

SEAT No. \_\_\_\_\_

No. of Printed Pages: 02

[87]

**SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY**  
**Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.)**  
**Fifth Semester Examination (NC) December – 2020**  
**Tuesday, 29<sup>th</sup> December, 2020**  
**2:00 P.M to 4:00 P.M**  
**Subject: Biochemistry**  
**COURSE: US05CBCH04**  
**(Cell Biology)**

Note: (1) Figures to the right indicate marks.  
(2) Draw a neat and labeled diagram, wherever necessary.

**Total Marks: 70**

**Q.1 Choose the most appropriate answer from the four alternatives given:**

**[10]**

- (1) \_\_\_\_\_ are round cells.  
(a) Plant cells (b) White cells (c) Animal cells (d) None
- (2) In prokaryotic \_\_\_\_\_ is absent or rare.  
(a) DNA (b) Chromosome (c) Ribosome (d) Microtubules
- (3) Animal cells have \_\_\_\_\_ vacuoles  
(a) Large (b) small (c) micro (d) none
- (4) The major protein in muscle is \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Actin (b) Beta-tubulin (c) Myosin. (d) None of the above
- (5) The position of centriole determines the position of the \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Nucleus (b) Miosin (c) Centrosome (d) Actin
- (6) The nucleus contains \_\_\_\_\_ for all cellular structure.  
(a) Blueprint (b) Nuceloprint (c) Both a & b (d) None of the above
- (7) The fluid components of cytoplasm are \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Plasma (b) Cytosol (c) Granules (d) none.
- (8) As DNA replication continues, \_\_\_\_\_ is destroyed  
(a) Cyclin E (b) G1-cycline (c) G2-cycline (c) None
- (9) Haploid cells are a result of the process of \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Mitosis (b) Gene (c) Meiosis (d) None of the above
- (10) \_\_\_\_\_ Protein is key player in cell death.  
(a) P53 (b) p34 (c) Protein 58" (d) TP59

**Q.2 (a) Fill in the blanks**

**[4]**

- (1) Animal cells does not have \_\_\_\_\_
- (2) Microtubules is a type of \_\_\_\_\_
- (3) Contractile vacuoles pump out \_\_\_\_\_
- (4) As DNA replication continuous, \_\_\_\_\_ is destroyed.

[1]

(P.T.O.)

**Q.2 (b) Write True and False**

[4]

- (1) Animal cells have cell wall.
- (2) The position of the centriole determines the position of actin.
- (3) Proteasomes are cytoplasmic lipid complex.
- (4) Golgi apparatus is complex of smooth membranous saccuule.

**Q.3 Answer any TEN from the following:**

[20]

- (1) Define Plant cell and Chloroplast.
- (2) What is plasma membrane?
- (3) Enlist functions of cell walls.
- (4) Write about eukaryotic cilia and flagella.
- (5) Write importance of lysozymes and write about structure of plasmalemma.
- (6) Write importance of Centrioles.
- (7) What are adult stem cells?
- (8) What is Autophagy?
- (9) What are the unique properties of all stem cells?.
- (10) Write about key player in apoptosis.
- (11) What is cell division?
- (12) Why should a cell commit suicide?

**Q.4 Write Answer in detail (Any four)**

[32]

- (1) Write account on genes of prokaryotic and Eukaryotic.
- (2) Explain Fluid Mosaic model.
- (3) Explain in detail about "Mechanism of Apoptosis".
- (4) Write a note on centrioles and explain its functions.
- (5) Write on SER.
- (6) Classify Endoplasmic reticulum and explain its structure and functions.
- (7) Draw a diagram and give a detail note on myosin filament
- (8) Write about adult stem cells.

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