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SEAT No.____

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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. (5th Semester) Examination Monday, 22nd October 2018 10:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m.

US05CELE01 - Discrete And Linear Circuits

	Total Marks: 70	
		10]
Q-1 1	Choose the correct answer In the feedback amplifier, sensitivity D is equal to (a) $1+A\beta$ (b) $A\beta$ (c) $1-A\beta$	
2	Negative feedback in an amplifier improves Negative feedback in an amplifier improves (A) I	
3	(a) the signal to hoise ratio at the same to keep distortion minimum. The phase shift oscillator is operated in to keep distortion minimum. (a) Class A (b) Class B (c) Class C	
4	Radio frequency oscillator generates range frequencies. (a) 20 KHz to 30 MHz (b) 20 Hz to 20 KHz (c) 30 MHz to 300 MHz	
5	In Hartley Oscillator tank circuit is made up of	
6	coils To minimize the cross over distortion the transistor may be operated inmode. (a) Class A (b) Class B (c) Class AB	
7	Complementary symmetry amplifier uses Complementary symmetry amplifier uses Complementary symmetry amplifier uses	
8	(a) Two npn transistors (b) Two pnp transistors (c) Two pnp transistors (d) Two pnp transistors (e) Two pnp transistors (f) Tw	
9	IC 723 voltage regulator can be used as aregulator.	
10	Switching regulator is also called convertor. (a) dc to ac (b) dc to dc c) ac to dc	
Q-2	Answer any TEN questions in brief	[20]
1	State the general characteristics of negative feedback amplifier.	
2	Define Desensitivity. Define the amount of feedback in decibels.	
3	What determines the frequency of oscillations in wein bridge oscillator?	
4	State Barkhausen criteria.	
5	Draw the circuit diagram of Hartley oscillator.	
6 7	tification tokes place in the nower application.	
8	Derive the expression for conversion efficiency of Class A series fed amplifier.	
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11 12	Explain the three terminal IC regulator. What is peak inverse voltage?	
Q-3	What is feedback? Draw the block diagram of feedback amplifier. Explain the function of each block	[10]
Q-3	OR Classify the amplifier as 1) voltage amplifier 2) current amplifier 3) transconductance amplifier 4) transresistance amplifier.	[10]
Q-4	Draw the circuit diagram of Crystal oscillator and explain it in detail. OR	[10]
Q-4	Draw the circuit diagram of Phase Shift oscillator and explain it in detail.	[10]
Q-5	What is crossover distortion? How does it originate? Explain the method to reduce it.	[10]
Q-5	OR Draw the circuit diagram of Class A Push pull amplifier and explain it.	[10]
Q-6	Explain two applications of IC 723.	[10]
Q-6	OR Discuss in detail the discrete voltage regulator circuit.	[10]

