SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. Vth Semester Industrial Chemistry (CBCS) Examination, (NC)

Industrial Chemistry

Course No.: US05CICH03

Subject: Petroleum Technology

Time: (00:20	P.M.	То	04 ₀ 00	P.M.
---------	-------	------	----	--------------------	------

28th December 2020 Monday

Total Marks: 70

N.B. (1) Marks allotted to the question are on its RHS

(2) Illustrate your answers wherever necessary with the help of neat sketches & chemical equations

0.1	Answer the following MCO/S:	(10)				
1	Answer the following MCQ'S: The highest carbon atom present in the crude oil in					
'	The highest carbon atom present in the crude oil is (a) C_{90} (b) C_{75} (c) C_{70} (d) C_{80}					
2						
	Process is used in crude oil for removal of sulphur.					
•	(a) Selexol (b) Sulfinol (c) Gribotol (d) Demulsification					
3	Ethylene glycol is prepared from oxidation and hydration of					
	(a) Ethylene (b) Propylene (c) Acetylene (d) Methane					
4						
_	(a) 90% H ₂ SO ₄ (b) 70% H ₂ SO ₄ (c) 65% H ₂ SO ₄ (d) 55% H ₂ SO ₄					
5	The flash and fire points are useful in determining a andresistance					
	(a) lubricants volatility and fire (b) lubricants fluidity and fire					
	(c) lubricants volatility and solvent (d) lubricants fluidity and solvent					
6	In resin the amount of Maleic Anhydride is added in proportion to					
	other diacids.					
	(a) Unsaturated Polyester (b) Saturated Polyester					
	(c) Epoxy (d) Polyurethane					
7	Catalyst used for manufacturing of HCN					
	(a) Pt Rh (b) V_2O_5 (c) Fe (d) Clay					
8						
	and treatment of this oxime with acid induces the Beckmann rearrangement to give					
	caprolactam.					
	(a) Cyclohexanone (b) Benzoic acid (c) Cinnamic acid (d) Isophthalic Acid					
9	is the ideal structure for butadiene rubber production.					
	(a) CI (b) H H (c) H_2C H (d) H_3C CH_2 H_4 CH_3 CH_3					
	устория устор					
	(a) \dot{c} (b) \dot{H} \dot{H} (c) H_2C' \dot{H} (d) \dot{H}					
10	is an addition reaction in which hydrogen atoms are added all the					
	way around the benzene ring. A cycloalkane is formed.					
•	(a) Hydrogenation (b) Dehydrogenation (c) Cyclization (d) Alkylation					
Q-2	Fill in the blanks and True or False	(8)				
	(a) Hydrodesulfurization (HDS) is the current industrial method to	(-)				
	remove aliphatic and acyclic containing compounds from Fuels.					
	(b) Naphthenes, also known as cycloalkanes, are saturated hydrocarbons that					
	have at least one ring of carbon atoms.					
	(c) Udex is a solvent extraction process for separating aromatics from reformate.					
	The process uses diethylene glycol as the solvent.					
	(d) On an industrial scale, is prepared by chlorination of methane.					
	(e) A Lewis acid catalyst such as is employed in the Friedel-Crafts					
	alkylation reaction of benzene in order to form a carbocation by facilitating the					
	any and reaction of penzene in order to form a carbocation by lacilitating the					

- removal of the halide.
- (f) Carbon disulfide (CS₂), also called Carbon Bisulfide, a colourless, toxic, highly volatile and flammable liquid chemical compound, large amounts of which are used in the manufacture of viscose rayon, cellophane, and carbon tetrachloride.
- (g) The main production method for vinyl acetate monomer is the reaction of ethylene and acetic acid with oxygen, in the presence of a palladium catalyst.
- (h) Acetylene is the chemical compound with the formula C_2H_2 . It is a hydrocarbon and the simplest alkyne. This colorless _____ is widely used as a fuel and a chemical building block.

Q.3 Answer any ten of the following:

(20)

- 1 Write in detail about the Organic theory of petroleum formation of crude oil.
- 2 Distinguish between Octane number and Cetane Number
- 3 Explain signification of salts removal from crude oil
- 4 Which are the different chemicals derive from propane-propylene fraction?
- 5 Draw the flow diagram for low temperature condensation and fractional distillation technique for separation cracked petroleum gases.
- 6 Sketch the flow diagram of caprolactum production.
- 7 Give the chemical reaction of CS₂
- 8 Give the outline of chemical obtained from ethane.
- 9 Sketch the flow diagram of LABS Process.
- 10 Explain regeneration of catalyst, production of Butadiene.
- 11 Explain liquid phase hydration of ethylene
- 12 Sketch the flow diagram of butadiene production.
- Q-4 Long Answer Questions (Attempt any 4 out of 8)

(32)

- Explain extraction of Aromatic fraction using with liquid SO₂.
- 2 With the help of flow diagram explain the manufacturing of HCN.
- 3 Outline the Manufacture of caprolactum.
- 4 Explain the manufacture of butadiene.
- 5 Write manufacture methods for the Vinyl acetate
- 6 Enlist the composition of petroleum and explain it in brief.
- 7 Write a note on Distillation & refining of light petroleum products.
- 8 Explain process with flow diagram removal of iso-butane from C4-Fraction

