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Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

No. of Printed Pages : 2

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION-2019

Class -TYBSc 5<sup>th</sup> Semester; Subject -Genetics

Course: US05CGEN04; Paper-Plant Biotechnology

Date: 18/11/2019 Monday

Time:10.00am-1.00pm

Max.Marks:70

Q1. MCQs. Attempt all questions.

[10]

- i. Embryo culture is used for
  - (A) Establishing suspension culture
  - (B) Rescue of distant hybrids
  - (C) Somatic hybridization
  - (D) Haploid production
- ii. Hormone pairs required for a callus to differentiate are
  - (A) Auxin and cytokinin
  - (B) Auxin and gibberellin
  - (C) Ethylene and gibberellin
  - (D) Cytokinin and gibberellins
- iii. The explants required in haploid culture is
  - (A) only the petals
  - (B) only the anthers
  - (C) only the stigma
  - (D) only the sepals
- iv. When an enucleated protoplast is fused with a nucleated protoplast the hybrid is called
  - (A) homokaryon
  - (B) heterokaryon
  - (C) somatic hybrid
  - (D) cybrids
- v. Production of transgenic cotton resistant to lepidopteran insects utilizes a toxin-producing gene isolated from
  - (A) *Pseudomonas fluorescens*
  - (B) *Bacillus thuringiensis*
  - (C) *Bipolaris maydis*
  - (D) *Clostridium tetani*
- vi. Glufosinate herbicide competitively inhibits an enzyme used in nitrogen metabolism is
  - (A) Urease
  - (B) Nitrate reductase
  - (C) Glutamine synthetase
  - (D) Glutamate dehydrogenase
- vii. Which of the following cannot be used as a vector?
  - (A) Phage
  - (B) Plasmid
  - (C) Bacterium
  - (D) All are vectors
- viii. Electroporation technique is used efficiently for:
  - (A) DNA separation
  - (B) Gene transfer
  - (C) Somatic Hybridization
  - (D) DNA isolation
- ix. ACC deaminase gene is responsible for
  - (A) synthesis for ethylene
  - (B) degradation of ACC an immediate precursor to ethylene
  - (C) both (a) and (b)
  - (D) synthesis of polygalactouranase
- x. The Enzyme barnase shows--
  - (A) Protease activity
  - (B) DNase activity
  - (C) RNase activity
  - (D) Helicase activity

Q2. Short questions. Attempt any TEN questions.

[20]

- a. Explain with diagram only genes on T- DNA of Ti plasmid
- b. Define nurse culture and somatic hybrid
- c. Differentiate between binary vector and cointegrate vector.
- d. Describe the terms electroporation and electrofusion.
- e. Define and explain symmetric and asymmetric hybrids.

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(P.T.O)

- f. Expand these abbreviations--EPSPS, ACC, GUS & PAT.
- g. Enlist the advantages of edible vaccine.
- h. Explain the terms flavr savr tomato and golden rice.
- i. Explain the role of barstar in making a male sterile plant.
- j. Define somaclonal variations enlist its causes.
- k. Enlist all the methods used to transfer gene in plants.
- l. Define edible vaccine and give its applications.

- Q3a. Define callus. Explain in detail suspension culture. [07]  
 Q3b. Give applications of plant tissue culture. [03]

OR

- Q3a. Explain heat sterilization methods in detail. [07]  
 Q3b. Explain the role of agar-agar in media preparation. [03]

- Q4. What is the mechanism behind protoplast fusion? Discuss the chemical methods used for making somatic hybrids. [10]

OR

- Q4. Write a detailed note on the screening of heterozygous hybrids. [10]

- Q5a. What changes are required in Ti plasmid for its use as a vector. Explain the Ti plasmid based binary vectors. [07]

- Q5b. Write a note on microinjection method of gene transfer in plants. [03]

OR

- Q5a. Discuss in detail about biolistic method of gene transfer. [07]

- Q5b. Write a short note on npt-II and hpt-II as marker [03]

- Q6. Discuss in detail about the Bt toxin and its use in making insect resistant plants. [10]

OR

- Q6. Write note on following transgenics: [06]  
 a. Golden rice [06]  
 b. Barnase/Barstar system [04]

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