Sea [09]	It No SARD/ BBA (ISM) (III S	AR PATEL UNIVERSITY temester) Examination - 2	No. of printed pag	je: 02
_	UM03C	BBS08 - Cost Account	J16	
Tue	sday, 6 th December, 2016	2.00 pm - 4.00 pm	Total Mark	s: 60
Not	e: Figures to the right indicat	e full marks of the question		
Q.1				
(a)	What do you mean by Cost A Limitations of Cost Accounting	Accounting ? Discuss Advant	ages &	(10)
(b)	Write notes on : Elements of	Cost.		(05)
		OR		
Q.1	A firm manufactured and solo following information:	<i>:</i>	· 2015 and supplies	(15)
	Cost of materials Direct wages Manufacturing charges Salary Rent General expenses Selling expenses Sales	Rs. 160000 240000 100000 120000 20000 40000 60000		
1) 2) 3) 4) 5)	For the year 2016, it is esting The output and sales will be of Price of material will rise by 2 Wage rates will rise by 5%. Manufacturing charges will in of materials and wages. Selling expenses per unit will Other expenses will remain un Prepare a statement showing sold so as to show a profit of	of 1200 computers. 10%. Increase in proportion to the remain unchanged. In proportion to the remain unchanged. In affected by rise in output. In ag the price at which computers.		
Q.Ź	Write notes on: (i) Types of Materials (ii) Economic Order Quantity (iii) ABC Analysis	y OR		(15)
Q.2	A Company has 3 production departments X & Y. The fol records of the company for a	lowing information are extra	o service acted from the	(15)
	Rent and Rates Indirect wages General lighting Power Depreciation on machinery	Rs. 25000 7500 3000 7500 50000		

Additional data department wise:

	Total	Α	В	C .	Х	Υ
Direct wages	50000	15000	10000	15000	7500	2500
HP of machines used	150	60	30	- 50	10	_
Cost of machinery (Rs.)	1250000	300000	400000	500000	25000	25000
Production hours worked	<u>-</u>	6226	4028	4066	-	-
Floor space used	1,0000	2000	2500	3000	2000	500
Lighting points (Nos.)	60	10	15	20	10	5

Service Departments expenses allocation:

	Α	В	С	Х	Υ
Х	20%	30%	40%	-	10%
Υ	40%	20%	30%	10%	-

You are required to Compute the overhead rate of production departments using Repeated distribution method.

Q.3 Why it is necessary to reconcile the profits as shown by the cost and financial accounts? Discuss various causes for such differences.

OR

Q.3 The following figures have been extracted from the financial accounts of a manufacturing firm: (15)

Rs.
500000
300000
160000
70000
96000
8000
4000
1000
10000
2000
1200000
i
32000
24000

The cost accounts for the same period reveal that the direct material consumption was Rs. 560000. Factory overhead is recovered at 20% on prime cost. Administration overhead is recovered at Rs. 6 per unit of production. Selling and distribution overheads are recovered at Rs. 8 per unit sold.

Prepare Profit and Loss Accounts. Statement of Cost sheet and reconcile the profit as per two records.

Q.4

- (a) Define Cost Audit. Discuss various objectives and types of Cost Audit. (10)
- (b) Differentiate Financial Audit and Cost Audit. (05)

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- Q.4 Write notes on: (15)
- (i) Appointment & Qualification of Cost Auditor
- (ii) Duties and Responsibilities of Cost Auditor

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