

No. \_\_\_\_\_

**SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY**  
**SY BPT Examination**  
**Thursday, 09. January, 2014**  
**10.30 am to 1.30 pm**  
**ORTHOPAEDICS AND TRAUMATOLOGY**

**Total Marks:(20 )**

**SECTION-I : MCQS**

**Note:**

- 1.) Tick the correct answer.
- 2.) Each Question carries 1 Mark.
- 3.) No Negative Marking.

Q.1 Hangman's fracture is:

- a. Subluxation of C5 over C6.
- b. Fracture Dislocation of C2
- c. Fracture dislocation of Ankle joint.
- d. Fracture odontoid

Q.2 Commonest complication of colle's fracture is :

- a. Malunion
- b. Non-Union
- c. Sudeck's osteodystrophy
- d. Stiffness of fingers

Q.3. Tardy ulnar nerve palsy caused by :

- a. Supracondylar fracture.
- b. lateral condylar fracture.
- c. Olecranon fracture.
- d. Inter condylar fracture
- e. Distal radioulnar dislocation

Q.4 What is March fracture

- a. Fracture of 2<sup>nd</sup> metatarsal
- b. Fracture of 4<sup>th</sup> metatarsal
- c. Fracture of cuboid
- d. Fracture of tibia

Q.5 AVN is commonest seen in which type of fracture of femur.

- a. Intertranchentric fracture
- b. Shaft of femur fracture
- c. Subcapital neck of femur fracture
- d. Basal neck of femur fracture

Q.6 10 year old male transcervical fracture neck of femur is best treated by:

- a. Spica
- b. Austin Moore prosthesis
- c. K wires
- d. C C screws

Q.7 Commonest fracture leading to fat embolism is:

- a. Tibia fracture
- b. Femur fracture
- c. Humerus fracture
- d. Ulna fracture

Q.8 Standard site for primary bone graft is

- a. Pelvis
- b. Greater Trochanter
- c. Medial malleolus
- d. Lateral Malleolus
- e. Fibula

Q.9. Early CTEV treated by

- a. CTEV External fixator
- b. Manipulation
- c. Manipulation and splinting
- d. Operative repair as early as possible.

Q.10. Multiple bone fracture in a new born is seen in :

- a. Scurvy
- b. Syphilis
- c. Osteogenesis imperfecta
- d. Marfan Syndrome

Q.11. In fracture Acetabulum late complication is:

- a. Osteoarthritis
- b. Tardy sciatic Nerve Palsy
- c. Recurrent dislocation
- d. None of above

Q.12 Commonest level of spondylolisthesis is:

- a. C1 – C2
- b. C7 – T1
- c. L1 – L2
- d. T12 – L1
- e. L5 – S1

Q.13. Housemaid's knee is bursitis of

- a. Pre patellar bursa
- b. Infra patellar bursa
- c. Olecranon bursa
- d. Gluteal bursa

Q.14. Trigger finger is due to :

- a. Tenovaginitis
- b. Synovitis
- c. Bursitis
- d. Fibrositis

Q.15 Wandering acetabulum is seen in

- a. Fracture of acetabulum
- b. Dislocation of femur
- c. CDH
- d. Tuberculosis of hip

Q.16 Bleeding into joint cavities is common in

- a. Hemophilia
- b. Scurvy
- c. Rickets
- d. Osteoarthritis

Q.17. Bamboo Spine is seen in:

- a. Tuberculosis
- b. Rheumatoid arthritis
- c. Ochronosis
- d. Ankylosing spondylitis

Q.18. Wrist drop results in injury of

- a. Ulnar nerve
- b. Median Nerve
- c. Posterior interosseous nerve
- d. Radial nerve

Q.19 Drawer's test positive in:

- a. Cruciate ligament injury
- b. Scurvy
- c. Perthe's disease
- d. Hyper parathyroidism

Q.20. Sun burst appearance found in

- a. Osteosarcoma
- b. Ewing's sarcoma
- c. Osteoclastoma
- d. Osteoid osteoma
- e. Chondro sarcoma