69 P	A50]		DAR PAT EMESTER-III			RSITY	. of printed 2016	ı pages	5, Z		
	USO	3.1.B.C.A. 31 3CBCA01 : RE	LATIONAL DA Tuesday, 22	TABA	SE MANAGI	EMENT SY	STEMS -	1			
Tim	e: 2.00	PM to 5.00 PM	Tuesuay, 22	14041			Max. M	arks: 7	70		
Q-1	Multip	le Choice Questio	ns.					• •	[10]		
1.	Entity does not depend on some other entity types is called										
	A. C.	Weak Hard		D.	Strong Soft						
2.	Which integrity constraint is used to maintain the consistency among in the two relations? A. Entity B. Referential										
	C.	Domain		D.	Primary						
3.		Query is not a	n auto committe	d query							
	A. C.	Insert Alter		B. D.	Create Drop						
4.			d with select s	atemen	ાt to display હ	unique reco	rds of a	column			
	specif A.	rea. Order by		В.	display			٠			
	C.	between		D.	Distinct		•				
5.	.*	statement is u	sed to delete a	table str	ructure.						
•	A.	Connect	·	В.	Update						
•	C.	Delete		D.	Drop						
6.	Busin	ess rules, which a	re enforced on			table, are c	alled	 •			
	Á.	NULL		В.					-		
	C.	Unique		D.	Protoçol						
7	is a small oracle worktable, which consists of only one row and one column, and contains the value x in that column.										
	A.	NULL	mat column.	В.	EMP	•	•				
	Ċ.	DUAL		D.	DESC	•					
8.	The function converts a value of a DATE data-type to CHAR values.										
	Α. ¯	TO_NUM		В.							
	C.	TO_DATE		D.	TO_CHAR						
9.	To re	educe redundant	data to the m	ninimum	possible, ar	n object is	created c	alled a	a .		
	Α.	Synonym		В.					-		
	C.	Sequences		D.	Indexes			٠.			
10.	Α		of an SQL state	ement th			r SQL stat	ement.			
	Α.	Index		B.							
	C.	Union		D.	group by						

Seat No.:

Q-2	Attempt any ten.	[20]
1.	Define: Attribute, Schema	
2.	Explain Integrity constraint in brief.	
3.	Define DDL. Give two examples of it.	
4.	Explain order by clause in brief.	
5.	Explain SQL PLUS command START in brief.	
6.	Explain any two basic data types used in oracle in brief.	
7.	Explain ROWNUM pseudo column in brief.	
8.	Explain use of LIKE operator for Pattern matching.	
9.	Explain NVL function with syntax and example.	
10.	Explain GROUP BY clause in brief.	
11.	Explain report command SPOOL in brief.	
12.	Explain referencing a sequence with the example.	
~ ^		
Q-3	Funtain t linearchinal and Malatianal data madela in datail	[6]
(A)	Explain Hierarchical and Relational data models in detail.	[6] [4]
`(B)	List and explain types of relationships exist among entities in brief.	[+]
	<u>OR</u>	
Q-3		
(A)	List and explain Codd rules.	[6]
(B)	Draw and explain three level architecture of DBMS in brief.	[4]
Q-4		
(A)	Explain CREATE TABLE statement with syntax and example.	[5]
(B)	Explain INSERT statement with syntax and example.	[5]
	OB	-
Q-4	<u>OR</u>	
(A)	Explain ALTER statement with syntax and example.	[5]
(A) (B)	Explain UPDATE statement with syntax and example.	[5]
(6)	Explain of DATE statement with syntax and example.	r.1
Q-5		
(A)	Explain CHECK and NOT NULL constraint with syntax and suitable example	[6]
(B)	Explain ADD_MONTHS and MAX function with syntax and example.	[4]
	<u>OR</u>	
Q-5		
(A)	Explain PRIMARY KEY and DEFAULT constraint in detail with syntax and suitable	[6]
•	example.	- 411
(B)	Explain SUBSTR and POWER function with syntax and example.	[4]
		24.03
Q-6	List and explain different types of Joins with syntax and example.	[10]
	<u>OR</u>	
Q-6	What is Index? State benefits of Index. List and explain various types of indexes with	[10]
• •	syntax and example.	

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