(04)

[48E]

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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY **BCom (I Semester) Examination** 2016

Saturday, 16th April 2.30 pm - 4.30 pm

UB01CCOM05 - Business Mathematics I

Total Marks: 60 Q.1 (a) Solve the following by Cramer's rule. (05)3x - 4y = 1-2x + 5y = -3If $A = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 9\}$ $B = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}$, $C = \{2, 5, 10\}$ then state and (06)verify Distributive laws. (c) Write the rules of determinant. (04)OR Q.1 (a) Solve the following equations by Cramer's rule. (05)2(x-1) + 3(y+1) = 152(y+3)-2(x-2)=6If $A = \{5, 6, 7\}$, $B = \{5, 8\}$ and $C = \{6, 8\}$ then verify (b) (06)1) $A \times (B-C) = (A \times B) - (A \times C)$ 2) $A \times (B \cap C) = (A \times B) \cap (A \times C)$ Define the terms with example. (04)Subset 1) 2) Complement of a set. Q.2 (a) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ then find $A^2 - 5A - 14I$ (05)Solve the system of equations using matrix method. (06)3x - 2y + z = 2x + 3y - 2z = 22x - y + z = 2Prove that

OR

 $A = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ is an Orthogonal matrix.

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Saturday, 16th April 2.30 pm - 4.30 pm

UB01CCOM05 - Business Mathematics I

Total Marks: 60

Q.1

(a) Solve the following by Cramer's rule. 3x - 4y = 1

-2x + 5y = -3

(b) If $A = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 9\}$ $B = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}$, $C = \{2, 5, 10\}$ then state and verify Distributive laws.

Write the rules of determinant. (c)

(06)

(05)

(04)

OR

Q.1

(a) Solve the following equations by Cramer's rule. 2(x-1) + 3(y+1) = 15

(05)

 $2 (y+3) - 2 (x-2) \stackrel{*}{=} 6$

(b) If $A = \{5, 6, 7\}$, $B = \{5, 8\}$ and $C = \{6, 8\}$ then verify

(06)

1) $A \times (B-C) = (A \times B) - (A \times C)$ 2) A x (B \cap C) = (AxB) \cap (AxC)

Define the terms with example. (c)

(04)

Subset 1)

Complement of a set.

Q.2

If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ then find $A^2 - 5A - 14I$ (a)

(05)

Solve the system of equations using matrix method. (b)

(06)

3x - 2y + z = 2x + 3y - 2z = 2

2x - y + z = 2

(c) Prove that

(04)

$$A = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is an Orthogonal matrix.

OR

Q.2

- (a) Define the terms: (05)
 - (1) Row matrix (2) Square matrix
 - (3) Null matrix (4)Identity matrix
 - (5) Diagonal matrix

(b) If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} & B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (06)

then verify,
(1)
$$(AB)^{T} = B^{T}A^{T}$$
 (2) $(A+B)^{T} = A^{T}+B^{T}$
[2 3] [1 2]

(c) If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ (04)

then find (1) A-B (2) 2A - 3B

Q.3

Evaluate the following: (a)

(1)
$$\lim_{x \to -1} \frac{2x^2 + x - 1}{6x^2 + 5x - 1}$$
 (04)

(2)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{13^{x} - 7^{x}}{3x}$$
 (04)

(3)
$$\lim_{X \to 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x^3 - 8}$$
 (03)

OR

Q.3

(a) If
$$f(x) = x^2$$
 then evaluate

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{f(x+4) - f(x-4)}{x}$$
(05)

(b) Evaluate the following:

(1)
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{\sqrt{x+3} - \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{x+5} - \sqrt{7}}$$
 (05)

(2)
$$\lim_{x \to a} \frac{x^8 - a^8}{x^7 - a^7}$$
 (05)

Q.4

- Rekha Chemicals fixes a target of producing 50000 tons at the end of 7 years. (a) If the production grows at a rate of 5% per annum. Find the present day production of the company.
- (b) The population of a city is 49949 at present. Before 7 years the population of a city was 35498. Find the rate of growth of population of the city.

(05)

(05)

(c) A company purchases a machine on 1-1-2001 for Rs. 200000. The expected life of which is 12 years. When a new machine will have to be purchased it would cost double the price then previous. In order to purchase a new machine, what amount should be invested on 31st December every year for 12 years at 15% of interest?

OR

Q.4

If the rate of interest is 12%, what sum should Mr. Gautam deposit in his (a) recurring account in bank in the beginning of every year, so that his 5 year old son can receive Rs. 150000 when he is 25 years old?

(05)

What is an aggregate amount for Rs. 4000 at 12% rate of compound interest (b) which is compounded.

(05)

(05)

(1) Annually (2) Semi annually

(05)

Mr. X borrows Rs. 32000 at the rate of 16% of simple interest and invests it (c) on the same day at the rate 14% of compound interest. At the end of 4 years, how much profit or loss will he have?

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