What do you mean by instruction-level parallelism? What is program counter? What is instruction register? What is logic gate? List all logic gates. Explain NOR gate. Explain XOR gate. Define Decoder. Define Karnaugh map. What is maxterm?	20			
Q-3 (a)	Draw a block diagram of Basic Organization of a Computer System and	5			
(b)	explain the functions of the various units. Explain the conversion of Hexadecimal to Decimal with suitable example.				
O 1	OR				
Q-3 (a) (b)	Write a brief note on evaluation of Computers. What is the shortcut method of Octal to Binary conversion? Explain with example.				
Q-4 (a) (b)	Describe the Hemming code by giving an example. Explain in detail Pipelining.	5 5			
OR					
Q-4 (a) (b)	Explain the instruction execution cycle of a CPU. Explain in detail Multiprocessors.	5 5			
Q-5 (a) (b)	Explain De'Morgan first and second theorem. Explain Full-Adder with truth table and logic diagram.	5 5			
OR .					
Q-5 (a) (b)	Explain in detail the Binary Adder. Explain 2's complement adder and subtractor in detail.				
Q-6	Explain: (i) Encoder (ii) Comparator	10			
	OR OR What is Multipleyer? Explain 8x1 multiplexes in detail. 10				
Q-6	What is Multiplexer? Explain 8x1 multiplexer in detail.	10			