

Total Marks: $\mathbf{6 0}$
Note: Graph paper will be provided on a request
Q. 1 A. Write difference between primary and secondary data. Write methods of collecting primary data.
B. Find mean, median and mode for the following data:

| Class | $0-9$ | $10-19$ | $20-29$ | $30-39$ | $40-49$ | $50-59$ | $60-69$ | $70-79$ | $80-89$ | $90-99$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| f | 3 | 4 | 12 | 33 | 69 | 92 | 50 | 25 | 11 | 1 |

C. Calculate S.D. and Coefficient of variation from data given below:

| Class | $0-5$ | $5-10$ | $10-15$ | $15-20$ | $20-25$ | $25-30$ | $30-35$ | $35-40$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| f | 14 | 26 | 32 | 45 | 39 | 12 | 9 | 2 |

## OR

Q1 A. Define statistics. Discuss in brief the scope of statistics.
B. In the frequency distribution of 100 families given below.

Whose median is known to be 50 . Find the missing frequency then find mode.

| Expenditure | $0-20$ | $20-40$ | $40-60$ | $60-80$ | $80-100$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of <br> families | 14 | $?$ | 27 | $?$ | 15 |

C. Find Quartile Deviation, M.D. about mean, for the following distribution.

| Class | $4-8$ | $8-12$ | $12-16$ | $16-20$ | $20-24$ | $24-28$ | $28-32$ | $32-36$ | $36-40$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| f | 5 | 8 | 18 | 25 | 15 | 12 | 10 | 5 | 2 |

Q. 2 A. Define LPP. Write applications of LPP.
B. Solve the following LPP by graphical method.
$\operatorname{Min} Z=x+y$
Sub. to $5 x+10 y \leq 50$

$$
\begin{aligned}
x+y & \geq 2 \\
y & \leq 4 \\
x, y & \geq 0
\end{aligned}
$$

C. A firm manufactures three products A, B \& C. The profits per unit are Rs. 3, Rs. 2 \& Rs. 4 respectively. The firm has 2 machines $\mathrm{G} \& \mathrm{H}$ and given below is the required processing time for each machine on each product.

| Machine | Products |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | C |
| G | 4 | 3 | 5 |
| H | 3 | 2 | 4 |

Machine G \& H have 2000 \& 2500 machine minutes respectively. The firm must manufacture 100 A 's, 200 B 's \& 50 C 's bu not more than 150 A's. Formulate the above problem as LPP.
Q. 2 A. Discuss various scope of LPP.

Maximize $\mathrm{Z}=5 \mathrm{x}_{1}+7 \mathrm{x}_{2}$
Subject to $4 \mathrm{x}_{1}+5 \mathrm{x}_{2} \leq 200$
$3 \mathrm{x}_{1}+5 \mathrm{x}_{2} \leq 180$
$2 x_{1}+3 x_{2} \leq 165$
$\mathrm{x}_{1}, \mathrm{x}_{2} \geq 0$
C. Solve the following Linear Programming pmblem by graphical method.

Minimize $Z=10 x+5 y$
Subject to $3 x+5 y \leq 150$
$5 x+4 y \geq 100$
$0 \leq x \leq 30$
$0 \leq y \leq 15$
where $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y} \geq 0$

Q. 3 A. What is Transportation Problem? Also derive the mathematical form of T.P.
B. Solve the following Transportation Problemfoy VAM:

|  | $\mathrm{M}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{M}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{M}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{M}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{M}_{5}$ | Supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{F}_{1}$ | 4 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 8 |
| $\mathrm{~F}_{2}$ | 5 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 12 |
| $\mathrm{~F}_{3}$ | 6 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 14 |
| Demand | 8 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 8 |  |

C. Solve the following Assignment Problem to maximize the total profit (in Rs.):

|  | $\mathrm{D}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{D}_{2} \frac{\mathrm{D}_{3}}{}$ | $\mathrm{D}_{4}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $\mathrm{O}_{1}$ | 3 | 4 | 11 | 9 |
| $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ | 5 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ | 5 | 6 | 6 | 7 |
| $\mathrm{O}_{4}$ | 4 | 6 | 8 | 8 |

Q. 3 A. Solve the following Transportation Problem by (i) North West Corner Method \&
(ii) Matrix Minima Method:

|  | $\mathrm{D}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{D}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{D}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{D}_{4}$ | Supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O}_{1}$ | 42 | 48 | 38 | 37 | 140 |
| $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ | 40 | 49 | 52 | 51 | 130 |
| $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ | 39 | 38 | 40 | 43 | 170 |
| Demand | 80 | 90 | 110 | 160 |  |

B. Solve the following minimal assignment problem:

|  |  | Job |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Man | A | 8 | 4 | 2 | 6 | 1 |
|  | B | 0 | 9 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
|  | C | 3 | 8 | 9 | 2 | 6 |
|  | D | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
|  | E | 9 | 5 | 8 | 9 | 5 |

Q. 4 A. Define Time Series. Explain components of Time Series Analysis.
B. Find Trend by 3 yearly moving averages. Also find short time variations.

| Year | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prod. | 111 | 113 | 115 | 114 | 116 | 118 |
| Year | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 |
| Prod. | 111 | 125 | 127 | 132 | 140 | 143 |

C. Compute the seasonal index for the following data:

| Year | Quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV |
| 1990 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.6 |
| 1991 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 4.8 |
| 1992 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 4.0 |
| 1993 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 4.5 |
| 1994 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.5 |
| 1995 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.7 |

OR
Q. 4 A. What is analysis of time series? Write application of time series.
B. Calculate the trend values by the method of moving average, assuming a four yearly cycle from the following data:

| Year | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| t | 37.4 | 31.1 | 38.7 | 39.5 | 47.9 | 42.6 | 48.4 | 64.6 | 58.4 | 38.6 |

C. Compute seasonal indices applying simple average method for following data.

| Year | Summer | Monsoon | Winter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 112 | 110 | 115 |
| 1982 | 80 | 145 | 90 |
| 1983 | 95 | 100 | 80 |
| 1984 | 110 | 90 | 110 |
| 1985 | 85 | 110 | 85 |

