SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

5th Semester B. Sc. EXAMINATION (Under CBCS) (NC)
Thussday, 12th May 2016

Time 10:30 am to 1:30 pm

Subject Code: PHYSICS [USO5CPHY03] (Solid State Physics)

Total Marks: 70

N.B: (i) All the symbols have their usual meanings.

(ii) Figures at the right side of questions indicate full marks.

(i)	To answer the multiple choin In the X- Ray diffraction Pow		A CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT OF		
	in a beam of monochromatic				
	(a)single (b) polycrystalline (c) crystalline (d)None			
(ii)	Electrons arepe	enetrating than X-rays.			
	(a) less (b) more (c)equal (d) none			
(iii)	The distance of each of the p	points from the origin p	reserves the		
	interplanar spacing of that stack of parallel planes it is the				
	(a) k-spacing (b) d-spacing (c) h-spacing (d) none of these				
(i∨)	Mobility of the electron is				
	(a) flow of electron per unit				
	(b)average electron drift velo		eld.		
	(c) reciprocal of conductivity				
	(d) none of these.				
(v)	erconductor is				
	called temperature.	,			
	(a)superconducting (b)cu	irie (c)ohm's	(d) transition		
(vi)	(vi) If the frequency of incident light increases stopping potential				
(a)constant (b) decreases (c) increases (d) none					
(vii)	For intrinsic semiconductor in case me =mh* then the Fermi level lies				
	exactly at .				
	(a)middle of the forbidden ga	ape (b)near i	the valance band		
	(c)near the conduction band		ce band edge		
(viii)	The increase in the electrical		~		
	production of electron-hole				
	(a) phonon (b) photon (c) ne		Approximation of the		
(ix)					
	measured in scanning tunneling microscope.				
	(a) protons (b) electric current (c) neutrons (d) magnetic field				
(x) The process of mixing the chemicals and get nanostructures by le					
	molecules sort themselves out is called .				
	(a) e-beam lithography		nthesis		
	(c) self assembly	(d) nanosphere			

Que2		Answer in brief any ten of the following questions.	[20]		
	(1)	Explain back reflection laue method.	[20]		
	(2)	State Bragg's law.			
	(3)				
	(4)				
	(5)	Explain the effect of isotop on superconductor.			
	(6)	Give the basis points of Lorentz modification of the drude model and give the relation between drude and Lorentz model.			
	(7)	What is photovoltaic effect?			
	(8)	Define intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductor.			
	(9)	Draw energy levels diagram for two metals before and after contact at T=0 K.			
	(10)	Explain the meaning of lithography.			
	(11)	What is molecular synthesis? Explain its uses.			
	(12)	Giving an example, explain smart materials			
Que3	(a)	What is X-ray crystallography? Give the name of three experimental X-ray diffraction methods and explain any one of them.	[06]		
	(b)	Write a note on Geometrical construction of reciprocal lattice. OR	[04]		
Que3	(a)	Explain the properties of reciprocal lattice.	[06]		
	(b)	Write a note on structure factor for bcc crystal.	[04]		
Que4	(a)	What is superconductor and superconductivity? Explain type-1 and type-2 superconductor.	[06]		
	(b)	Explain electrical conductivity and Ohm's law.	[04]		
Que4	(2)	OR			
	(a)	State the free particle Schrodinger equation in three dimension and derive the equation for free electron gas in three dimension.	[06]		
	(b)	List out the thermal properties of superconductors and explain any two of them.	[04]		
Que5	(a)	Draw energy level diagram for a metal and n-type semiconductor $(\phi_m > \phi_s)$ before and after junction formation and explain rectifying contacts.	[06]		
	(b)	Explain hall effect in semiconductors. OR	[04]		
Que5	(a)	Write a detail note on photo electric effect.	[06]		
	(b)	Explain different types of color centers.	[04]		
Que6		Explain at length Tools for measuring nanostructures. OR	[10]		
Que6		Explain at length Self assembly.	[10]		

