

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY  
 B.Sc. (Information Technology) EXAMINATION, V SEM

Date : 11<sup>th</sup> NOV 2019, Monday  
 Session : Morning  
 Course No : US05CINT01

Time : 10:00am To 01:00pm  
 Sub: Relational Database Management System - I  
 Total marks : 70

Q – 1 Multiple Choice Question [10]

- i) \_\_\_\_\_ key represents relationship between tables.  
 a) Primary      b) Foreign      c) Unique      d) Check
- ii) Which SQL statement is used to modify data in a database?  
 a) Save As      b) Modify      c) Update      d) Save
- iii) Actual value of a column is also called \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a) Tuple      b) Derived Attribute      c) Attribute      d) Domain
- iv) \_\_\_\_\_ is a transaction control statement.  
 a) Update      b) Alter      c) Commit      d) Select
- v) Which SQL statement is used to insert new data in a database?  
 a) Add new      b) Insert now      c) Insert into      d) Add record
- vi) The \_\_\_\_\_ command displays only the column names, data type, Size and Not Null constraints.  
 a) Constraints      b) User\_constraints      c) DESC      d) Display
- vii) The \_\_\_\_\_ function returns an integer value corresponding to the UserID of the user currently logged in.  
 a) ROWID      b) USER      c) UID      d) ROWNUM
- viii) The data held across the primary key column must be \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a) Unique      b) Repetitive      c) Null      d) Simple
- ix) The \_\_\_\_\_ Clause is another section of the selection of the select statement .  
 a) Group by      b) Sub query      c) Having      d) Where
- x) The address field of an Index is called \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a) Row id      b) Column Id      c) View      d) Index

Q – 2 Short Answer **attempt any ten (Each carry 2 marks)** [20]

- i) Define : DBMS , RDBMS
- ii) Define attribute and tuple.
- iii) List types of SQL statement with example .
- iv) Explain Order By Clause.
- v) Explain concept of DUAL table.
- vi) List out arithmetic operator and give any two example on dual table..
- vii) How Unique Key constraint can be apply at column level as well as table level?
- viii) Explain use of BETWEEN operators in concern with Range searching.
- ix) Explain COALESEC with example.
- x) What is nested query? Why it is used for ?
- xi) List the types of indexes and explain reverse index.
- xii) Write Syntax of GRANT statement

- Q – 3 a) Explain any six Codd rules. [06]  
 b) Explain E-R diagram notations [04]

OR

- Q – 3 a) Define Normalization. Explain 1NF, 2NF and 3NF by taking suitable example. [06]  
 b) List types of relationship and explain any one. [04]

- Q – 4 a) Explain all types of operators of SQL with example. [10]
- OR**
- Q – 4 a) Explain DDL, DML, and DCL statements. [10]
- Q – 5 a) List all aggregate functions available and explain any two with syntax and example. [06]
- b) Discuss principals of NULL values [04]
- OR**
- Q – 5 a) Explain primary key constraint in detail with syntax and example. [06]
- b) Explain NVL and DECODE with syntax and example [04]
- Q – 6 a) List Different types of Joining. Explain any two with example [06]
- b) Explain view and updatable view with example. [04]
- OR**
- Q – 6 a) What is Index? Explain types of Index . [06]
- b) Explain referencing a sequence with the example. [04]

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