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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. Industrial Chemistry (Semester – 1ST) EXAMINATION 29th NOVEMBER 2013, Friday

Course No.: US01CICV02 (Process Calculation)

Tota	l Marks: 70 Time: 2:30 to 4:30	pm
Q.1	Answer the given multiple choice questions.	[10]
1.	The average atmospheric pressure of mercury is	
	a)29.92 psi b) 17.40 c) 15.90 psi d) 14.70psi	
2.	Which of the following is the equation of Charles law	
	a)P/T = Constant b) V/T = Constant c) T/V = Constant d) $VxT = P$	
3.	With increase in rate of vaporization, vapour pressure will	
	a)Remains constant b) Decrease c) Increase d) None of the above	
4.	Limiting reactant is in less amount than	
	a) Stoichiometric requirement c) Both (a) and (b)	
	b) Theoretical requirement d) None	
5.	Material balance calculations is based on	
	a)Law of conservation of energy c) Both (a) and (b) b) Law of conservation of mass d) None of these	
6.	Physical Changes take place in	
0.	a)Unit Process b)Unit Operation c)Both a & b d)None of these	•
7.	The energy associated with system due to its motion is known as	
<i>'</i> .	a) Kinetic energy c) Internal energy	
	b) Solar energy d) Renewable energy	
8.	A process in which no heat can leave or enter the system is known as	
	a) Continuous process c) Batch process	
0	b) Adiabatic process Orsat apparatus is used to	
9.	••	
10	a) Analyze gas b) Separate oxygen c) Purify the air d) None of the above	
10.	The rapid reaction of fuel with oxygen is known as d) Poth (a) and (b)	
	a)Combustion b) Distillation c) Humidification d) Both (a) and (c)	
0 2	Attempt any Ten.	[20]
Q.2 i.	State and explain Raoult's law and Henry's law.	[20]
i. ii.	State Daltons law and Amagates law.	
11. 111.	Define weight percentage and mole percentage.	
iv.	Explain Batch and Continuous Processes	
	Differentiate between Unit operation and Unit Process with suitable examples	
٧.	Explain the law of conservation of mass.	
vi.	•	
vii.	What do you mean by heat of combustion, explain using suitable example?	
viii.	Write down the equation for energy balance during phase change operation	
ix	Define: Standard heat of formation, Heat of combustion	
X	Discuss about excess and limiting air.	

xi	Define molal Humidity and Specific heat.	
xii	Explain Saturation humidity, Relative humidity	
Q.3a)	Write a note on: Vapour pressure of solids.	[5]
b)	Explain the effect of temperature on vapour pressure	[5]
	OR	
Q.3a)	List and explain different methods used to express the composition of solution and mixtures	[5]
b)	Derive ideal gas equation.	[5]
Q.4a)	A single effect evaporator is fed with 10000 kg/hr of weak liquor containing 15% caustic by weight and is concentrated to get thick liquor containing 40% by	[5]
	weight caustic (NaOH). Calculate a) kg/hr of water evaporated b)kg/hr of thick	
	liquor obtained.	
b)	Write a note on: Bypass operation.	[5]
	OR	(
Q.4a)	Write a short note on: Process flow sheet.	[5]
b)	Discuss the outline of a procedure for solving material balance calculation.	[5]
Q.5a)	Explain Hess law of constant heat summation.	[5]
b)	Discuss effect of pressure on Heat of Reaction.	[5]
	OR	
Q.5a)	Derive the relation between Cp and Cv for ideal gas.	[5]
b)	Explain in brief Latent heat of phase change.	[5]
Q.6	Explain complete and partial combustion with suitable examples.	[10]
_	OR	
Q.6	Write a note on: OrsatAnalyzer.	[10]

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