## SEAT No.\_\_\_\_

**L84**J

## SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

T. Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (SEMESTER - V)

## BIOCHEMISTRY: US05CBCH06 BIOINSTRUMENTATION

Date: 31/12/2020 (Trusday)
Time: 02:00 P.M. To 04:00 P.M.

**TOTAL MARKS: 70** 

		ple Choice questions: (1 Machange chromatography is based)		10		
	a.	electrostatic attraction	c. ionic species			
	b.	adsorption chromatography				
P	\ ty	pe of monochromatic der	ice present in spectrophotometer is			
_			c. Interfere filter			
		<u> </u>	d. Prism			
E	Beer's	s law states that the intens	ity of light decreases with respect to			
	a.	Concentration	c. Distance			
		Composition	d. Volume			
V	Vhicl	n of the following gases is unsu	itable for uses as GC carrier gas?			
	a.	Nitrogen	c. Helium			
	b.	Oxygen	d. All of above			
What is the nature of agarose?						
	a.	Disaccharide	c. Agarobiose			
	<b>b</b> .	Polysaccharide	d. Protein			
V	Vhat	is rate-zonal centrifugation?				
a. Based on separation of particles by mass						
	b. Based on separation of particles by density					
	c.	Based on separation of partic	es on solubility			
		Based on separation of partic				
V	Which one of the following arrangements for the sequence of the main					
	components of a UV/visible spectrophotometer is Correct?					
	a.	Readout→ Detector → Sample	ell → Monochromator → Light source			
			Sample cell → Detector → Light source			
			Detector $\rightarrow$ Sample cell $\rightarrow$ Light source			
			→ Sample cell → Readout → Light source			
V			r visualization of DNA during DNA gel			
	electrophoresis?					
	a.	Brilliant blue	c. Bromo cresol green			
	b.	Ethidium Bromide	d. Methylene blue			
Iı	ı equ	ation, G=ω2r where ω equals				
	a.	radial distance from the axis				
	b.	Centrifugal force				
	c.	Angular velocity				
	d.	None of these		-		
V	What is the purpose of using bromophenol blue in the sample buffer?					
	a.	To ionize the sample	c. To monitor the electrophoretic run			
	b.	Act as Control	d. for adjust pH			

<b>Q.2</b> 1.	Do as Direct ((Fill in the blanks and True or False)  The absorbance does not change when the cell path length (cell thickness)  increases (T/E)	8				
2.	increases (T/F) Grating is a device used in the spectrophotometer to function as					
3.	rpm = per minute					
4.	For the separation of lipoprotein by centrifugation, method is mostly used.					
5.	SDS-PAGE is electrophoresis method used for separation of protein. (T/F)					
6.	In DNA agarose gel electrophoresis, used as intercalating agent to visualized location of DNA on gel.					
7.	In Column chromatography, the stationary phase is made of liquid and the mobile phase is made of solid. (T/F)					
8.	High pressure liquid chromatography can be performed only in columns. (T/F)					
Q.3	Answer in very short (Attempt any Ten)	20				
1.	What is the difference between prism and grating used in spectrophotometer?					
2.	Explain sedimentation velocity.					
3.	List the different Infrared region. Write down the principle of IR spectroscopy.					
4.	What is isoelectric focusing?					
5.	Give the types of ultracentrifugation and its application.					
6.	What is bathochromatic and hyperchromatic shift?					
7.	What is the importance of staking gel during PAGE?					
8.	Give any one staining method of SDS-PAGE in brief.					
9.	Write principle of sedimentation and centrifugation?					
10.	What is Ion exchanger? Give its application.					
11.	Why pumping system is most important part of HPLC techniques?					
12.	Write down the basic principle of affinity chromatography.					
Q.4	Answer the following question in detail. (Attempt any four out of eight)	32				
1.	Write down the beer's law. Explain the functioning of different components of U.V. spectrophotometer.					
2.	Discuss the importance of various types of monochromators.					
3.	Explain various factors affecting speed of centrifuge.					
4.	Write in detail on: a. Rate zonal rotor b. Angular rotor					
5.	Write a short note on: SDS Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis					
6.	Discuss the properties and uses of different gel materials used for electrophoresis.					
7.	Give an account on: Principle and types of column used in Gas chromatography					
8.	Write down the basic principle of chromatography. Discuss the procedure and application of Ion Exchange chromatography.					
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