

SEAT No. _____

No. of Printed Pages : 01

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SARDARPATEL UNIVERSITY
TYBCOM – (Hon.) (3years) EXAMINATION

SEMESTER– V

Thursday, 16th November, 2017

2.00 P.M TO 4.00 P.M.

SUBJECT: Service Marketing

CODE: UB05CCOH01

- Note: 1. Figure to the right indicates full marks.
2. All questions carry equal marks.

Total Marks: 60

- Q.1 What is service marketing? Discuss in detail challenges to marketing of services. (15)

OR

- Q.1 (a) Explain briefly characteristics of services. (07)
(b) Differentiate between service and goods (08)

- Q.2 Discuss in detail customer involvement in service encounters and also write types of service encounters. (15)

OR

- Q.2 Explain the buying process of services by giving relevant examples. (15)
Q.3 What is internal marketing? Explain objectives of internal marketing. (15)

OR

- Q.3 Discuss strategies for internal marketing with examples. (15)
Q.4 Write note on:

1. Physical evidence (07)
2. Service quality (08)

OR

- Q.4 Discuss different strategies to recover services by giving suitable examples. (15)

*****X*****

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No. of Printed Pages : 4

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY
B. Com. (Hon) (V Semester) Examination
Saturday, 25th November 2017
UB05CCOH02 - Taxation-I

2.00 pm – 4.00 pm

Total Marks : 60

Note : Figures to the right indicate full marks of the question paper.

- Q.1 Write Short Note: (15)
(1) Person (2) Casual Income (3) Resident and Ordinary Resident.

OR

- Q.1 Write Short Note :
(1) Agricultural Income (05)
(2) Deductions available under section 80C and 80D (10)

- Q.2 On 1-1-2012, Mr. Rahul (Specified employee) joined a company at Ahmedabad (Having Population of more than 25 lakhs) as its sales Manager, in the grade of Rs. 12000-750-18000-1500-30000. From the following information, calculate his total taxable salary income for the assessment year 2017-18. (15)

- (1) The company revise during the year Dearness Allowance in the month of January and July.
D.A. Rates are as follows :
2016 : For first 6 Months - 24% of basic Salary.
For next 6 Months - 28% of basic Salary.
2017 : For first 6 Months - 34% of basic Salary.
For next 6 Months - 38% of basic Salary.
- (2) The company pays bonus at 12% of basic salary.
- (3) The company has provided him a motor car (Of 1600 C.C.) for his personal as well as company works and the company paid Rs. 84000 as its maintenance charges including salary of a driver. The car is used for both the purposes.
- (4) The Company contributes 14% of basic salary in his Recognised provident Fund while Rahul has paid 15% of basic Salary.
- (5) Interest credited to Recognised Provident Fund is Rs. 37500 at the rate of 12.50% (date of credit 31-12-2016).
- (6) The Company has provided a residential house for which the Company has to pay rent of Rs. 6000 p.m. The Company has also provided furniture of Rs. 240000 in the house.
- (7) The Company has paid the following on his behalf :
(a) Salary of house servant Rs. 18000
(b) Salary of Gardener Rs. 6000.
(c) Salary of Sweeper Rs. 3600.
(d) Salary of Watchman Rs. 24000
- (8) The Company has paid Rs. 30000 as his annual membership fees of a club.
- (9) He has made Following Saving and investments.
(1) Premium of Life insurance policy (taken in 2007) of Rs. 40000.
(2) Unit-Linked-Insurance Premium. - Rs. 3000
(3) National Saving Certificates (VIII Service) - Rs. 60000
(4) Deposited in public provident fund - Rs. 75000

OR

Q.2 Mr. Ajay performs his duties in hospital in Rajkot. (15)

Find out his taxable income from salary for the A.Y. 2017-18 from the particulars given below.

- (1) Basic Salary per month Rs. 80000.
- (2) Dearness Allowance 50% of Basic Salary.
- (3) Bonus (Annual) Rs. 60000
- (4) Transport Allowance Rs. 3600 per month.
- (5) City Compensatory Allowance per month Rs. 2000.
- (6) Educational Allowance for three children (Annual) Rs. 15000.
- (7) He contributes 14% to Recognised P.F. His employer contributes to P.F. at the same rate. The interest, added to recognised P.F. is Rs. 40320 at the rate of 12%
- (8) He has been provided a house in Rajkot by his employer with the furniture worth Rs. 600000. The Population of Rajkot city is 15 Lakh. The hospital has made the deduction of Rs. 2000 from his salary per month for the said perquisite.
- (9) He has been provided a car of 1.8 C.C. by the hospital. The Car is used for personal as well as office purpose. The maintenance and driver's salary expenses are paid by the hospital.
- (10) Mr. Ajay has made the following payments during the previous year.
 - (a) Professional Tax (Annual) - Rs. 2400
 - (b) Investment in P.P.F. Rs. 100000.
 - (c) LIC premium Rs. 40000.
 - (d) Repayment of Housing Loan (excluding interest) Rs. 40000.

Q.3 From the following details of house property of Smt. Rabadidevi, (15)
Compute her taxable income of A.Y. 2017-18 under the head 'Income from House-Property'.

- (1) Let-Out House :
 - (i) Annual Value as per municipal records Rs. 90000 (20% of which is paid as municipal taxes), Annual fair Rent Rs. 132000, Value determinable under the Rent control Act Rs. 120000, Actual rate of annual rent Rs. 144000.
 - (ii) The house remained vacant for five months during the previous year and one month's rent is irrecoverable.
 - (iii) Interest on loan taken for construction ($1/5^{\text{th}}$ of capitalised interest) of pre-construction period Rs. 12000 and total unpaid interest of the previous year Rs. 28000.
- (2) Self-residential House :
 - (i) Construction of the house was completed on 30-9-2013 and total interest on loan taken for construction accumulated up to the date of completion of construction to Rs. 60000 (loan was taken on 1-1-2011)
 - (ii) During 2016-17 a fresh loan was taken to construct the second floor and its outstanding interest amounted to Rs. 92000.
 - (iii) During 2016-17 another loan was taken to make repairs and alteration (required as per 'Vastu Shastra') on 1st Floor and its outstanding interest amounted to Rs. 65,000.

OR

- Q.3 From the following details of house property of Mr. Dhaval, you are required to compute his taxable income from house property for the A.Y. 2017-18. (15)

	Particulars	House No. 1 Rs.	House No. 2 Rs.
(1)	Annual Value as per municipal valuation	90,000	15,000
(2)	Annual Fair Rent	81,000	12,500
(3)	Standard Rent	75,000	24,000
(4)	Rate of Annual Rent receivable	1,65,000	21,000
(5)	Unrealised rent of p.y. 2015-16	2,750	4,000
(6)	Vacancy period	3 months	2 months
(7)	Local Taxes paid	10,000	4,500
(8)	Interest on loan taken by mortgaging House No. 1 (the loan was taken to construct the house no. 2)	30,000	---
(9)	Interest on loan taken by mortgaging House No. 2 for its construction	---	3,000
(10)	Repair charges, insurance expenses etc.	25,000	7,000

- Q.4 Determine taxable income from business from the profit and loss account of Mr. Kiranbhai for the year ending on 31-03-2017 and other particulars. (15)

Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Life insurance premium	8000	By Gross profit	647000
Insurance premium of plant	1000	Income Tax Refund	4000
Bad debt Reserve	5000	Dividend	11000
Bad debt	4000	House Rent	14000
Salary	413000	Lottery prize	6000
Salary to personal servant	3000	Commission	8000
Interest on Capital	9000	Bad debt recovered	10000
Interest on loan	8000		
Income tax paid	7000		
Sales tax paid	6000		
Dividend collection charge	1000		
Local tax of let out house	2000		
Subscription	3000		
Theft of furniture	4000		
Donation	5000		
Depreciation	12000		
Motor Car exps.	9000		
Net profit	200000		
	700000		700000

Additional information :

- (1) 1/3 part of the use of car is for personal purpose.
- (2) Allowable depreciation is as Rs. 15000, salary includes Rs. 63000 of owners salary.
- (3) Rs. 3000 of bad debt recovered was not allowed as bad-debt in the earlier previous year.

- (4) Following transactions were not recorded in the above profit & loss A/c.
- Discount received Rs. 5000.
 - Interest due on investment Rs. 3000.
 - Advertisement Rs. 4000.
 - Audit Fees paid Rs. 6000.
 - House hold Expenses Rs. 120000.

OR

Q.4 Shreyas who is CA. He furnished the following receipts and payments account for the ending on 31-03-2017. (15)

Receipts	Rs.	Payments	Rs.
To opening balance	80000	By staff salary	300000
To income tax consultation fees.	320000	By stipend to articles	180000
Sales tax consultation fees.	180000	By office exp.:	
Audit fees :		For 2015-16	20000
For 2015-16	50000	For 2016-17	130000
For 2016-17	270000	By sundry exp.	170000
For 2017-18	30000	By Drawing	200000
Project fees	300000	By office Rent :	
Gift from clients	50000	For 2016-17	120000
interest on investments	40000	For 2017-18	30000
Profit on sale of investments	60000	By insurance premium	50000
House Rent	100000	By donation	20000
		By income tax	60000
		By purchase of books	40000
		By closing balance	160000
	1480000		1480000

Additional information :

- Membership fees Rs. 5000 and motor car exp. Rs. 40000 was included in a sundry expenses.
- Driver salary Rs. 30000 was included in a staff salary.
- W.D.V. of the motor car as on 01-04-2016 was Rs. 400000.
Rate of depreciation on it is 20% motor car is used 40% for the personal purpose.
- He deposited Rs. 80000 into P.P.F. A/c. from the drawing.
- Personal insurance premium Rs. 40000 was included in a insurance premium.
- Purchase of computer of Rs. 30000 was included in a sundry expenses.
- As per Income Tax Act admissible depreciation on other assets was Rs. 15000.
- Donation given to the approved trust.
- Project fees Rs. 80000 was not received while staff salary Rs. 60000 was unpaid up to the end of accounting year.
Calculate his taxable income from Business profession for the A.Y. 2017-18.

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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY**T.Y. B.COM. 5TH SEM (Honors) (Corporate Banking and Insurance)****EXAMINATION, NOV/DEC 2017****18, NOVEMBER, 2017. SATURDAY****02.00 To 04.00 PM****SUBJECT: BUSINESS LAW****UBO5CCOH04****Max Marks: 60**

Q.1 (A) Explain valid offer with rules.	08
(B) What is consideration as per Indian contract act?	07
OR	
Q.1 (A) Elaborate the laws related to competency of the parties for the contract.	07
(B) What is free consent? Provide valid rules for free consent.	08
OR	
Q.2 (A) What is agent? Explain various duties of the agent.	07
(B) What is Principal? Explain Duties of the principal in agency contract.	08
OR	
Q.2 (A) Describe the provisions related to personal liability of agent.	07
(B) Describe the modes of termination of agency contract.	08
OR	
Q.3 (A) Explain the term "lien" under the contract of bailment.	07
(B) What are the rights and Duties of finder of goods?	08
OR	
Q.3 (A) What is Contract of Pledge? Explain Pledge by Non owner.	07
(B) Explain the Duties of Bailee.	08
OR	
Q.4 (A) Explain the characteristics of the Negotiable Instrument.	08
(B) Bills of exchange	07
OR	
Q.4 (A) Promissory note	07
(B) Kinds of cheque	08

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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY**B.Com(Hon.)(3 Years)(Fifth Semester)Examination****Friday, 17th Nov.,2017.****02.00 p.m. to 04.00 p.m.****International Accounting(UB05ECOH01)****Total Marks 60****NOTES- 1. Figures to the right indicate full marks of each question.****2. Answer should be precise and to the point.**

1(a) What do you mean by International Accounting? Briefly explain the importance of International Accounting. 8

(b) Narrate the development of International Accounting. 7

OR

1(a) What is International Accounting? State and explain the difficulties encountered in International Accounting practices. 8

(b) Write Note on: "Scope of International Accounting". 7

2(a) What is Foreign Currency Translation? Briefly discuss the core issues involved in Foreign Currency Translation. 8

(b) State the accounting issues involved in foreign currency translation. Discuss the Single transaction approach with an example. 7

OR

2 The Balance Sheet of Tim Horton Co. of Canada, an Indian subsidiary, as on 31st March,2017 is as below: 15

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
	CAD		CAD
Equity Capital	10,500	Land & Building	13,500
Reserves	4,500	Plant	10,500
Debentures	12,000	Stock (Market Value)	9,000
Short Term Loan	6,000	Accounts Receivable	5,000
Accounts Payable	9,000	Cash	4,000
	42,000		42,000

You are required to translate the above Balance Sheet into Indian Rupees as it would appear under (1) the single rate (2) the Multiple rate methods, assuming the Historical rate and Current rate of 1 CAD is equal to Rs.48 and Rs.51 respectively.

3(a) What is Consolidation of Financial Statement? Explain the Significance and need of Consolidation of Financial Statement. 8

(b) Explain the features of line-by-line consideration. In What respect does it vary from one line consolidation. 7

OR

C.P.T.O.)

- 3 Jai Hind Limited acquired 80% of the Equity Shares Capital of Cosco Limited of Thailand on 1st April, 2016 for a consideration of Rs.9,20,000. Balance Sheets of the two companies as on 31st March,2017 were as follows:

15

Jai Hind Limited			
Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	57,50,000	Land & Buildings	50,00,000
Reserves	75,00,000	Plant & Machinery	70,00,000
Creditors	22,50,000	Investment in Cosco Ltd.	9,20,000
Bills Payables	15,00,000	Debtors	30,50,000
		Bills Receivables	10,30,000
	1,70,00,000		1,70,00,000

Cosco Limited			
Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	10,00,000	Land & Building	10,00,000
Reserves (including Rs.1,00,000 as on 01/4/2016)	8,00,000	Plant & Machinery	7,50,000
Bills Payables	4,00,000	Debtors	8,00,000
Creditors	6,00,000	Bills Receivables	2,50,000
	28,00,000		28,00,000

You are required to prepare a Consolidated Balance Sheet as it would appear Gross (or line by line) Consolidation Approach.

- 4(a) What do you mean by Price Level changes? Explain the various types of price level changes.
- (b) Write note on: "Transfer Pricing- Need and Factors affecting its Policy."

8

7

OR

- 4(a) From the following Balance Sheet and the additional information given below, prepare a Price Level adjusted Balance Sheet.

12

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Equity Capital	20,00,000	Fixed Assets(net of Dep.)	25,00,000
Preference Share capital	7,50,000	Investment	10,00,000
Debentures	25,00,000	Debtors	15,00,000
Creditors	10,00,000	Bills Receivables	5,00,000
		Cash	7,50,000
	62,50,000		62,50,000

The General Price Index as on 31st March, 2017 was 200 and the same was 160 on 31st march,2016.,

The date of acquisition of Fixes Assets and issue of share capital is 31st March,2016.

- (b) Explain Consequences of Distorted Profits.

3

(41)

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY
B.COM (Hons.) Vth Semester (3 Years)

2017

Monday, 20th November

02:00 P.M. to 04:00 P.M.

Advanced Management Accounting -UB05ECOH02

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Figure in bracket indicates marks of question.

Q.1 Following particulars is available for the company.

[15]

Particulars	Product A	Product B
Selling Price (P.U)	100	110
Consumption of Materials (K.G.)	5	4
Material Cost (P.U.)	24	14
Direct Wages (P.U)	2	3
Machine hours Used	2	3
Variable Overhear(P.U)	4	6

Comment on the profitability of each product when:

1. Sales in unit is limited
2. Sales in value is limited
3. Raw material is in short supply
4. Production capacity in hours is limiting factor

OR

Q.1a) Sanya limited produces three products; A, B and C. The cost and other data are as follows:

[08]

Particulars	A	B	C
Selling Price (P.U)	200	160	100
Variable Cost (P.U)	120	120	40
Maximum Production p.m.(Units)	5000	8000	6000
Maximum Demand p.m.(Units)	2000	4000	2400

Total fixed expense is ₹.276000

Total Machine hours available are 200 hours.

The processing hour cannot be more than 200 hours.

Compute the most profitable product mix.

- b)** A company manufactures three products X, Y and Z. All three products are made from same set of machines. Production is limited by machine capacity. From the following data indicate the priority for X, Y and Z.

[07]

Particulars	X	Y	Z
Selling Price(P.U)	25	30	35
Raw Material Cost(P.U.)	11.25	16.25	21.25
Direct Labour Costs(P.U)	2.5	2.5	2.5
Machine time required	39(Minutes)	20(Minutes)	28(Minutes)
Other Variable Cost (P.U)	1.5	2.25	3.55

(P.T.O.)

- Q.2** Aarti Limited has a production capacity of 20000 units per month. The sales department reports that the following schedule of selling price is possible. [15]

Volume of Production(%)	Selling Price (P.U)
60%	20
70%	18.40
80%	18
90%	16.40
100%	15

The variable cost of production is ₹.4 per unit and total fixed cost is ₹.76000.

1. Prepare a statement showing incremental and decremental cost of each stage.
2. At what volume of production will the profit be maximum?
3. If there is an offer at 14 per unit of the balance capacity over the maximum profit volume for exports and the price quoted will not affect the internal sale, advice for the accepting this offer and why?

OR

- Q.2 a)** Define differential costing with salient features and differentiate between Differential cost analysis and marginal cost analysis. [08]

- b)** A machine tool company sells its lathes at ₹.36,500 each made up as follows: [07]

Direct Materials	16,000	
Direct Labour	2,000	
Variable overheads	5,000	
Fixed overheads	3,000	
Variable selling overheads	500	
Royalty	1,000	
Profit	<u>5,000</u>	32,500
Duty Levied		1,000
Tax Levied		<u>3,000</u>
		36,500

There is enough idle capacity.

1. A firm in Arebia has offered to buy 10 lathes from company at ₹.28,500 each. Should the company be interested in the business?
2. It has been decided to sell 5 such lathes to an engineering company under the same management at bare cost. What price should you charge?

- Q.3** From the following Balance sheet of Vraj Ltd. and other information prepare Fund flow statements and Statement showing changes in working capital: [15]

Liabilities	2015	2016	Assets	2015	2016
Equity Share capital	1,00,000	1,24,000	Plant and Machinery	1,24,000	1,38,000
10% Debentures	30,000	40,000	Prepaid expenses	8,000	12,000
Depreciation fund	25,000	35,160	Stock	36,000	39,180
P & L A/c	26,500	8,000	Goodwill	4,000	6,000
Debenture interest	600	800	Debtors	30,000	36,000
Creditors	4,000	6,000	Disc. on	800	1,000

			Debentures		
Proposed dividend	10,000	12,000			
Unclaimed dividend	1,200	800			
Bills payable	1,600	1,900			
Provision for tax	3,900	3,520			
	2,02,800	2,32,180		2,02,800	2,32,180

Additional Information:

1. Debentures have been issued at 5% discount.
2. Plant and machinery costing ₹.1,400 accumulated depreciation of ₹.3,200 has been discarded and written off at the end of year. Scrap was sold for ₹.60.
3. Plant and machinery purchased for cash amounted ₹.8,000.
4. A running business was purchased in 2015, by the issue of 24,000 shares at par, the business had machinery ₹.6,000, stock ₹.8,000, Debtors ₹.8,000 and creditors ₹.2,000.
5. No shares were issued for cash.

OR

Q.3 a) Differentiate between find flow statement and cash flow statement. [08]

b) Describe the importance of cash flow statement. [07]

Q.4 The following are the information of Value Corporation. You are required to prepare a statement detailing the source and disposal of added value. Does your statement corroborate the assertion of the chairman of the company in the Annual General Meeting that 75% of value added is accounted by employee costs? : [15]

Particulars	₹.
Sales	24,80,000
Purchase of Raw materials	10,00,000
Agents Commission	20,000
Consumable Stores	25,000
Packing Materials	10,000
Stationery	10,000
Depreciation	55,000
Income tax provided	1,00,000
Audit Fees	4,000
Staff Welfare Exp.	1,58,000
Insurance	26,000
Rent, Rate and Taxes	16,000
Managing Directors remuneration	84,000
Travelling Exp	21,000
Fuel and Oil	9,000
Electricity	5,000
Materials used in Repairs:	

(P.T.O.)

To P & M	24,000
To Building	10,000
Advertisement	25,000
Postage and Telegram	14,000
Salaries and wages	6,30,000
Contribution to PF	60,000
P & L A/c (Retained Earnings)	1,25,000
Subscription	2,000
Carriage	22,000
Directors sitting fee etc.	40,000
Interest on Bank loan	18,000
Dividend to share holder	30,000
Stock of Raw materials: Opening	85,000
Closing	1,08,000
Finished Stock: Opening	2,00,000
Closing	2,40,000

OR

Q.4 a) How value added statement differs from Profit and Loss Account.

[08]

b) Prepare value added statement from the following conventional income statement of Ram Corporation limited.

[07]

Income statement for the year ended 31st March, 2017

	₹.	₹.
Turnover		2,00,000
Less: Materials Consumed	80,000	
Service Purchased	10,000	
Wages	40,000	
Depreciation	10,000	
Interest Paid	20,000	
Profit before tax		1,60,000
Less: Tax @ 50%		40,000
Profit after Tax		20,000
Less: Dividend		10,000
Retained Earnings for the year		10,000

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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

B.COM.-VTH SEMESTER (CBCS)

FRIDAY, 17TH NOV. 2017

02:00 P.M. TO 04:00 P.M.

MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES: UB05ECOH03

TOTAL MARKS: 60

Q-1 Define Merchant Banking. State the origin & scope of Merchant Banking. 15

OR

Q-1 State the SEBI Guidelines for Merchant Bankers. 15

Q-2 What is Lease Financing? Discuss the various types of Leasing. 15

OR

Q-2 Define Hire Purchase & discuss its features. 15

Q-3 What is Mutual Fund? Explain the advantages of Mutual Funds. 15

OR

Q-3 What is Credit Rating? Discuss the benefits of Credit Rating to investors. 15

Q-4 Define Merger. Explain the types of Mergers. 15

OR

Q-4 Define Venture Capital & State the importance of Venture Capital. 15

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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY
B. Com (Hon) Vth – Sem
Examination
Monday, 20th November 2017
02.00 PM to 04.00 PM
UB05ECOH04 – ELECTRONIC OF BANKING

Total Marks: 60

Q – 1 Define the term "Computer" and Explain Computer Operating System as well as computer language (15)

OR

Q – 1 Mention Meaning of Computer Hardware. Explain history and various characteristics of computer in details. (15)

Q – 2 (A) What is internet Banking? Explain with advantages & disadvantages of E - Banking. (08)

(B) Compare Traditional Banking V/s Electronic Banking. (07)

OR

Q – 2 Explain in detail – Different types of Computer System available in market. (15)

Q – 3 Write short notes (Any two): (15)

- (1) Use of internet system in Bank
- (2) Integrated Banking System
- (3) ATM
- (4) EFT / NEFT

Q – 4 (A) Explain Computer Crime & how to deal with the same. (08)

(B) Solve Abbreviations: (1) RTGS, (2) CCIL, (3) CBS, (4) NEFT, (5) SWIFT, (6) EFT, (7) HTML (07)

OR

Q – 4 what is: "Cyber Crime"? Explain Cyber Crime with various examples. (15)

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[27]
SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY
BCOM-HON EXAMINATION, Vth SEMESTER
SUBJECT: Computer Application For Accounting
SUBJECT CODE: UB05FC OH01
Thursday 23 November 2017
TIME 02:00pm TO 04:00pm

TOTAL MARKS: 60

- Q1A) What is Accounting? Explain the need of Accounting in detail. [8]
B) What is the difference between Income & Expenditure? [7]
OR
Q1 A) Explain Accounting Cycle in detail with diagram. [8]
B) What are the different type of transactions ? Explain. [7]
Q2 A) Explain the role of computer's in Accounting. [8]
B) What is the difference between Computerize Accounting and Manual Accounting? [7]
OR
Q-2 A) Explain the need of computerize Accounting in detail. [8]
B) Explain the limitation of Computer in Accounting System. [7]
Q3 A) Explain steps for Voucher Entries for all kind of transactions ? [8]
B) Explain Book Keeping in brief with respect to tally. [7]
OR
Q3 A) Explain steps for creating Company and Groups in Tally. [8]
B) What are the features of Tally ERP9 Software. [7]
Q4 A) Explain in detail transaction of inventory for any Business. [8]
B) What is the importance of Inventory Management? [7]
OR
Q4 A) Explain Accounting Reports in detail with respect to tally. [8]
B) Explain in detail need for Inventory Management? [7]

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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

B.Com(Hon.)(3 Years)(Fifth Semester)Examination

Tuesday, 21st Nov.,2017.

02.00 p.m. to 04.00 p.m.

Social Entrepreneurship(UB05SCOH01)

Total Marks 60

NOTES- 1. Figures to the right indicate full marks of each question.

2. Answer should be precise and to the point.

- 1(a) What do you mean by Social Entrepreneur and Entrepreneurship? Explain the need of Social Entrepreneurship. 8
- (b) Narrate the difference between Social and Commercial Entrepreneurship. 7
- OR
- 1(a) Write Note on:
1. Major Functions of social Entrepreneurship. 8
2. Evolution of Social Entrepreneurship. 7
- 2(a) What is Women Entrepreneurship? Discuss the problems of Women Entrepreneurship. 8
- (b) Discuss the functions of Women Entrepreneurship. 7
- OR
- 2(a) Narrate the Development of Women entrepreneurship in India. 8
- (b) Explain the Role of Women associations in India. 7
- 3(a) Explain the meaning of Rural Entrepreneurship and discuss the need of it. 8
- (b) What are the problems of Rural Entrepreneurship? Explain. 7
- OR
- 3(a) Write note on:
1. NGO and Rural Entrepreneurship. 8
2. Development of Rural Entrepreneurship in India 7
- 4(a) Discuss the Role of Government for Growth of Social Entrepreneurship in India. 8
- (b) Narrate the Major Opportunities in Social Entrepreneurship. 7
- OR
- 4(a) What are the major challenges in Social Entrepreneurship? Discuss any three challenges in detail. 8
- (b) Write Note on: "Global trends in Social Entrepreneurship". 7
