Sardar Patel University No. of Printed Pages: 2.

FYBCA1st Semester(CBCS) Examination 2013

US01CBCA02:Computer Organization

| T | Time :2:30 p.m. to 5:30 p.m. Total Marks: 70 | |
|-----|---|---------|
| Q.1 | MCQ | [10] |
| 1 | Numbers are stored and transmitted inside a computer in | |
| | A. binary form B. ASCII code form | W II |
| | C. decimal form D. alphanumeric form | |
| 2 | The ALU and \mathbb{C} U are jointly known as | |
| | A. RAM B. ROM | |
| | C. CPU D. None of the above | |
| 3 | The digit F in Hexadecimal system is equivalent to in decimal system | |
| | A. 16 - B. 15 | |
| | C. 17 D. 8 | |
| 4 | ASCII equivalent of A is | |
| | A. 66 B. 67 | |
| | C. 68 D. 65 | |
| 5 | Extra bit added to a string of bits to detect errors is known as | |
| | A. Additional bit B. Correction bit | |
| | C. Parity bit D. updation bit | |
| 6 | Pipeline is referred as | |
| | A. SISD B. SIMD | |
| | C. MISD D. MIMD | |
| 7 | MIMD is | |
| 11 | A. Multiple Instruction Multiple Data B. Multiple Items Multiple Data | |
| | C. Multiple Instruction Multiple Database D. None of above | |
| 8 | Which one is a pointing device. | |
| | A. scanner B. keyboard | |
| | C. Mouse D. none of these | |
| • | | |
| 9 | Which one is the non-impact printer. | |
| | A. drum printer B. laser printer | |
| | C. character printer D. none of these | |
| 10 | Monitor is made up of | [P.T.O] |
| | A. CRT B. CPU | |
| | C. keyboard D. none of these | |
| | | |

| | Q.2 | Short questions (Attempt any 10) | [20] | |
|---|-----|--|------|---|
| | 1 | Define : Software with examples. | | |
| | 2 | List any four applications of computer. | | |
| | _3 | Explain octal number system. | | |
| | 4 | Explain 1's complement method with example. | | |
| | 5 | Explain signed magnitude method with example. | | |
| | _6 | List steps of Instruction Execution cycle. | | |
| | 0 | List stages of pipelining. | | |
| | 0 | Explain KAM. What do you mean by PC and IR? | | |
| | 10 | Explain inkiet printer in brief? | | |
| | 11 | What is Immediate addressing? | | |
| | 12 | Define stack addressing. | | |
| | Q.3 | a) Draw the Block diagram of Computer and explain its functions. | [5] | |
| * | | b) Explain hexadecimal number system with example. | [5] | 0 |
| | | OR | | 0 |
| | |) English 1st and 0 shares of a superstand | 573 | |
| | | a) Explain 1st and 2nd generations of computers. | [6] | |
| | | b) Explain onary addition and subtraction with example. | [4] | |
| | 04 | a) Explain UNICODE | [4] | |
| | Q.4 | b) Explain Hamming code method with example. | [6] | |
| | | OR | | |
| | | a) Draw the diagram of the organization of a simple computer. | [6] | |
| | | b) Define Excess notation with example. | [4] | |
| | Q.5 | Explain Hard disk with its diagram. Also explain advantages and disadvantages | [10] | |
| | | of it. | | |
| | | UR | | 0 |
| | | Explain CD with its advantages and disadvantages. | [10] | 0 |
| | 0.6 | a) Explain Scanner | [5] | |
| | 2.0 | b) Explain Keyboard with all kind of keys. | [5] | |
| | | OR | | |
| | | Differential lateral later | | |
| | | a) Differentiate between dot-matrix and laser printer. | [4] | |
| | | b) Explain any three Addressing Technique in detail with examples. | [6] | |
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