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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

Mb

FIRST YEAR (2ND SEMESTER - CBCS) BBA(ITM) EXAMINATION UM02CBBI05/II-SYSTEM ANALYSIS & DESIGN

		uesday, 26 th April 2011 No of Pages: 02	
Time	1:	To 6 PM Max. Marks: 60	_
	,	(a re) (System Survey is similar to (in SOLC,	[OE]
Q.1	[A]	1. The maximum no of interfaces in a system is n(n-1)/2 for	[05]
		having n subsystems. – True/False	
		2 unifies and integrates the activities of the components.	
		3 is the activity that makes possible the transformation of	
		input to output. 22 to assess a second secon	1,
2	h. 36.	4. System Analysis is the brain for	
	1	5. System analyst job does not consist of Gathering Facts about	
		existing Information System. – True/False	FAET
	[B]	List and describe different CONCEPTS of the system.	[05]
	[C]	Explain Different type of System.	[05]
,		elava effil mere e e e OR	
Q.1	ГАТ	1. The exists at lowest level.	[05]
	15	2. The relationship exists among the components and defines the	
		boundary between a system and its environment is called as	
		eziglouni	
		3. The interconnection and interactions between the subsystems	
		are termed as interfaces.— True/False	
		4. There are and negative feedbacks.	
-1,		5. To carry out his duty, an analyst should know and	
	rn1	computing. What do you mean by System Analyst? Explain Different role of System	[05]
	[B]		[aa]
	res	analyst	[05]
	[C]	What is System? Explain different elements of system.	[00]
0.2	[A]	1. SDLC stands for	[05]
000	PrM	2. First three stages of SDLC are known as	
		3. Problem can come to notice by internal and external	
		environments.— True/False	
		4. Feasibility study need to existing system.	
		5. System Analysis is of problem.	•
	rol		[02]
	[B]	The second secon	[08]
	[C]		[00]
		OR	[05]
Q.2	[A]	 CASE stands for Last three stages of SDLC are known as 	Fog.
		2. Last three stages of SDLC are known as	
		3. Problem of Reliability means reports contains misleading	v
		information.— True/False	
		4. ROI = (Net Earnings /).	
		E System Decign is of problem	

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Q.2		Give the difference between System Analysis & System Design What is SDLC? Explain Problem Identification in Detail.	[02] [08]
Q.3	[A]	1 System Survey is similar to in SDLC	[05]
Q.S	[A]	1. System Survey is similar to in SDLC. 2. SSADM stands for	[03]
		3. Cost consist of One-time Cost & Recurring Cost.— True/False	
		4. There are type of walkthrough.	
		5. maintenance rectifies bugs/errors.	
	[B]	What is SSADM? What is the need of SSADM?	[05]
	[C]	Discuss "Structure Analysis"	[05]
0.3	LVI	OR 1. Structure Analysis uses only DFD's to represent the system.—	[05]
Q.3	[A]	True/False	[co]
		2. Structure Design is based methodology.	
i.		3 is last stage in system life cycle.	
		4 maintenance done continuously to perfect the	
		en l'eb esystem. De la	
		5. Standardization & Modularization are advantage of SSADM.—	
	[D]	True/False What is SSADM? What are the advantages of SSADM?	[OE]
	[B] [B]	Discuss "Structure Design"	[05] [05]
	[-1	axioacide periode and a construction of a constr	[oo]
Q.4	[A]	1. checks are applied on various fields of file.	[05]
		2. The DFD that show "what is going on" is known as	
		may be used as supplement of Interview.	
		4. Written policy manuals are not part of Record Review.— True/False	
		5. Questionnaires are also useful for gathering data.	
	[B]	What is Data Capture? Explain the basic steps for Data Capture.	[05]
	[C]	Draw different level DFD for "Payroll System"	[05]
		OR STATE OF THE ST	
Q.4	[A]		[05]
		2. DFD stands for	*
		3. is used to collect information from individuals or groups.	
		4. Observation can look for interruption in normal procedure.—	
		True/False	
		5. questionnaires are having fix response.	
		What is Questionnaires? Explain	[05]
	ICI	Draw different level DFD for "Railway Reservation System"	[05]

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