

(8)

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY No. of Printed Pages 3

THIRD YEAR - BACHELOR OF OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY

(T.Y. - B.O.Th. : MEDICINE - 301)

DATE: 02ND JAN. 2014

TIME: 10:30 AM TO 01:30 PM

DAY: THURSDAY

TOTAL MARKS: 70

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. THERE ARE THREE SECTIONS IN THE QUESTION PAPER.
2. ANSWER OF EACH SECTION SHOULD BEGIN ON NEW PAGE.
3. MARKS ON RIGHT SIDE INDICATE FULL MARKS.
4. DRAW THE FIGURE WHEREEVER NECESSARY.

SECTION - I

Q.1: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (MCQs)

(10 x 01 = 10)

1. _____ RARELY AFFECT JOINTS.
 - A. SYSTEMIC LUPUS ERYTHEMATOSUS (SLE).
 - B. GOUT
 - C. STILL'S DISEASE
 - D. POLYMYOSITIS
2. _____ IS NOT CONTRIBUTING LEFT HEART BORDER ON X-RAY CHEST P-A.
 - A. LEFT VENTRICLE
 - B. LEFT ATRIAL APPENDAGE
 - C. PULMONARY ARTERY
 - D. DESCENDING AORTA
3. OBESITY IS NOT A FEATURE OF _____.
 - A. ADDISON'S DISEASE
 - B. HYPOTHYROIDISM
 - C. CUSHING'S SYNDROME
 - D. POLY CYSTIC OVARIAN SYNDROME (PCOS)
4. HYDROCHLORIC ACID (HCL) IN STOMACH IS SECRETED BY _____.
 - A. CHIEF CELLS
 - B. PARIETAL CELLS
 - C. MUCOUS CELLS
 - D. ENDOCRINE CELLS

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5. _____ IS NOT INCLUDED IN CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE (COPD).
- A. CHRONIC BRONCHITIS
 - B. BRONCHIAL ASTHMA
 - C. EMPHYSEMA
 - D. LUNG ABSCESS
6. FOLLOWING ARE THE DISEASE OF PERIPHERAL NERVE EXCEPT _____.
- A. GUILLAIN BARRE SYNDROME
 - B. DIPHTHERIC NEUROPATHY
 - C. MYASTHENIA GRAVIS
 - D. LEAD NEUROPATHY
7. _____ IS NOT A FEATURE OF ACUTE GLOMERULONEPHRITIS.
- A. HEMATURIA
 - B. HYPERTENSION
 - C. PETECHIAE
 - D. DECREASED URINE OUTPUT
8. _____ IS A FEATURE OF DUCHENNE MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY.
- A. HYPERTROPHY OF CALF MUSCLES
 - B. NORMAL CPK
 - C. SEIZURES
 - D. HYDROCEPHALUS
9. _____ IS NOT A TRACE ELEMENT IN HUMAN BODY.
- A. ZINC
 - B. CALCIUM
 - C. COPPER
 - D. IODINE
10. _____ IS NOT A FEATURE OF RICKETS.
- A. HARRISON'S SULCUS
 - B. PECTUS CARINATUM
 - C. GIBBUS
 - D. GENU VARUM

SECTION - II

Q.2: LONG QUESTIONS: (1 OUT OF 2)

(01 x 10 = 10)

1. DESCRIBE AETIO - PATHOLOGY, CLINICAL FEATURES, INVESTIGATIONS, COMPLICATIONS, DIAGNOSIS and MANAGEMENT OF HYPERTHYROIDISM.

OR

2. DESCRIBE AETIO - PATHOLOGY, CLINICAL FEATURES, INVESTIGATIONS, COMPLICATIONS, DIAGNOSIS and MANAGEMENT OF HYPOADRENALISM.

Q.3: SHORT NOTES: (5 OUT OF 7)

(05 x 04 = 20)

1. HYPERTENTION
2. BRONCHIECTESIS
3. HAEMATEMESIS
4. RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS
5. BERI BERI
6. CANDIDIASIS
7. HAEMOPHILIA

SECTION - III

Q.4: LONG QUESTIONS: (1 OUT OF 2)

(01 x 10 = 10)

1. DESCRIBE THE CLINICAL FEATURES, DIAGNOSIS AND MANAGEMENT OF TUBERCULAR MENINGITIS.

OR

2. DESCRIBE THE ETIOPATHOGENESIS, VARIOUS TYPES, DIAGNOSIS, DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSIS & MANAGEMENT OF CEREBRAL PALSY.

Q.5: SHORT NOTES: (5 OUT OF 7)

(05 X 04 = 20)

1. ACUTE RENAL FAILURE
2. MALARIA
3. OSTEOMYELITIS
4. SICKLE CELL ANAEMIA
5. HYDROCEPHALUS
6. NEURAL TUBE DEFECTS
7. PNEUMONIA