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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY FYBBA (I Semester) Examination Friday, 15 June 2012 11am - 1pm UM01CBBS07 - BUSINESS MATHEMATICS

	Total Mark	xs :60
Q.1		
(a)	If $A = (-3, -2, 2, 0)$ and	[04]
	b = (3,2,-2,0) then find	
	(1) AXB (2) AUB (3) A B (4) A-B	
(b)	State the associative and distributive law for three sets A,B,C and verify them	[06]
	by taking	
	A= $(1,2,5,6,8)$, B = $(2,4,6,10,11)$ and C= $(1,2,3,5,6,11,12)$	
(c)	Prove that $\sqrt{2}$ and is an irrational number.	[05]
	OR	
Q.1		
(a)	Express	
	1. 0.1666 in to a quotient furm.	[03]
	2. $\leq /x-31 < 2$ in the furm of an interval.	[03]
(b)	Define the terms with example	[06]
	1. Subset 2. Singleton set 3. Null set 4. Universe for the formation of the set 5. Difference of the set 6. Complement of a Set	
(a)	4. Union of two sets 5. Difference of two sets 6. Complement of a Set. If $A = (1, 2)$ and $B = (2, 4)$ then find AVB and $B_{\rm W}A$	
(c)	If $A = (1,2)$ and $B = (3,4)$ then find AXB and BxA.	
Q.2		
(a)	Write the properties of Determiant.	[04]
(u) (b)	while the properties of Determant.	[04]
(0)	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	[00]
	If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	
	then find $AB + B^{-1} A^{-1}$	
(c)		[05]
	$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$	[00]
	If $A = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$ 3 -1	
	If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 5 \\ 3 & -1 \\ 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	
	and $C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ then find	
	and C = $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -1 & -5 \\ 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ then find	
	1. A+B 2. A+B+C 3. 3A-2B+2C	

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Q.2									
(a)	Find the value of K [0:								
	1	2	5		16	8	26		
	If 2	Κ	0	=	6	3	7		
	7	14	9		2	1	26 7 4		
(b)	Solve th	e follov	ving equ	ations	oy crai	mer's ru	le.		[05]
	3x+4y =	= бху							
	2x + 5y =	•							
(c)								[05]	
	2x+y = 4								
0.2	5x+3y =	: 9							
Q.3		.0.1 1			D(2	•	X (X 1)		50.43
(a)								[04]	
(b)		-		-	-	rough t	he points	(-1,2) and (5,-3). Find	[05]
(c)	its slope		-			interco	ction of	the lines X+2y-1=0 and	[06]
(C)	-		-	-				-	[06]
	2X+3Y-4=0 and it makes equal intercepts on both the axes. Find the equation of a line and its slope.								
			1			OR			
Q.3									
(a)	Find the	equation	on of a li	ine pass	es thr	ough th	e point of	f intersection of	[05]
	5X+Y+4	4=0 and	l 2X+3Y	Z-1=0 a	nd is p	berpend	icular to 2	2X-Y-8=0	[]
(b)	Determi	-			-				[06]
	1. 3Kx+	•	-		gh the	point (-	-1,4)		
	2. 4x-ky		-						
(c)	Let P (1 perpend			-	en poi	int. Find	the slop	be of a line which is	[04]
0.4									

OR

Q.4

(a) Evaluate

1.	lim	$x^{3}-1$	[03]
	$x \rightarrow 1$	$\overline{\mathbf{x}^2 - 1}$	

2.
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{1-x}{1-\sqrt{x}}$$
 [03]

3.
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + x - 3 - xc}}{x - 2}$$
 [05]

[04]

(b) Write the rules for limit.

OR

Q.4

(a) Evaluate

1.
$$\lim_{x \to 20} \frac{1^2 + 2^2 + \dots + n^2}{2n3}$$
 [03]
2.
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{2^{5x} - 5^{2x}}{2^{2x} - 2^{3x}}$$
 [03]
(b) If $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ then

Find lim $x \rightarrow 3 \begin{bmatrix} f(1/x) + f(-x) \end{bmatrix}$ [05]