[12]

Q.1

SARDAR PATEL UNIVERSITY

External Examination

B.C.A. III Semester (NC) September-2022 US03CBCA03: Advanced Data and File Structures Saturday, 24/09/2022



[10]

Time: 12:30 P.M. to 02:30 P.M.

| TV H CR ALS IV H CL S RAND / U | Max. | Marks | -70 |
|--------------------------------|------|-------|-----|
|--------------------------------|------|-------|-----|

| | Multi | iple Choice Questions. | 4 | | |
|------|---|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| i. | The number of elements in an array is called the of the array. | | | | |
| | (A) | | (B) | Base | - |
| | (c) | Type | | None of these | |
| ii. | An ar | ray is a d | ata structure. | | |
| | | Unordered | (B) | Non-composite | |
| | (C) | Linear | (D) | | • |
| iii. | The n | ode which is at the end an | d which does n | ot have any child is called | |
| | (A) | Branch | (B) | | |
| | (C) | Parent | | None of these | |
| iv. | Minin | num number of nodes pos | sible in a binar | y tree of height h is | |
| | (A) | h | (B) | h-1 | |
| | | 2 ^ h | (D) | h+1 | |
| ٧. | A dire | ected edge is known as | | | |
| | (A) | Segment | (B) | - | |
| | (C) | Arc | (D) | | |
| VI. | The n | number of edges connected | d with vertex V | i is called theof ve | rtex V1. |
| | (A) | Isolated | (B) | Path | |
| | (C) | Length | (D) | Degree | |
| vii | vii The best case performance of the bubble sort is comparisons | | | | 5. |
| | (A) | n+1 | (B) | | |
| | (C) | n-1 | (D) | | |
| Viii | | | | | |
| | | Searching | (B) | | |
| | (C) | Deletion | (D) | None of these | |
| İX | | | entifies a record | l in a file is called a | |
| | (A) | Key | | Sequence Key | • |
| | (C) | Item | | None of these | ei on |
| X. | | | evice support a | file organizat | JUII. |
| | (A) | Direct | ` ' | Index Sequential | |
| ٠. | * (C) | Sequential | (D) | None of these | |

| Q-2 | | Fill In The Blanks And True/False. | [08] |
|-----|-----|---|------|
| | 1) | | լսօլ |
| | 2) | A node whose indegree is 0 is called | |
| | 3) | technique requires an ordered table to search a particular record in the table. | |
| | 4) | IBM stands for | ÷ |
| | 5) | Index is also known as Subscript.[True/False] | |
| | 6) | Graph contains maximum possible number of nodes in all level. [True/False] | |
| | 7) | Searching is the operation of arranging the records of a table into some sequential | |
| | • | order according to an ordering criterion. [True/False] | |
| | 8) | The collection of files is known as Database. [True/False] | |
| Q.3 | | Short Questions. (Attempt Any Ten Questions) | [20] |
| | 1) | What is an array? | [20] |
| | 2) | List out applications of an array. | |
| | 3) | Define tree with an example. | |
| | 4) | What do you mean by Graph? | |
| 1 | 5) | What is loop and cycle of a Graph? | |
| | 6) | What are the types for representing Binary tree? | |
| | 7) | Define sorting. Also list the sorting techniques. | |
| | 8) | Define Sequential Search. | |
| | 9) | List the applications of Searching. | |
| | 10) | Define Bucket Capacity. | |
| | 11) | What is File organization? List out different types of file organization. | |
| | 12) | Define File and Database. | |
| Q.4 | | Long Questions. (Attempt Any Four Questions) | [32] |
| | 1) | Explain the representation of 1-D array in the memory. | |
| | 2) | Explain 2-D array with declaration and initialization. | |
| | 3) | What are the types of traversal of Binary tree? Explain any two with an example. | |
| | 4) | What is Binary tree? Draw a binary tree for the expression A*B-(C+D)*(P/Q). | |
| | 5) | Write down the algorithm of Merge sort. | |
| | 6) | What is searching? List and explain searching techniques with algorithms. | |
| | 7) | Explain in detail the structure of Sequential File. | |
| | 8) | Write a detail note on structure of Direct files. | |
