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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY  
FYBA (ADVANCED) (SECOND SEMESTER) (CBCS) EXAMINATION 2016  
Wednesday, 6<sup>th</sup> April, 2016  
10.30 To 12.30 p.m.  
UA02EES02: Social Psychology – II

Total Marks: 60

Q.1. Multiple choice questions. (Each carry one Mark)

15 Marks

1. Leadership is the ability to:
  - a. Influence others.
  - b. Motivate others.
  - c. Enable others to contribute towards the effectiveness and success of the organization.
  - d. All of the above
2. Instrumental aggression often involves Systematic thinking about the situation.
  - a. True
  - b. False
3. The idea of catharsis is related to
  - a. Leadership Quality
  - b. Group polarization
  - c. Prevention of Aggression
  - d. None of these
- 4 The extent to which members of a group are bound together is
  - a. Unity
  - b. Harmony
  - c. Cohesiveness
  - d. Agreement.
5. Which of the statements is NOT true? Aggression is a technique to get:
  - a. Respect
  - b. Control of others
  - c. Connectedness to others
  - d. Material resources
6. Presence of others may interfere with performance due to social facilitation:
  - a. True
  - b. False
7. A way to resolve conflicts is:
  - a. Cooperation
  - b. Altering perceptions and situational cues
  - c. Creating super ordinate goals
  - d. All of these
8. Fiedler's leadership model suggests that the best style depends on the level of:
  - a. Environmental control.
  - b. Organizational structure.
  - c. Situational control.
  - d. Participation desire.
9. Which leadership theory suggests that effective leaders vary their style with the "readiness" of followers?
  - a. Situational leadership theory
  - b. Path-goal theory
  - c. Servant leadership
  - d. Competency perspective
10. The ability to learn by observing a model or receiving instructions, without reinforcement, is called \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Instrumental learning
  - b. Contingency
  - c. Social learning
  - d. Cognitive learning
11. Group tension comes in two types. They are:
  - a. Internal and external
  - b. Interpersonal and intrapersonal
  - c. Primary and secondary
  - d. Group and environmental

12. Each of these is one of the seven competency characteristics of effective leaders, EXCEPT:
- a. Drive.
  - b. Intelligence.
  - c. Self-confidence.
  - d. Authority
13. Which of the following terms refers to the extent to which couples are content and fulfilled in their relationships?
- a. Marital success
  - b. Marital satisfaction
  - c. Commitment
  - d. Unconditional reinforcement
14. The Degree of attraction among group members relates to the dimension of \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Compatibility
  - b. Cohesiveness
  - c. Structure
  - d. Conformity
15. Aggression is different from assertiveness in the sense that
- a. Aggression is accidental and unintended.
  - b. Assertiveness follows aggression.
  - c. Aggression happens by chance.
  - d. Aggression is purposeful and meant to hurt someone else.

Q.2. A. Social loafing  
B. Social Facilitation

15 Marks

OR

Q.2 what is aggression? Discuss in detail the Social causes of aggressive behavior.

Q.3.What is leadership? Explain characteristics and types of leadership.

15 Marks

OR

Q.3.Describe moving towards marriage and marital adjustment among family life cycle in detail

Q.4 Write Short Notes. (Any Two)

15 Marks

- A. Five methods of controlling aggressive behavior
- B. Marital adjustment among family life cycle
- C. Decision making in group
- D. Situational causes of aggression

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