

(127)

SEAT No. _____

No. of Printed Pages : 2

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

T.Y.B.A. (FIFTH SEMESTER) (Advanced) (CBCS) EXAMINATION 2018

Monday, 29th October, 2018

Time: 2.00 to 4.00 p.m.

UA05EES01: Psychopathology-I

Total Marks: 60

Q.1 Multiple Choice Questions. (Each carries one mark) (15)

1. In Freud's theory of psychosexual development, at which stage does the Oedipal complex occur?
a.Oral stage b.Anal stage c.Phallic stage d.Genital stage
2. Carl roger's personality theory falls in the regime of
a.Sociocultural b.Behavioral c.Humanistic d.Cognitive
3. Irrational acts a person feels driven to repeat are called _____. They help control anxiety caused by _____.
a. Obsessions; compulsions b. Compulsions; obsessions
c. Compulsions; defense mechanisms d. Defense mechanisms; obsessions
4. False beliefs that are held even when the facts contradict them are called
a. Fantasies b. Hallucinations c. Illusions. d. Delusions.
5. What anxiety disorder is defined as an "irrational fear"?
a. Panic Disorder b. Phobia
c. Obsessive Compulsive Disorder (OCD) d. Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder
6. Anxiety disorder, mood disorder, oppositional defiant disorder, conduct disorder, and schizophrenia are all types of which of the following?
a. Behavioral or emotional disorder b. Juvenile delinquency
c. Learning disability d. Mental retardation
7. According to Freud, the _____ mind includes accessible memories, which can be recalled at will.
a. Conscious b. Preconscious
c. Unconscious d. Psychic determinism
8. Psychological disorders were only added to the international list of causes of death (ICD) in 1932. This was done by
a. The American Psychiatric Association (APA)
b. The World Health Organization (WHO)
c. The National Health Service (NHS)
d. The Ministry of Health (MOH)
9. The defense mechanism known as _____ involves attributing one's own undesirable feelings to other people.
a. Regression b. Rationalization c. Projection d. Displacement
10. Radhika believes that she has supernatural power of the Goddess. She is having.
a. Depressive delusions b. Delusions of grandeur.
c. Delusions of reference. d. Delusions of persecution.

(1)

(C.P.T.O.)

11. A trait is best described as
 a. A cluster of surface factors.
 b. A temporary attitude toward a person or event.
 c. A relatively permanent disposition of a person.
 d. An environmentally determined hypothetical construct that shapes an individual's behavior and thought.
12. When the individual is be unable to recognize everyday objects and name them correctly, this is known as
 a. Prosopagnosia b. Anomia c. Agnosia d. Aphosonomia
13. Conversion disorder and hypochondriasis are classified as
 a. Physio-mental disorders b. Somatoform disorders
 c. Somatization disorders. d. Generalized anxiety.
14. What is Id?
 a. Part of the psyche that controls impulses
 b. Part of the psyche that reduces anxiety.
 c. A description of innate instinctual needs.
 d. Part of the psyche that controls our morals.
15. Each of the following disorders involves unexplainable medical symptoms except:
 a. Hypochondriasis b. Somatization disorder
 c. Somatoform pain disorder d. Conversion disorder

Q.2. Describe delusion and hallucination in detail with their types. 15
 Or

Q.2. Explain memory disorders in detail.

Q.3 Explain criteria of abnormality. 15
 Or

Q.3. Describe somatoform disorders.

Q.4. Write ant two Short Notes of the following 15

1. Psychosexual stages of development
2. PTSD and OCD
3. Symptoms of Emotional Disorder
4. Defense Mechanism

---X---X---X---

②