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## SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY BSc (V Sem.) Examination 2013 Wednesday, 20<sup>th</sup> November 10.30 am - 1.30 pm US05CMTH04 - Abstract Algebra I

Total Marks: 70

Note: Figures to the right indicate marks.

[24]

Q.1	Answer the following by selecting the correct choice from the given [10] options.
(1)	$\left(Z_{7}^{*},\bullet\right)$ is a group then Z(G) =
(2)	(a) $\phi$ (b) { $\overline{1}$ } (c) { $\overline{1},\overline{3},\overline{5}$ } (d) G O (i) in (C <sup>*</sup> ,•) is (a) 1 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 2
(3)	Multiplicative inverse of 6 in $Z_7^*$ is
(4)	(a) 3       (b) 6       (c) 2       (d) 1         A cyclic group of order is not a simple.         (a) 15       (b) 17       (c) 19       (d) 23
(5)	is a generator of group $Z_5^*$ .
(6)	(a) $\overline{0}$ (b) $\overline{1}$ (c) $\overline{2}$ (d) $\overline{4}$ Every cyclic group of order b4 is isomorphic to (a) Klein's 4 Group (b) Z (c) N (d) Z <sub>4</sub>
(7)	If $\theta: G \to G'$ is homomorphism, then $\theta$ is one-one iff ker $\theta =$
	(a) $\phi$ (b) {e} (c) { $\theta$ } (d) none
(8)	If H = Z <sub>2</sub> , K = Z <sub>2</sub> where Z <sub>2</sub> = $\{0,1\}$ then H $\oplus$ K is
(9)	(a) summation (b) $Z_4$ (c) Klein's 4 Group (d) none O $(S_n/A_n) = $
(10)	(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 4 (d) 8 A permutation $\sigma$ is said to be odd permutation of signature of $\sigma$ is
	(a) -1 (b) +1 (c) 0 (d) alternate
Q.2 (1) (2)	Answer the following in short. (Attempt Any Ten)[20]Prove that every group has unique identity element.Prove or disprove: Union of two subgroups of a group is also a subgroup.
<ul> <li>(3)</li> <li>(4)</li> <li>(5)</li> <li>(6)</li> <li>(7)</li> <li>(8)</li> </ul>	State Cancellation laws for group. Find all generators of group $\{\pm 1, \pm i\}$ if possible. If G is a cyclic group, then prove that G is an Abelian group. Let H be any subgroup of group G, then prove that $aH = H \Leftrightarrow a \in H$ . Prove that isomorphic image of an Abelian group is also Abelian. Let $\theta: G \to G'$ be a homomorphism, prove that ker. $\theta$ is a subgroup of G.

(9) (10)	Prove that $\theta: Z \to Z$ defined by $\theta(n) = -n$ is an automorphism of Z. Let G = $\langle a \rangle$ be any cyclic group of order 6. H = {e, a <sup>2</sup> , a <sup>4</sup> }, K = {e, a <sup>3</sup> }.	
(11)	Show that G is an internal direct product of H and K. Prove that mapping $\mathcal{E}: S_n \rightarrow \{+1, -1\}$ given by $\sigma \rightarrow \mathcal{E}\sigma$ is a homomorphism of $S_n$ onto the multiplicative group $\{-1, 1\}$ .	
(12)	Prove that composition of two permutations need not be commutative.	
Q.3 (a) (b)	Prove that G is abelian iff G = Z(G). Let H and K be two subgroups of G, then prove that HK is a subgroup of G iff HK = KH. OR	[05] [05]
Q.3 (a)	Prove that $(G, \bullet)$ is a non-commutative group, where G is set of all	[05]
(b)	$2 \times 2$ non-singular matrices. Prove that intersection of any number of subgroup of a group G is also a subgroup of G.	[05] (
Q.4	Let G be any cyclic group and H is a subgroup of G, then prove that H is cyclic.	[10]
Q.4	OR State and prove Lagrange's theorem an Euler's theorem.	[10]
Q.5 (a) (b)	State and prove first isomorphism theorem. Prove that every infinite cyclic group has only one non-trivial automorphism.	[05] [05]
o 5	OR	
Q.5 (a) (b)	State and prove third isomorphism theorem. Let $G = \langle a \rangle$ be any finite cyclic group of order n. Then prove that the mapping $\theta: G \to G$ defined by $\theta(a) = a^m$ is an automorphism of G iff m is relatively prime to n.	[05] [05]
Q.6 (a) (b)	Prove that external direct product of two groups forms a group. Prove that $A_n$ , the set of all even permutations of $S_n$ , is a normal	[05] [05]
	subgroup of S <sub>n</sub> and $O(A_n) = \frac{n!}{2}$	
	OR	
Q.6 (a)	Prove that the set $S_n$ of all permutations on n symbols forms a	[05]
(b)	non-commutative group. Prove that the external direct product of two cyclic groups each of order 2 is the Klein's 4 group.	[05]

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