

SEAT No. _____

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SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY
T.Y.B.A. (FIFTH SEMESTER)(Advanced) (CBCS) EXAMINATION 2020

Tuesday, 29th December 2020

Time: 10.00 to 12.00 a.m.

UA05CEPS23: Developmental Psychology-I

Total Marks: 60

Q.1 Multiple Choice Questions. (each carry one mark)

(20)

1. Which of these factors would not be a contributor in the nature side of the nature-nurture debate?
A. Culture B. Physiology C. Genes D. Neurotransmitters
2. The correct sequence is.....
A. zygote- embryo-fetus B. embryo-fetus-zygote
C. zygote-fetus-embryo D. embryo-zygote-fetus
3. Development proceeds fromto.....
A. Direct, indirect B. Generality, Specificity C. Head feet D. All
4. Primary emotions appear:
A. Soon after birth B. Within the first 6 months
C. Within the first 12 months D. By 3 years old
5. The first step in prenatal development is
A. Conception B. Menstrual Cycle C. Fallopian tube D. Zygote
6. In APGAR score 'R' stands for.....
A. Response B. Relation C. Reality D. Respiration
7. The movement of neurons to specialized regions of the brain is called
A. neuronal migration B. neuronal movement
C. Neuronal function D. Neural formation
8. If the APGAR score is zero- 0 what does it mean
A. Baby needs medical assistance B. Baby is healthy
C. Baby is dead D. None of this
9. An empathic response can first be elicited in the infant at:
A. Birth B. 6 months C. 2 years D. 4 years
10. Middle Adulthood / Middle Age extends from approximately ____ to ____ years
A. 30-40 B. 40-60 C. 25-35 D. 45-55
11.is the first stage of development.
A. infancy B. Early growth C. Early childhood D. All
12. Which of the following points is NOT a theme in developmental psychology?
A. Continuity versus discontinuity in change
B. Social construction of the infant
C. Critical versus sensitive periods of development
D. The influence of nature versus nurture
13. Adolescent stage starts at the age of.....year
A. 13 B. 14 C. 15 D. 12
14. XXY is called
A. Ultra Male B. Super Male C. Ultra Female D. Klinefelter syndrome

15.is single cell formed from separate sperm and egg cells at conception.
 A. Zygote B. Womb C. Sperm D. All of Above
16. Development is.....process.
 A. Live B. Continuous C. Scientific D. Psychological
17.is not the principal of development.
 A. regularity B. Continuity C. Sequentially D. Generality to specificity
18. After conception zygote leads to
 A. Implantation B. Organogenesis C. Spermatogenesis D. Septogenesis
19.can help to see the fetus development
 A. Ultrasound B. Sonography C. X-Ray D. CT Scan
20.is chromosomal error
 A. Down syndrome B. Sex determination C. Depression D. XY

Q.2 Explain concept and principles of development in detail.

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OR

Q.2 discuss the stages of prenatal development.

Q.3 Write Short notes (any Five)

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- A. Physical development in early childhood stage.
- B. Difference between growth and development
- C. stages of development from young adulthood to aged adulthood
- D. common unfavourable attitudes towards unborn child
- E. Chromosomal Errors in Prenatal development
- F. the APGAR Score system
- G. effects of drug teratogens on prenatal development
- H. common skills of babyhood
- I. physical hazards during prenatal development
- J. environmental factors influencing early childhood development

*****X*****